

DRAFT Intended Use Plan

for Federal Fiscal Year 2022

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Prepared by The Water Investment Division



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1. Executive Summary

Vermont sends to the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), as part of its annual application for Drinking Water Capitalization Grants under the Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA), a Drinking Water Intended Use Plan (DWIUP) to meet the requirements of the Act and the Drinking Water Capitalization Grant Agreements. This DWIUP covers the FFY 2022 General Grant, and the supplemental General, Lead Service Line, and Emerging Contaminants grants, created by the Bipartisan Infrastructure Law of 2021.

Drinking Water SRF (DWSRF) money can be used for a wide variety of activities, including public water system infrastructure improvements, source water protection, and water system management enhancements.

SDWA requires that each state prepare an Intended Use Plan (IUP) every fiscal year that details how the DWSRF money will be used. Once the IUP has undergone public comment, it is submitted along with other supporting documents to the regional EPA office. These documents comprise the capitalization grant request for the DWSRF. While a variety of state agencies are involved in the process, the Water Investment Division (WID) of the Department of Environmental Conservation (DEC) is responsible for preparing and submitting these documents. WID and the Drinking Water and Groundwater Protection Division (DWGPD) share responsibility for implementation of the policies that are followed as part of the DWSRF, including the assurances and certifications contained in the capitalization grant request.

1.1. Bipartisan Infrastructure Law (BIL), BABA

The Bipartisan Infrastructure Law (BIL), also known as the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act (IIJA), passed November 15, 2021, provides three new, additional, DWSRF grants: the General Supplemental, Lead Service Lines, and the Emerging Contaminants grants. These BIL grants will continue annually over the next five years. In addition to providing additional funding for Vermont, these grants include significant requirements related to ensuring that Disadvantaged Communities benefit from the new funds, including a requirement for 49% of General Supplemental funds to be provided in the form of loan forgiveness.

The BIL expanded domestic sourcing requirements with the inclusion of the Build America, Buy America Act (BABA). For all projects receiving funding based on federal awards made to the State on or after May 14, 2022, all steel, iron, manufactured products, non-ferrous metals, plastic and polymer-based products (including polyvinylchloride, composite building materials, and polymers used in fiber optic cables), glass (including optic glass), lumber, and drywall used in infrastructure projects for federal financial assistance programs must be produced in the United States.

2. DWSRF Mission and Program Goals

2.1. Mission of Vermont DWSRF:

To ensure the fund operates in perpetuity and provides continuing financial assistance to Vermont municipalities and eligible private entities for drinking water project needs, and to effectively align the DWSRF with other state and federal funding sources to support drinking water projects.

2.2. Long Term Goals

- 1. Through effective management, provide a self-sustaining funding program that will assist public water systems in achieving compliance with the SDWA, maintaining the public health objectives of the SDWA, and ensuring the public has safe drinking water.
- 2. Implement the Bipartisan Infrastructure Law's goal of increasing investment in disadvantaged communities by ensuring subsidy (loan principal forgiveness) is directed to communities meeting the SRF Program's affordability criteria, and by engaging in a multi-year sustained effort to increase our capacity to target assistance to disadvantaged communities.
- 3. Provide funding assistance to eligible public water systems for eligible projects associated with the improvement and maintenance of water treatment, storage and distribution facilities, and for consolidation or interconnection of water systems to improve service or develop capacity.
- 4. Use set-asides to improve source water protection and assessment efforts by providing technical and financial assistance.
- 5. Continue to update, develop, and implement administrative rules and guidance to carry out the DWSRF program.
- 6. Continue to update, develop, and implement the capacity development strategy for existing systems.
- 7. Continue providing operator training by DWGPD staff and through grants and/or contracts with third-party technical assistance providers.

2.3. Short Term Goals

- 1. Secure the State's latest available capitalization grant to finance improvements for public water systems.
- 2. Administer a DWSRF program for projects that have been determined to be the highest priority through the priority list and IUP to address contamination issues that pose the most serious risk to human health and to ensure compliance with the SDWA requirements and maintain and/or improve water quality.
- 3. Provide timely assistance to public community and NTNC water systems to complete required Lead Service Line inventories.

- 4. Ensure that at least 15% of the DWSRF Project Fund provides loans to municipally-owned and privately-owned non-profit public water systems with populations of fewer than 10,000 people.
- 5. Provide support to small systems to conduct feasibility studies, preliminary engineering, and final designs for water system improvements as well as promotion of capacity development for disadvantaged and small systems that do not have adequate technical, managerial, or financial resources to come into or maintain compliance, and to provide safe drinking water.
- 6. Provide loans to municipalities for purchasing land or conservation easements in order to protect public water sources and ensure compliance with drinking water regulations through the Vermont Source Water Protection Program.
- 7. Coordinate DWSRF activities with enforcement activities of the State and EPA.
- 8. Continue implementation of the statewide strategy to improve capacity for existing public water systems and ensure capacity for new public water systems.
- 9. Use DWSRF set-aside funding to provide the additional resources required to manage the Vermont Drinking Water Program.
- 10. Expend all federal funds within two years of grant award.
- 11. Engage communities and other stakeholders in an evaluation of the Department's criteria for Disadvantaged Communities and Priority Ranking Criteria to increase investment to disadvantaged communities.

3. American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) Grant Eligibility

ARPA grant awards are not SRF funds. The Department uses the Intended Use Plan to identify ARPA grant award eligibility criteria and use the Project Priority List to rank eligible projects. The Village Wastewater and Drinking Water ARPA Grant, described below, applies to both wastewater and drinking water projects, and as such is included in both the Clean Water and Drinking Water Intended Use Plans.

3.1. State Village Wastewater and Drinking Water ARPA Grant Eligibility

Villages form the heart of Vermont's rural communities, yet more than 200 villages lack community wastewater disposal systems, hampering revitalization. More than 100 Vermont villages do not have a public municipal water system. While many communities have explored municipal water and wastewater solutions in the past, most could not proceed with the projects because users could not afford the new rates needed to cover the cost of the project.

However, \$36.2 million in ARPA funding is now available to help municipalities develop new public drinking water systems and community wastewater disposal systems where this critical infrastructure is lacking. This grant funding is intended to help bridge the affordability

gap, protect public health, increase affordable housing, support economic development, and incentivize compact growth in Vermont's designated villages and neighborhoods.

These ARPA funds will be used in a "co-funding" model with the State Revolving Loan Funds, USDA -Rural Development support, and/or locally available funding. Co-funding means that ARPA funding will be used to complement other funding sources to achieve affordability. The assistance will be primarily in the form of grants for planning, design, land purchase, or construction of active as-of-yet completed projects.

The funding goal is to support up to 10 decentralized community wastewater solutions and/or public municipal water systems. Projects in designated villages centers and designated neighborhoods, as ranked by the Priority System of the relevant Clean Water and Drinking Water State Revolving Funds Intended Use Plan (IUP) and which propose projects consistent with the funding bill appropriation language are eligible for funding. Vermont's Village Wastewater Initiative team will contact eligible municipalities to provide more information about this funding opportunity.

Projects on the PPL in the fundable range will be contacted for a Project Cost Summary for a formal line by line eligibility determination of project elements. Projects are encouraged to seek co-funding from CWSRF, DWSRF, and other funders where applicable. Only eligible project costs can receive awards. Where a project's eligible costs under this grant are less than the amount of funds reserved on the PPL, any excess funds shall pass to the next ranked community. See the Village ARPA PPL at the end of this document.

No Village ARPA grant will be for 100% of the capital cost of the project as suggested by the funding list. Notably, the users of each new utility will be anticipated to be paying a utility bill with a rate that is in the affordable range of 1%-2% of Median Household Income for the Service Area. Village ARPA Grants are also limited to 90% of the capital costs, though for projects in service areas with an MHI below the statewide average MHI, the 10% cost share may be prorated by the percentage of local MHI to the statewide average MHI. No SFY 23 ARPA grant may exceed: \$3.9M.

3.1.1. State ARPA Village Wastewater and Drinking Water Grant Allocation

The information below provides preliminary notification of proposed American Rescue Plan Act award amounts, for municipalities seeking support for Village Wastewater and Water. Municipalities should note that these values are subject to approval by the Vermont Agency of Administration pursuant to the Vermont's State Fiscal Recovery Process and Guidance. The intent of the Water Investment Division is to confirm these award values with Agency of Administration upon issuance of this Draft Intended Use Plan.

ARPA Village Wastewater and Drinking Water Table

			Awards in Process ARPA SFY	1		
PPL Poin	Project Name	Reported ARPA Need	22	Potential ARPA SFY 23	SFY 24	SFY 25
81	Town of Montgomery Center & Village New Wastewater Facility	\$507,107.00	\$ 507,107	\$ 2,217,000.00		
77	South Londonderry Village Community Wastewater System	\$4,875,000.00	\$ 41,000	\$ 3,968,331.45		
68	Grafton Village Wastewater Project	\$6,560,246.00	\$ -	\$ 3,968,331.45		
68	Greensboro Village Wastewater	\$8,125,000.00	\$ -	\$ 3,968,331.45	Х	
64	North Londonderry Village Community Wastewater System	\$4,875,000.00	\$ 41,000	\$ 3,968,331.45		
62	Wolcott Village Decentralized Wastewater Project	\$2,700,000.00	\$ -	\$ 2,565,000.00	Х	
61	Highgate Community Wastewater	\$1,457,718.75	\$ 1,285,000	\$172,718.75		
60	Moretown Village Community Wastewater *	\$3,500,000.00	\$ -	\$ 3,325,000.00	Х	
59	West Burke Village Community Wastewater	\$10,222,400.00	\$ 50,000	\$ 3,968,331.45	Х	
56	Westford Community Wastewater System	\$2,377,136.00	\$ 2,377,136	5		
53.8%	Killington DW System	\$2,300,000.00	\$ 2,300,000	\$ -		
41	St. Albans Bay Village Wastewater *, **	\$15,000,000.00	\$ -			Х
31	Berlin Crosstown Village, Sewer Extension*	\$390,780.00	\$ -			
30	Riverton Village Center Community Wastewater Project	\$665,300.00	\$ -			
15	South Hero Community Wastewater	\$1,541,980.00	\$ -	\$ 1,464,881.00	Х	
1	Huntington Lower Village Wastewater	\$0.00	\$ -			1
1	Waitsfield Wastewater Feasibility Study	\$0.00	\$ -			
	Subtotal Projects Requesting Funding		\$ 6,601,243.00	\$ 29,586,257.00		
	Funding Cap		\$ 2,377,136.00	\$ 3,968,331.45		
	Total Village ARPA Funding Need					
	Funding By Others					
	Appropriated Village ARPA Funding		\$ 8,000,000.00	\$ 29,961,257.00		
	Village ARPA Operations		\$ 187,500.00	\$ 375,000.00		
	Remaining Funding		\$ 1,211,257.00	- \$		
Notes:	ARPA Funding Amounts Subject to Change based on AoA Approvals					
NULES.	DW PPL Points are converted to percentage to compare with CWSRF point syst			+		
*	Sewer Extension Projects are not Village ARPA Eligible under the SFY 23 Approp					+
**	, _ 0 0 11 1	- 0				+
**	Construction Projects with funds needed in SFY 25 and later were not consider	ea for funding.				

4. DWSRF Administration

DWSRF construction loans are currently issued at a 0% interest rate with an administrative fee (calculated like an interest rate over the entire loan term) of between 0% and 2.75%. Administrative fee proceeds are deposited into a dedicated account separate from the DWSRF project account, referred to as the administrative account. Historically, the program has described the fees as program income, but has tracked this fee income as either program or non-program income to enable use of non-program income for a broader array of SDWA eligible activities than is allowed with program income. All fee income is accounted for in a separate fund outside the SRF fund.

These funds are primarily used for administrative support of the DWSRF program including staff salaries for financial, project development and engineering staff. Additionally, they have been used to fund costs associated with underwriting of loans and software support. The program reserves the right to use these funds for any eligible use of the fees as fund needs develop over the year.

4.1. Reallocated Funds between CWSRF and DWSRF

The Safe Drinking Water Act Amendments of 1996 (Section 302) allow a state to transfer up to 33% of the Drinking Water State Revolving Fund (DWSRF) capitalization grant from the DWSRF to the CWSRF or an equivalent amount from the CWSRF to the DWSRF for each

open grant. This transfer is at the Governor's discretion. The program reserves the right to reserve this amount for future need.

In the event funds are reallocated from the DWSRF to the CWSRF, or vice versa, or additional federal funds are made available beyond the anticipated amount, Vermont will advance these funds to the appropriate projects in accordance with this Intended Use Plan, and the Municipal Pollution Control Priority System.

4.2. Future Program Impact

The proposed method and financial terms for distributing project funds presented in this IUP should have a positive impact on the long-term financial status of the DWSRF while accounting for loan subsidy. Principal and interest payments on loans plus the interest earnings on the fund balance are deposited into the DWSRF and made available for future water system capital improvement projects. The only other funds lost for revolving loans are those withdrawn for the following authorized set-aside uses: Administration; Technical Assistance; PWSS Program Management; and Local Assistance. Lending procedures used by Vermont Bond Bank (VBB) for municipal loans and the Vermont Economic Development Authority (VEDA) for loans to private entities include safeguards structured to minimize unforeseen losses to the fund. Additionally, the placement of the DWSRF within the financial structure of the VBB guarantees that the Program will benefit in the long-term from the management and financial planning expertise of this organization.

5. DWSRF Capitalization Grants Federal Fiscal Year 2022

5.1. Capitalization Grants

Vermont will receive a total of four Federal Fiscal Year (FFY) 2022 capitalization grants as a result of the Bipartisan Infrastructure Law (BIL).

- The DWSRF General grant is \$7,008,000.
- The DWSRF General Supplemental grant is \$17,992,000.
- The DWSRF Lead Service Line Grant is \$28,350,000.
- The DWSRF Emerging Contaminants Grant is \$7,555,000.

The required state match for the FFY22 grants is as follows:

- \$1,401,600 for the DWSRF General (20% of grant)
- \$1,799,200 for that DWSRF General Supplemental (10% of grant)
- \$0 for the DWSRF Lead Service Line Grant (no match requirement)
- \$0 for the DWSRF Emerging Contaminants (no match requirement)

The match funds will be available beginning July 2022. These funds are included in Act 180 (H.739) Capital Budget Adjustment Act of 2022.

5.2. Sources and Uses

The Sources and Uses tables below assume the total needed match will be available. Sources of funds and uses are listed below.

Sources	General	General Supplemental	Lead Service Lines	Emerging Contaminants
DWSRF Capitalization Grant Minus Set-Aside	\$4,835,520	\$12,414,480	\$20,979,000	\$6,793,694
State Match Needed FFY2 2 Grant	\$1,401,600	\$1,799,200	\$0	\$0
Repayments (anticipated 7/1/22-6/30/23)	\$7,774,810	\$0	\$0	\$0
Interest (anticipated 7/1/22-6/30/23)	\$20,000	\$0	\$0	\$0
Carry-Forward (anticipated)	\$26,559,355	NA	NA	NA
TOTAL	\$40,699,208	\$14,971,520	\$20,979,000	\$6,822,800

Uses	General	General Supplemental	Lead Service Lines	Emerging Contaminants
Anticipated Loan Commitments See FFY 22 Priority Lists	\$44,699,208	\$14,971,520	\$20,979,000	\$6,822,800

Detailed project information is included in the attached Projects Priority Lists for state fiscal year 2023.

5.3. EPA Payment Schedule for Federal Fiscal Year

The State matching funds will be deposited into the DWSRF prior to the quarter when federal funds are requested. The schedule for entering into binding commitments and timing of cash draws is contained in the grant application submitted to EPA. The DWSRF program will continue to comply with the Operating Agreement for Implementing and Managing the State Revolving Fund Program between the State of Vermont and U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region I.

The state anticipates disbursement of its state match prior to federal disbursements. For this reason, the Vermont will not be required to disburse with a cash draw ratio.

SRF General

Payment No.	Quarter	Date	Federal Amount	State Amount
1	2023-1	10/1/2022-12/31/2022	2,656,309	531,262
2	2023-2	1/1/2023-3/31/2023	1,168,519	233,704
3	2023-3	4/1/2023-6/30/2023	1,168,519	233,704
4	2024-4	7/1/2024-9/30/2024	2,014,652	402,930
Total			7,008,000	1,401,600

SRF General Supplemental

Payment No.	Quarter	Date	Federal Amount	State Amount
1	2023-1	10/1/2022-12/31/2022	\$6,819,680	\$681,968
2	2023-2	1/1/2023-3/31/2023	\$3,000,000	\$300,000
3	2023-3	4/1/2023-6/30/2023	\$3,000,000	\$300,000
4	2024-4	7/1/2024-9/30/2024	\$5,172,320	\$517,232
Total			\$17,992,000	\$1,799,200

SRF Lead Service Lines

Payment No.	Quarter	Date	Federal Amount	State Amount
1	2023-1	10/1/2022-12/31/2022	\$10,773,000	\$0
2	2023-2	1/1/2023-3/31/2023	\$4,819,500	\$0
3	2023-3	4/1/2023-6/30/2023	\$4,819,500	\$0
4	2024-4	7/1/2024-9/30/2024	\$7,938,000	\$0
Total			\$28,350,000	\$0

SRF Emerging Contaminants

Payment No.	Quarter	Date	Federal Amount	State Amount
1	2023-1	10/1/2022-12/31/2022	\$2,870,900	\$0

2	2023-2	1/1/2023-3/31/2023	\$1,284,350	\$0
3	2023-3	4/1/2023-6/30/2023	\$1,284,350	\$0
4	2024-4	7/1/2024-9/30/2024	\$2,115,400	\$0
Total			\$7,555,000	\$0

5.4. EPA Estimated Disbursement Schedule: All Grants

Disbursement Quarter	General	General Supplemental	Lead Service Lines	Emerging Contaminants
1QFFY2023	\$560,640	\$1,439,360	\$2,268,000	\$604,400
2QFFY2023	\$560,640	\$1,439,360	\$2,268,000	\$604,400
3QFFY2023	\$560,640	\$1,439,360	\$2,268,000	\$604,400
4QFFY2023	\$280,320	\$719,680	\$1,134,000	\$302,200
1QFFY2024	\$981,120	\$2,518,880	\$3,969,000	\$1,057,700
2QFFY2024	\$981,120	\$2,518,880	\$3,969,000	\$1,057,700
3QFFY2024	\$1,051,200	\$2,698,800	\$4,252,500	\$1,133,250
4QFFY2024	\$2,032,320	\$5,217,680	\$8,221,500	\$2,190,950
Total	\$7,008,000	17,992,000	\$28,350,000	\$7,555,000

5.5. Local Assistance Water Planning Loan (LAWPL) Program Sources and Uses

This table summarizes the sources and uses for the Local Assistance Water Planning Loan (LAWPL) Program. Sources include capitalization from federal funds from prior grant years, from set-asides as described in 6.2.4.1 and from loan repayments. Uses are new fully forgiven loans for Asset Management Plans as described in 6.2.4.1.

Sources - LAWPL	
Carry-Forward	\$1,805,217
Estimated interest (7/1/2022-6/30/2023)	\$1,800
Estimated repayments (7/1/2022-6/30/2023)	\$155,962
Total Sources	\$1,962,979

Uses - LAWPL	
Estimated loan commitments (7/1/2022-6/30/2023)	\$250,000
Total Uses	\$250,000

6. Set-Asides

The State of Vermont plans for set-asides are detailed in the tables below, including the proposed amount of authority to be banked. These activities are often vital to water systems so that they can develop and maintain the financial, technical, and managerial capacity to run their systems effectively. A portion of the set-aside money will be used to develop and implement programs within state government necessary to implement the DWSRF and the SDWA Amendments of 1996. The following outlines the allocations and provides a brief description of the proposed activities in each of the four set-asides.

General Grant	P	ROPOSED	
		FFY22	Banked Authority
TOTAL, ALL SET-ASIDES	\$	2,172,480	\$ -
Program Mgmt	\$	700,800	
Administrative	\$	280,320	
Small Sys. Tech. Assist.	\$	140,160	
Water System Operator Tr	\$	119,000	
Staff	\$	14,646	
Supplies	\$	233	
Other and Indirect	\$	6,281	
Local Assistance	\$	1,051,200	\$ -
Capacity	\$	350,400	
Staff	\$	218,604	
Capacty Program Asset Ma	\$	24,000	
Supplies	\$	2,989	
Other and Indirect	\$	104,807	
Wellhead	\$	700,800	
Staff	\$	135,326	
Supplies	\$	2,188	
Other and Indirect	\$	563,286	

General Supplemental	ROPOSED		
		FFY22	Banked
			Authority
TOTAL, ALL SET-ASIDES	\$	5,577,520	\$ -
Program Mgmt	\$	1,799,200	
Administrative	\$	719,680	
Small Sys. Tech. Assist.	\$	359,840	
TNC Tech Assistance	\$	10,000	
NTNC and TNC Asset Management Initiatives	\$	300,000	
Water System Operator Training Contract	\$	49,840	
Local Assistance	\$	2,698,800	\$ -
Capacity	\$	1,706,000	
Water Loss Control	\$	100,000	
Valve Condition and Location Assessment	\$	100,000	
Cyber Security Training	\$	50,000	
Community Engage Disad Comm	\$	200,000	
Distribution Asset Inventory Evals	\$	400,000	
Archeological Consult Program	\$	20,000	
Water Rates Media Campaign	\$	100,000	
Fire District Feasibility Study	\$	75,000	
Revised Total Coliform Rule (RTCR) Level Co	\$	35,000	
Capacity Program Asset Management Initiati	\$	26,000	
AMP Loan	\$	600,000	
Wellhead	\$	992,800	
Staff	\$	469,509	
Supplies	\$	7,537	
Source Protection Plans Contract	\$	50,000	
Hydrogeologic Investigation Contract	\$	100,000	
Private Well Mapping Contract	\$	50,000	
USGS Groundwater Monitoring Contract	\$	100,000	
Other and Indirect	\$	215,754	

Lead Service Line	Р	ROPOSED	
		FFY22	Banked
			Authority
TOTAL, ALL SET-ASIDES	\$	7,371,000	
Program Mgmt	\$	2,835,000	
Administrative	\$	1,134,000	
Small Sys. Tech. Assist.	\$	567,000	
Small System LSL Inventory Development			
DWSRF Loan Application Helpf for Disad Comm	uniti	es	
Local Assistance	\$	2,835,000	
Capacity			
Small System LSL Inventory Development	\$	2,735,000	
Data Collection Equipment for LSL Inventories	\$	40,000	
Lead Service Line Invetory Training	\$	10,000	
Mapping Softward for LSL Inventories	\$	50,000	

merging Contaminants			OPOSED				
		FFY22			Banked		
				Α	uthority		
TOTAL, ALL SET-ASIDES	\$	`	761,306	\$	527,494		
Program Mgmt	\$)	279,106		\$476,394		
Administrative			302,200				
Small Sys. Tech. Assist.)	100,000	\$	51,100		
Cyanotox Vulnerability Study							
TNC PFAS Monitoring							
Local Assistance	\$	`	80,000	\$	-		
Capacity							
Cyanotoxin Monitoring Study	\$	5	30,000				
PFAS Treatment Efficacy Study	\$;	50,000				

6.1. General Grant Set-Asides

6.1.1. General Grant: Program Management Set-Aside

Up to 10% of the capitalization grant can be used for the DWSRF Program Management Set-Aside. We propose to take the full 10%, \$700,800, from FFY22 grant to support approximately five FTEs, and associated operating costs within the DWGPD. Duties of staff include capacity development, consumer confidence report assistance, adoption and implementation of new regulations, implementation of new and existing federal rules, source water assessment and protection, planning, outreach, data management, engineering, compliance supervision, and other drinking water program activities.

6.1.2. General Grant: Administrative Set-Aside

Up to 4% of the capitalization grant can be used for the DWSRF Administrative Set-Aside. Changes to the FY17 grant requirement allows the program to take 4%, or 0.002 x total net position. The program will be taking 4%, or \$280,320 from the FFY22 grant to support approximately two FTEs within WID and Administration and Innovation Division (AID). These positions provide project development, construction oversight, loan administration, and financial management services for the operation of the DWSRF. Administrative funds are also used to pay for the services of the Vermont Bond Bank (VBB), which is responsible for the overall fund and is a party to all loan awards to municipal applicants, and the Vermont Economic Development Authority (VEDA), which is responsible for conducting creditworthiness reviews of loan applicants for privately-owned water systems and is a party to those loans.

6.1.3. General Grant: Small Systems Technical Assistance Set-Aside

Up to 2% of the capitalization grant can be used for the DWSRF Technical Assistance (TA) Set-Aside. TA funds may be used for systems serving populations under 10,000 people. The program will take 2% of the FY22 grant, or \$140,160, to provide technical assistance to small public water systems. The following activities and allocations are proposed:

Water System Operator Training Contract: \$119,000 to a contract to provide professional training to public water system owners and operators in Vermont. These training efforts support the Vermont Water Operator Certification Program administered by the DWGPD.

Staff: \$21,160 will go to support 0.1 FTE to provide direct technical assistance to small water systems.

6.1.4. General Grant: Local Assistance Set-Aside

Up to 15% of the capitalization grant, or \$1,051,200, can be used for the DWSRF Local Assistance Set-Aside, with a further limitation that no more that 10% can be used to fund any one specific activity. The program will take 15%, or \$1,051,200 to fund local assistance activities. The following activities and allocations are proposed:

6.1.4.1. Capacity Activity

Local Assistance Capacity Program Positions: This set aside will support Capacity Program staff to implement the Vermont Capacity Strategy, as well as the Operator Certification Program. In total, this set aside will fund 2.1 FTEs for a total of \$326,400.

Capacity Program Asset Management Initiatives: \$24,000 to extend the asset management training program funded through previous grants to promote the practice of infrastructure asset management at Vermont's public water systems.

6.1.4.2. Wellhead Protection Activity

Source Protection Loan Program

\$500,000 to capitalize the source protection fund to provide loans to municipalities for purchasing land or conservation easements to protect public water sources and ensure

compliance with drinking water regulations. Application requirements are currently under development and will be made available on the program website.

Local Assistance Wellhead Protection Positions

DWGPD Water Resources staff will use this set aside to review and approve source protection plans and work with systems to update them, to review and approve source construction to ensure work meets technical requirements, to work with systems to ensure that proper testing occurs to ensure long-term viability of new sources, and to work with systems to develop new sources as needed.

DWGPD Regional Office staff will use this set aside to review wastewater system plans and specifications to ensure adequate protection of groundwater.

In total, this set aside will fund 1.3 FTEs and proposes to use \$200,800.

6.2. General Supplemental Grant Set-Asides

6.2.1. General Supplemental Grant: Program Management Set-Aside

Up to 10% of the capitalization grant can be used for the DWSRF Program Management Set-Aside. We propose to take 10% or \$1,799,200, from the FFY22 Supplemental grant to support approximately 12.3 FTEs and associated operating costs within the DWGPD. Duties of the FTEs include capacity development, adoption and implementation of new regulations, implementation of new and existing federal rules, planning, outreach, data management, engineering, compliance supervision, and other drinking water program activities.

6.2.2. General Supplemental Grant: Administrative Set-Aside

Up to 4% of the capitalization grant can be used for the DWSRF Administrative Set-Aside. Changes to the FY17 grant requirement allows the program to take 4%, or .002 x total net position. The program will be taking 4%, or \$718,423 from the FFY22 supplemental grant to support approximately 5.1 FTEs within WID, Administration and Innovation Division (AID) and DWGPD. The WID and AID positions provide project development, construction oversight, loan administration, and financial management services for the operation of the DWSRF. The DWGPD positions will be providing technical assistance to water systems of all sizes.

6.2.3. General Supplemental Grant: Small Systems Technical Assistance Set-Aside

Up to 2% of the capitalization grant can be used for the DWSRF Technical Assistance (TA) Set-Aside. TA funds may be used for systems serving populations under 10,000 people. The program will take 2% of the FY22 General Supplemental grant, or \$359,840, to provide technical assistance to small public water systems. The following activities and allocations are proposed:

TNC Technical Assistance: \$10,000 to provide technical assistance to Transient Non-Community Water Systems (TNCs).

NTNC and TNC Asset Management Initiatives: \$300,000 to asset management initiatives to further the overall objective of increasing the practice of infrastructure asset management at Vermont's small public water systems and extend the useful life of assets.

Water System Operator Training Contract: \$49,840 to a contract to provide professional training to public water system owners and operators in Vermont. These training efforts support the Vermont Water Operator Certification Program administered by the DWGPD.

6.2.4. General Supplemental Grant: Local Assistance Set-Aside

Up to 15% of the capitalization grant, or \$2,698,800, can be used for the DWSRF Local Assistance Set-Aside, with a further limitation that no more that 10% can be used to fund any one specific activity. The program will take 15%, or \$2,698,800 to fund local assistance activities. The following activities and allocations are proposed:

6.2.4.1. Capacity Activity

Water Loss Control

\$100,000 to provide leak detection surveys performed by a professional leak detection firm per American Water Works Association's standards. These surveys will be provided to community drinking water systems to promote water conservation efforts, reduce pumping and treatment costs, extend the useful life of assets, and minimize the risks of contamination.

Valve Condition and Location Assessment

\$100,000 to provide for the assessment of distribution system valves to improve asset inventories and determine valve condition and location to effectively manage distribution system flows.

Capacity Program Asset Management Initiatives

\$26,000 to extend the asset management training program funded through previous grants to promote the practice of infrastructure asset management at Vermont's public water systems.

RTCR Level 2

\$35,000 to provide technical assistance to public water systems for the Revised Total Coliform Rule (RTCR) Level 2 compliance.

Local Assistance Water Planning Loan (LAWPL) Program – Asset Management Plans \$600,000 to capitalize the planning loan (LAWPL) program. This revolving loan program is used by water systems to support the development of Asset Management Plans.

Cyber Security Training

\$50,000 to provide cyber security training for DWGPD staff and public water systems.

Community Engagement with Disadvantaged Communities

\$200,000 to support community engagement with disadvantaged communities and provide DWSRF technical assistance for disadvantaged communities.

Distribution Asset Inventory Evaluations

\$400,000 to support hydraulic evaluations at public community water systems to further asset management and develop risk and life cycle cost reduction measures of distribution inventories.

Archeological Consulting Program

\$20,000 to support the assessment of the archeological area of a proposed project in consultation with the State and in coordination with SHPO and any federally recognized tribes that may attach religious and cultural significance to historic properties that may be affected by the project throughout this process.

Water Rates Media Campaign

\$100,000 to build public awareness of the Vermont Water and Wastewater Rate Dashboard and improve the public understanding of the importance of safe drinking water and the cost of ensuring that water makes it to the tap.

Fire District Feasibility Study

\$75,000 to support a feasibility study of Fire Districts to improve their long term TMF capacity.

6.2.4.2. Wellhead Protection Activity

Local Assistance Wellhead Protection Positions:

DWGPD Water Resources staff will use this set aside to review and approve source protection plans and work with systems to update them, to review and approve source construction to ensure work meets technical requirements, to work with systems to ensure that proper testing occurs to ensure long-term viability of new sources, and to work with systems to develop new sources as needed.

DWGPD Regional Office staff will use this set aside to review wastewater system plans and specifications to ensure adequate protection of groundwater.

In total, this set aside will fund 4.4 FTEs and proposes to use \$692,800.

Groundwater Monitoring Program

\$100,000 to contract with USGS and Vermont Geological Survey to create a robust evaluation of a groundwater monitoring program and then design a monitoring program to account for climate change.

Source Protection Plans

\$50,000 to support community system water resource planning and mitigation assistance.

Hydrogeologic Investigations

\$100,000 to support comprehensive physical aquifer investigations for community water systems.

Private Well Mapping

\$50,000 to improve the accuracy of well locations from the DWGPD well completion database.

6.3. Lead Service Line Grant Set-Asides

The State of Vermont plans to set aside 26%, or \$7,371,000, of the FFY22 Lead Service Line (LSL) Replacement Capitalization Grant for various non-construction related activities for lead service line replacement projects and associated activities directly connected to the identification, planning, design, and replacement of lead service lines. The following outlines the allocations and provides a brief description of the proposed activities in each of the four set-asides.

6.3.1. Lead Service Line Grant: Program Management Set-Aside

Up to 10% of the capitalization grant can be used for the DWSRF Program Management Set-Aside. We propose to take the full 10%, \$2,835,000, from FFY22 Lead Service Line Grant. The following activities and allocations are proposed:

Small System Lead Service Line Inventory Development: \$2,715,000 to provide contract help for small (population 1,000 or less) Water Systems to develop LSL inventories.

LSL IT Project Developer: \$120,000 to provide for LSL Inventory IT project development.

6.3.2. Lead Service Line Grant: Administrative Set-Aside

Up to 4% of the capitalization grant can be used for the DWSRF Administrative Set-Aside. We propose to take the 4% or \$1,134,000 from FFY22 Lead Service Line Replacement grant to provide contract help for small (population 1,000 and under) Water Systems to develop LSL inventories.

6.3.3. Lead Service Line Grant: Small Systems Technical Assistance Set-Aside

Up to 2% of the Lead Service Line Replacement capitalization grant can be used for the DWSRF Technical Assistance (TA) Set-Aside. TA funds may be used for systems serving populations under 10,000 people. The program will take 2%, or \$567,000 from the FFY22 Lead Service Line Replacement grant. The following activities and allocations are proposed:

Small System Lead Service Line Inventory Development: \$492,000 to provide contract help for small (population 1,000 or less) Water Systems to develop LSL inventories.

DWSRF Loan Application Help for Disadvantage Communities: \$75,000 to provide contract help for disadvantaged communities to apply for DWSRF funding to replace Lead Service Lines.

6.3.4. Lead Service Line Grant: Local Assistance Set-Aside

Up to 15% of the capitalization grant can be used for the DWSRF Local Assistance Set-Aside, with a further limitation that no more that 10% can be used to fund any one specific activity. The program will take 10%, or \$2,835,000 to fund local assistance activities. The following activities and allocations are proposed:

6.3.4.1. Capacity Activity

Small System Lead Service Line Inventory Development: \$2,735,000 to provide contract help for small (population 1,000 or less) Water Systems to develop LSL inventories.

Data Collection Equipment for LSL Inventories: \$40,000 for GPS units to support LSL Inventorying for small and disadvantaged communities

Lead Service Line Inventory Training: \$10,000 to provide training to water systems on developing LSL inventories.

Mapping Software for LSL Inventories: \$50,000 for software for state to maintain LSL inventories.

6.3.4.2. Wellhead Protection Activity

None proposed.

6.4. Emerging Contaminants Grant Set-Asides

The State of Vermont plans to set aside \$732,200 of the FFY22 Emerging Contaminants Grant for various non-construction related activities to address emerging contaminants in drinking water with a focus on perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances

6.4.1. Emerging Contaminants Grant: Program Management Set-Aside

Up to 10% of the capitalization grant can be used for the DWSRF Program Management Set-Aside. We propose to take 3.69%, or \$279,106 from FFY22 Emerging Contaminants grant to support approximately 2 FTEs and associated operating costs within the DWGPD. Duties of the FTEs include implementation of programs to address emerging contaminants in drinking water with a focus on perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances. The remaining Program Management funds from the FFY22 Emerging Contaminant Grant will be reserved for banked authority.

6.4.2. Emerging Contaminants Grant: Administrative Set-Aside

Up to 4% of the capitalization grant can be used for the DWSRF Administrative Set-Aside. We propose to take 4% or \$302,200 to support 2.2 FTE within the WID and AID.

6.4.3. Emerging Contaminants Grant: Small Systems Technical Assistance Set-Aside

Up to 2% of the Emerging Contaminants capitalization grant can be used for the DWSRF Technical Assistance (TA) Set-Aside. TA funds may be used for systems serving populations under 10,000 people. The program will take 1.32% of the Emerging Contaminants FY22 grant, or \$100,000, to provide technical assistance to small public water systems. The remaining TA funds from the FFY22 Emerging Contaminant Grant will be reserved for banked authority. The following activities and allocations are proposed:

Cyanotoxin Vulnerability Study: \$50,000 to study the vulnerability of non-Lake Champlain surface water sources to cyanotoxins.

TNC PFAS Monitoring: \$50,000 to monitor TNC sources for PFAS in known areas of high PFAS contamination. 6.4.4. Emerging Contaminants Grant: Local Assistance Set-Aside

Up to 15% of the Emerging Contaminants capitalization grant can be used for the DWSRF Local Assistance Set-Aside, with a further limitation that no more that 10% can be used to fund any one specific activity. The program will take a combined \$80,000, or 1.1% of the Emerging Contaminants grant, to fund local assistance activities. The following activities and allocations are proposed:

6.4.4.1. Capacity Activity

Cyanotoxin Monitoring Program

\$30,000 to support the ongoing cyanotoxin monitoring program

PFAS Treatment Efficacy Study

\$50,000 to support a contract to design a study to understand the efficiency and lifespan of GAC units for small, medium and large size systems for PFAS removal.

6.4.4.2. Wellhead Protection Activity

None proposed.

7. Banked Authority

The DWSRF reserves the right to use Banked Authority.

8. Criteria and Method for Distribution of Funds

The State of Vermont will continue to finance projects based on a point system that ranks eligible water supply projects that are ready to proceed. Priority in funding will be given to projects that address the most serious risk to human health, are necessary to ensure compliance with the requirements of the Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) and the Vermont Water Supply Rule (WSR), and that assist systems most in need according to State affordability criteria.

The attached priority lists identify the projects that submitted complete priority list applications and the total proposed construction funding awards. Vermont will disburse 100% of its state match up front, followed by federal funds. As such, the program will not need a cash draw ratio.

The anticipated construction loan recipients are those projects with the highest ranking that comply with the following:

• Under federal requirements, at least 15% of available funds must be used for projects serving

- communities with populations of less than 10,000 persons. Because the great majority of Vermont's public water systems serve populations <10,000, this requirement is readily met.
- As required in Vermont legislation, funds for private water systems are limited to 20% of the available funds, unless there are insufficient municipal projects ready to proceed and additional funds are available. Funds for private water systems on this priority list are below the 20% limit.

Environmental benefits will be reported at least quarterly for every loan transaction using the EPA Office of Water SRF reporting system (OWSRF). This information is now being automatically reported via a data push from an internal database to the OWSRF reporting website. The OWSRF replaced the Drinking Water Benefits Reporting (CBR) federal on-line reporting system in 2022. Reporting to FFATA and NIMS will also be completed.

All projects regardless of funding source will need to comply with National Environmental Protection Act (NEPA) review, Disadvantaged Business Enterprises (DBEs) reporting, Davis-Bacon, American Iron and Steel, Build America Buy American Act, and other federal crosscutters.

9. Subsidy (Loan Forgiveness)

The term "subsidy" refers to forgiveness of loan principal. Subsidy is available to municipalities and private water systems and is offered on a first come, first-served basis. Eligibility requirements are discussed in "Requirements to Secure Additional Subsidy", section 9.5, below.

9.1. Prior Year Subsidy

The 2020 IUP was amended on 2/25/2022 based on actual executed loan values, pending loan information, and subsidy availability. As of that amendment, after application of the original subsidy formulas, \$2,271,841 in Additional Subsidy remained.

Two projects on the 2020 IUP did not receive all Disadvantaged Subsidy to which they were entitled due to the limited amount of that form of subsidy available and were listed in the 2/25/2022 amendment with partial or no Disadvantaged Subsidy, and with Additional Subsidy following the formula in the 2020 IUP. Due to the different formulas for the two types of subsidy, they received less than the overall 75% subsidy cap for the 2020 IUP. The program hereby intends to utilize the uncommitted Additional Subsidy from 2020 to the following two projects as follows to provide overall subsidy per the conditions and overall limitations of the 2020 IUP:

- \$606,813 to Royalton Fire District 1 water treatment plant.
- \$1,665,028 to Saint Johnsbury Town water treatment plant, with a reduction in the loan value to \$5,679,043. The balance of the project may be funded on the 2022 IUP as a continuing project under the 2022 IUP subsidy terms, as shown in this IUP's priority list.

9.2. 2022 Subsidy Amounts

The following sections describe the amount of available subsidy and a description of the eligible categories. Subsidy amounts are stipulated per federal law and the Capitalization Grant agreements with EPA. The specific amounts of proposed subsidy are described below.

9.2.1. General Grant

General Grant: an amount equal to 14% of the grant must be provided as subsidy ("Additional Subsidy") under eligibility terms set in the Intended Use Plan. The State must use at least 12% but no more than 35% of the grant to provide subsidy to Disadvantaged Communities. The DWSRF Program intends to use the full amount of available subsidy (35%).

9.2.2. General Supplemental Grant

Per the Bipartisan Infrastructure Law, an amount equal to 49% of the grant shall be provided as additional subsidy to Disadvantaged Communities.

9.2.3. Lead Service Line Grant

Per the Bipartisan Infrastructure Law, an amount equal to 49% of the grant shall be provided as additional subsidy to Disadvantaged Communities.

9.2.4. Emerging Contaminants

Per the Bipartisan Infrastructure Law, an amount equal to 100% of the grant, net after set-asides, shall be provided as subsidy, with at least 25% going to Disadvantaged Communities or public water systems serving fewer than 25,000 persons.

9.2.5. Summary Table: Available Subsidy by Grant

Per the FFY22 appropriations language, subsidy shall be provided as follows.

Grant	Subsidy Proposed	Eligibility Requirements Per EPA Grant Agreement
General	\$981,120	No Restrictions (Additional Subsidy)
	\$2,452,800	Disadvantaged Communities
General Supplemental	\$8,816,080	Disadvantaged Communities
Lead Service Lines	\$13,891,500	Disadvantaged Communities
Emerging Contaminants	\$6,793,694	At least 25% of subsidy to Disadvantaged Communities or systems serving < 25,000 persons
Total Available Subsidy	\$32,464,300	

9.3. Subsidy Categories

All loan forgiveness is offered on a first come, first-served basis. Eligibility requirements are discussed in "Requirements to Secure Additional Subsidy", Section 9.5, below.

9.3.1. Summary Table: Available Subsidy by Initiative Category

Grant	Initiative	Amount
General		
	Planning (Additional Subsidy)	\$981,120
	Construction (Disadvantaged Subsidy)	\$2,452,800
	Total	\$3,433,920
General Supplemental		
	Construction (Disadvantaged Subsidy)	\$8,816,080
Lead Service Lines		
	Inventories	\$10,866,500
	Construction	<u>\$3,025,000</u>
	Total	\$13,891,500
Emerging Contaminants		
	Planning	\$500,000
	Construction	<u>\$6,293,694</u>
	Total	\$6,793,694
Total Available Subsidy		\$32,464,300

9.3.2. Planning Subsidy

Supports Short Term Goal #5: Financing of Planning Activities

"Planning" includes feasibility studies, asset management planning (where not funded under LAWPL set-aside), preliminary engineering reports, final design, and source exploration and development.

9.3.2.1. Planning Subsidy Category 1: General

Planning projects will receive loan forgiveness (Additional Subsidy) as follows:

• 28% loan forgiveness, up to \$125,000 per project.

9.3.2.2. Planning Subsidy Category 2: Lead Service Lines

Planning for eligible Lead Service Line projects may receive loan forgiveness as follows:

- 100% loan forgiveness for communities less than or equal to 115% of State Median Household Income.
- 92% loan forgiveness for communities at 116% to 120% of State Median Household Income.

9.3.2.3. Planning Subsidy Category 2: Emerging Contaminants

All Emerging Contaminants planning projects may receive loan forgiveness as follows:

• 100% loan forgiveness, up to \$50,000 per project.

9.3.3. Construction Subsidy

Construction subsidy is available based on the following grant categories.

9.3.3.1. Construction Subsidy Category 1: General and General Supplemental

Eligible Disadvantaged Community construction projects may receive loan forgiveness as follows:

• Disadvantaged Communities: 50% loan forgiveness, no maximum cap.

9.3.3.2. Construction Subsidy Category 2: Lead Service Lines

Eligible construction projects may receive loan forgiveness as follows:

• Disadvantaged Communities: 50% loan forgiveness, no maximum cap.

9.3.3.3. Construction Subsidy Category 3: Emerging Contaminants

All construction projects receive loan forgiveness as follows:

• 100% loan forgiveness.

9.4. Disadvantaged Community Subsidy

The following sections describe the DWSRF Program's approach to the allocation of disadvantaged community subsidy under this IUP.

9.4.1. General Grants Disadvantaged Community Subsidy

For purposes of this IUP, construction projects eligible for funding under the General and General Supplemental grants are eligible to receive disadvantaged community subsidy if they meet the statutory definition of disadvantaged municipality in 24 VSA §4752(12). The definition includes municipal or service area Median Household Income (MHI) and calculations are described in Vermont DWSRF Guidance Document 10. Disadvantaged community projects may receive longer loan terms up to 40 years depending on project useful life and may receive a lower administrative fee rate. A project may receive this subsidy, pending availability of this form of subsidy from this IUP cycle, up to the level that would reduce the annual household user rate to 1% of MHI post-project, and not to exceed 50% principal forgiveness.

9.4.2. Lead Service Line Grant Disadvantaged Community Subsidy

The Bipartisan Infrastructure Law (BIL), also known as the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act (IIJA), requires states to provide 49% of the Lead Service Line grant to disadvantaged communities in the form of loan forgiveness. Under IIJA/BIL, states have the flexibility to define disadvantaged communities, which, under EPA guidance, "can include those with environmental justice concerns that often include low-income people and communities of color." (EPA BIL Implementation Memo, 3/8/22). Because communities with lead service lines are appropriately considered disadvantaged, and to ensure communities are able to take full advantage of the Lead Service Line Grant funds, the Department is hereby establishing the scope of disadvantaged community subsidy eligibility for purposes of the FFY 2022 Lead Service Line IUP. To emphasize, because the subsidy requirement in the grant from EPA is a specific amount (49%), rather than a range or not to exceed amount, and because it is a large percentage of the grant, any underutilization of subsidy would limit the

overall amount of available loan funds, and vice versa. It is in the public interest to ensure maximum utilization of Lead Service Line funds, including providing funding to disadvantaged communities.

9.4.2.1. Lead Service Line Planning Loans

For purposes of planning loans for lead service line inventories funded under the Lead Service Line IUP, "disadvantaged community" shall mean a municipality or served area of a municipality that has a median household income (MHI) less than or equal to 120.1% of the state median household income. These communities shall be eligible for loan forgiveness for lead service line inventories as follows:

• a community earning up to 120.1% MHI shall be eligible for 100% forgiveness.

All Vermont water systems with over 1000 population or 250 service connections were added to the service line inventory priority list without submission of priority list applications. Smaller water systems are covered under the set-asides described above. Priority points for Lead Service Line Inventories were awarded based on both the number of service connections and community median household income as follows:

Number of Service	Priority Points
Connections	
250-500	25
501-1000	15
1001-3300	10
3301-9900	5

Affordability (Community MHI/SCMI x 100 =X)	Priority Points
X < 60	35
60< X <70	25
70< X <80	15
80< X <90	10
90< X <100	5
100< X <120	2
X <120	0

9.4.2.2. Lead Service Line Construction Loans

For purposes of construction loans funded under the lead service line IUP, "disadvantaged community" shall mean an applicant municipality or served area that:

(1) has a median household income (MHI) less than or equal to 120%, of the State average median household income as determined by the Secretary.

These disadvantaged communities shall be eligible for 50% loan forgiveness for construction loans funded under the lead service line IUP.

The Department notes that for Lead Service Line construction loans the above eligibility criteria for disadvantaged community subsidy are similar to the definition of "disadvantaged municipality" in 24 VSA § 4752(12). The eligibility criteria for disadvantaged community subsidy differ from the § 4752(12) definition of disadvantaged municipality in that there is an eligibility cap of 120% of the State average median household income under the eligibility criteria, and the amount of subsidy is based on a percentage (50%) of the loan. The above criteria for allocation of disadvantaged community subsidy apply only to construction projects funded by the Lead Service Line SRF.

9.5. Requirements to Secure Additional Subsidy

The Department establishes the amount of available additional subsidy on an annual basis in the Intended Use Plan, consistent with the requirements of the State's capitalization grants. All additional subsidy is awarded to recipients and project types that are eligible for subsidy on a first-come, first-served basis.

Subsidy is considered reserved for a project once DWSRF has received the following:

- Complete funding application (see below for specifics for each loan type).
- Approved Engineering Services Agreement.

9.5.1. Funding Application Requirements

The list below identifies the required elements of a complete funding application for each step unless it is inapplicable to the project. The DWSRF program will notify borrowers when they have secured additional subsidy.

Step 1 (Preliminary engineering)

- Loan application form
- Draft Engineering Services Agreement

Step 2 (Final design)

- Complete funding application
- Draft Engineering Services Agreement
- Preliminary Engineering Report Approval from DWGPD engineer

Step 3 (Construction)

- Complete funding application
- Draft Engineering Services Agreement
- Bond Vote Certification and Counsel Opinion letter
- All permits in place, including Act 250, if required, and environmental review
- Permit to Construct
- All necessary prior step engineering approvals, including preliminary engineering

9.6. Municipal School Subsidy

Municipally owned non-transient, non-community school water systems are categorically disadvantaged per State statute and are eligible for up to \$25,000 in construction loan principal forgiveness; there is no further subsidy provided to these applicants.

10. Program Updates and Guidance

10.1. Priority List Ranking

A potential construction (Step 3) loan applicant must submit a priority list application during the open application period, typically in February. Only construction projects that have previously submitted an administratively complete Preliminary Engineering Report (PER) or Permit to Construct (PTC), or an adequate equivalent as determined by the DWGPD, will be scored and ranked for potential construction loan (step 3) funding. The program encourages those projects without a PER or PTC to apply for a planning loan. If additional loan funds are available and/or other projects are bypassed, the priority list may be reopened for priority list applications and amended up to twice per fiscal year based on a public participation process. If a project has made progress since the original IUP adoption, it may reapply at that time; note that it will also likely receive a higher point score.

10.1.1. Continuing Projects

For purposes of this IUP, a continuing project shall mean a project that was listed on an earlier IUP year priority list, received prior approval for a construction loan or is expected to receive approval by the adoption date of this IUP, and applied in February 2022 to be on this priority list.

The funding request shown for continuing projects shall be the identified additional need beyond the current or anticipated loan (which may be \$0). Continuing projects shall be shown and ranked at the top of the priority list, in point order.

10.1.2. Readiness to Proceed and Priority List Bypass

All projects must meet the following readiness to proceed milestones:

- December 1, 2022: Submit the Environmental Information Document (for SERP review) to the assigned WID engineer;
- December 1, 2022: Submit 90% design drawings to DWGPD. A project with a current construction permit for the same project scope already meets this milestone;
- January 31, 2023: Schedule a bond vote and submit a copy of the warning to WID.
- May 1, 2023: Receive voter authorization via the bond vote; and,
- June 30, 2023: Submit complete Step III/Construction loan application (all required items have been completed and submitted).

Projects failing to meet these milestones will be bypassed and expected to reapply for the following funding cycle. This will make funding available for projects below the funding line. Further, any projects that confirm to DWSRF program staff that they have secured funding through another source will receive notification of bypass.

10.2. Planning Loans Evaluation and Funding Cap

For this IUP funding cycle, "Planning Loans" (Step 1 and/or 2) for General projects (those other than Emerging Contaminants or Lead Service Line / Service Line Inventory projects) will be funded using the \$3,500,000 put-aside shown in the Priority List. Applications will be processed in batches at least quarterly; if funds are limited, they will be scored according to Priority List criteria and funded in order of priority. Planning loans funded from this put-aside will be capped at \$250,000 per project. Most Asset Management Plans are funded by the LAWPL set-aside described above but an AMP can be funded under the general planning loan put-aside as a step 1 loan.

10.3. ANR Online Funding Application

Loan applications and associated documentation must be submitted through ANR Online (https://anronline.vermont.gov/). A loan application will be considered complete when the form and all required documentation are uploaded to ANR Online and the applicant clicks the Submit button. The documentation required for loan applications varies by project step. Applicants with questions about required documentation are encouraged to reach out to DWSRF Project Developer with questions.

Applicants should begin the review process for their draft Engineering Services Agreement (ESA) prior to obtaining other documentation required to submit a complete loan application. Applicants may work directly with the relevant DEC engineering staff to secure review of their ESA, however no formal loan action will be taken prior to submittal of a complete loan application.

It should be noted that submittal of a completed application is not sufficient to lock in additional subsidy as the project needs relevant approvals as detailed in the additional subsidy portion of this IUP.

10.4. Guidance Document Updates

The DWSRF Program is in the process of updating Guidance Document 2 (Priority List Development Ranking) and Guidance Document 26 (Asset Management Plans).

11. Public Participation

The DWSRF Program recognizes that public participation is an integral element in the development of an effective program. Additionally, water systems are routinely directed to the DWSRF by DWGPD staff, especially when a deficiency or SDWA violation has been identified.

On 1/18/2022, the Department notified municipalities and other interested parties to submit a priority list application by 2/28/22 to be reviewed for possible inclusion on the Priority List for Federal Fiscal Year 2022.

The draft IUP was released on 8/3/2022. A public hearing invitation to participate via Microsoft Teams was sent via email to all entities in the contact list and directions to participate were posted on the CWSRF website. A hybrid virtual/in-person public hearing will

be held on August 30th at 9:00 AM. The final IUP will include a public responsiveness summary to detail comments made throughout this process.

12. Responsiveness Summary

Comments received on the draft IUP and PPL will be addressed in this section in the final adopted IUP.

13. Project Priority Lists

General Projects (General and General Supplemental)

Lead Service Line Replacement and Service Line Inventory Loans

Emerging Contaminants

				DWSRF FFY 2022 Priority List - Gene	ral							Loan 1	Terms ¹⁰
PList App Score	WSID	Water System / Borrower	User Popin	Project		022 Loan Amount	Loan Account G	GB Disadv Subsidy ²		Loan	GS Disadv Subsidy ²	Years	Admin %
	ı		\\	Continuing construction p	oroje	ects ³	,	'	ļ				
245	5290	Brattleboro	12200 Pleasant	Valley water treatment plant	\$	1,715,000			\$	1,715,000	\$ 857,500	30	0
210	5040	Lyndonville	4500 Vail Dr tr	ansmission main	\$	217,500			\$	217,500	\$ 108,750	40	0
220	5136	Alburgh, Village of	576 Water Ta	nk replacement		\$0							
195	5212	Castleton FD1	1940 Ellis Orch	nard transmission main		\$0	1						
155	5112	Lunenburg FD 1	250 Wells, tra	ansmission mains, bldg addition, generator, telemetry		\$0							
145	5609	Bull Run		nt for iron and manganese		\$0							
140	9073	Killington Center Owners Assoc / KC Inn	132 Radium t	reatment; storage, booster pump, and distribution		\$0							
140	5179	Randolph, Town of	1.0	voir tank and wellhouse		\$0							
130	5045	St Johnsbury	5000 Water tre	eatment plant improvements	\$	4,320,957			\$	4,320,957	\$ 2,160,479	40	0
130	5092	Champlain Water District (wholesale popln)	83500 Essex W	est pump station (continuing)		\$0							
130	5083	Milton Mobile Home Cooperative	260 Replace	asbestos-cement mains	\$	200,000			\$	200,000	\$ 100,000	40	0
125	5609	Bull Run	420 New finis	hed water storage tank		\$0							
105	5150	Jeffersonville, Village of	700 Jeff Heig	hts tank, main & pipe upgrades		\$750,000			\$	750,000	\$ 375,000	30	2
105	5130	St Albans, City of	10200 Aldis Hill	storage tank		\$0							
90	5319	Hartford	7600 S Main S	t, Gates St, N Main St		\$0							
			'	Potential construction loans that submitte	d pri	ority list ap	plications	,			"		
175	21010	Killington Town	> 750 New com	nmunity water system ⁴	\$	4,020,192	\$ 4,020,1	92				tbd	tbd
165	20964	South Alburgh FD2	150 Phase 2	of extensions to poor quality private wells	\$	1,145,384			\$	1,145,384	\$ 572,692	40	0
165	5126	Richford, Town of	1700 Golf Cou	rse Rd main and booster pump station	\$	750,000	\$ 750,0	00				40	1.5
160	5020	Dorset FD1	530 Phases 2	2-5, main replacement & east storage tank	\$	3,000,000	\$ 3,000,0	00				30	0
160	5315	Bethel	1929 Wellhous	se, booster pump station, and AC mains ⁴	\$	750,000	\$ 750,0	00				30	2
155	5029	Barnet FD2		meter water main replacements	\$	750,000			\$	750,000	\$ 375,000	40	0
155	5102	Winooski	8500 Main St o	distribution system upgrades incl. main, service lines, nd hydrants	\$	690,000	\$ 690,0	00				40	0.3
150	5132	Swanton, Village of		oi River water main crossing	\$	805,000			\$	805,000	\$ 402,500	40	0
145	5016	Bennington	13250 South en	d distribution main upgrades (Jefferson Heights, Crescent, Margaret)	\$	4,000,000	\$ 4,000,0	00				30	2
145	5016	Bennington		ain upgrades Gage St, Knapp, Frank, Cross	\$	1,800,000	\$ 1,800,0	00				30	2
145	5269	Marshfield	350 Distributi	on system Contract 2	\$	400,000	\$ 400,0	00				40	1.9

145	5084	Richmond, Town of	1000 Distribution system replacements - South Bridge St, Cochran Rd, Tildon Ave	\$	1,450,000					\$ 1	,450,00	0 \$	725,000	40	0
145	5469	Shaftsbury	950 Phase 1 water main replacements	\$	1,160,000					\$ 1	1,160,00	0 \$	580,000	40	0
140	5022	Manchester	4140 Richville Rd water main replacement, Airport Rd to Cass Terr	\$	1,270,000	\$	1,270,000							30	2
140	5326	Norwich FD 1	870 Hazen St and Cliff St water mains	\$	300,000	\$	300,000							30	0
140	5589	Christmas Tree Sundown Condo	110 Radium treatment; booster pump and pressure tank improvements	\$	170,000	\$	170,000							30	2.75
135	5116	Enosburg Falls, Village of	1700 Water main replacements Elm to Pleasant St plus N Main from Orchard to W Berkshire	\$	1,100,000					\$ 1	1,100,00	0 \$	550,000	40	0
130	5037	Danville FD1	500 Main improvements	\$	3,370,000					\$ 3	3,370,00	0 \$	1,685,000	40	0
130	5290	Brattleboro	12200 Phase 1 improvements - Signal Hill pump station, standby generator, mains on Vernon, Bridge, Depot	\$	1,855,000	\$	1,206,681	\$	603,341	\$	648,31	9 \$	324,160	40	0
130	5298	Bellows Falls	4000 Kissell Hill water main replacements	\$	1,250,000	\$	1,250,000	\$	625,000					40	0
130	20614	Grand Isle Consolidated Water District	1600 Distribution main replacements Rte 2, Hyde Rd, E Shore Rd	\$	2,192,233	\$	2,192,233							30	2
125	5190	Orleans, Village	846 Willoughby Ave main replacement	\$	350,000	\$	350,000	\$	175,000					40	0
125	5277	Plainfield	985 School St water main	\$	375,000	\$	375,000	\$	187,500					40	0
122	5027	Royal Pine Villa	55 Consolidated Pumphouse with treatment and storage upgrades	\$	150,000	\$	150,000							30	0
120	5120	Franklin	400 Source exploration and development	\$	300,000	\$	300,000							30	2
120	5202	Newport, City of	4766 Eastside Water Storage	\$	4,985,000	\$	4,985,000							30	2
120	5225	Pittsford Florence	1923 Rte 7 water main (Vtrans segment 2)	\$	3,500,000	\$	3,500,000	\$ 861,959 DisSub Line as of 7/31/22					40	0	
120	5070	Hinesburg, Town of	2800 CVU Rd main	\$	1,500,000	\$	1,500,000							40	0
115	5275	Northfield	5145 Cheney Farm Tank & transmission main ⁴	\$	2,800,000	\$	713,699	Fur	nding Line	as of	7/31/22			40	0
115	5092	Champlain Water District (wholesale popln)	83500 Filtered water storage tank II	\$	4,500,000										
110	5045	St Johnsbury	5000 Portland St mains between Concord Ave & bridge	\$	1,623,500										
110	5045	St Johnsbury	5000 Railroad St mains	\$	1,095,000										
107	5001	Tri-Town	3800 Water treatment plan upgrades including filter addition; distribution main replacements	\$	1,750,000										
105	5284	Edward Farrar (Waterbury)	6003 Water main extension Rte 100 south from Howard Ave (multi- part project, will need eligiblity determination for parts)	\$	2,149,000										
105	5092	Champlain Water District (wholesale popln)	83500 Raw water transmission main	\$	2,700,000										
100	5175	Newbury Village	480 Village water system study for new source, distribution improvements, meter replacements	\$	450,000										
97	5566	Barre Town	1638 Websterville interconnection	\$	250,000										
95	5211	Brandon FD1	3865 Improvements including storage tank and water mains	\$	3,250,000										
95	5320	Quechee Central	2262 Quechee Main St water main	\$	1,200,000										
92	5566	Barre Town	1638 Groundwater source development	\$	350,000										
90	5004	Middlebury	8000 Chipman Hill Storage Tank	\$	2,350,000										
90	5004	Middlebury	8000 Foote St water main - continuation of project several yrs ago	\$	900,000										
			1	1		1									

90	578/	dward Farrar Vaterbury)	6003	Ashford Ln Kennedy Dr water main replacement	\$	928,402					
90	5784	dward Farrar Vaterbury)	8003	Water main extension Blush Hill - Oakwood Estates	\$	450,000					
90	5202 Ne	ewport, City of	1766	Sias Ave water main from S Main past Paul St	\$	900,000					
85	5153 Hy	yde Park FD1	275	Well house and pressure tank upgrades	\$	100,000					
85	5105 Br	righton	1782	Cross St water main replacement	\$	1,100,000					
85	5323 Lu	udlow Village 2	2818	Lower High St - Main to Depot	\$	500,000					
85	5323 Lu	udlow Village 2	2818	Lower Pleasant St Ext water main	\$	350,000					
85	5254 Ba	arre City 14	1000	Rte 302 main	\$	2,800,000					
80	5087 St	helburne	764	Replace meters ⁵	\$	2,000,000					
77	5272 M	lontpelier {	3700	East State St connection work	\$	100,000					
75	5087 St	helburne	764	Rte 7 S water main, Laplatte R bridge to Marsett Rd	\$	2,000,000					
72	5385 M	lansfield View	121	Distribution upgrades including water mains	\$	950,000					
72	5523 St	towe FD4	120	Water main replacements	\$	950,000					
67	5003 Ea	ast Middlebury FD1		Water main, pump house, SCADA, and other upgrades	\$	500,000					
65	5016 Be	ennington 13		Burgess Rd PRV replacement & Willow Park PRV and hydroelectric turbine	\$	427,000					
60	20562 No	orth Hero	2750	Rte 2 main replacement	\$	2,500,000					
60	5319 Ha	artford 7	7600	Latham Works Ln, Nutt Ln, Harrison Ave	\$	900,000					
60	5004 M	liddlebury 8	3000	Palmer Well #2 source development & construction	\$	650,000					
60	5079 M	lilton 8	3000	Railroad St water main & pressure sustaining valves	\$	2,100,000					
60	5130 St	t Albans, City of 10	200	Stebbins St water main	\$	350,000					
50	5065 Es	ssex, Town of	9734	Rte 15 waterline upgrade	\$	650,000					
				Planning loan put-asi	de ⁶		1	1			
	Mu	ultiple projects may be fund	led ir	n this cluster including the projects below			\$ 3,500,000	Add	itional Subsidy ⁷	\$981,120	
	5016 Be	ennington 13	3250	Larger raw water tank, Bolles Brook treatment plant							
	5204 Ne	ewport Center (Town)	330	HSA well replacement							
	5318 CI	hester, Town of	3200	New well, standby generator, and chemical feed							
	5016 Be	ennington 13	3250	Treatment plant filter replacements							
	5117 Fa	airfax		New well source							
	5213 Fo	ort Warren MHP		Brook Well new finished water storage tank, standby power, and pumphouse improvements							
	5218 Fa	air Haven	3076	South tank redundant loop							
	5303 Ve	ermont Academy	305	Storage tank construction and transmission main replacement							

5105	Brighton	1782	Source & treatment evaluation and upgrades						
5435	Commons Owners Assoc	19	PER for Moretown Commons improvements including emergency power						
5264	Crystal Springs	300	Hydraulic Survey						1
5378	Rutland Town Fire District 6	137	Additional well						
5154	Hyde Park, Village of	462	New groundwater source						1
5016	Bennington	13250	Replace Chapel Rd Water Tank						
5079	Milton	8000	Flanders water main replacement						
			Projects that submitted priority list applicat	ons with ineligi	ible scope ⁸				
5070	Hinesburg, Town of	2800	Connect well #6, install membrane filtration, and other improvements						
5096	Jericho Underhill	825	Poker Hill main extension						1
5310	Wilmington	1400	Rte 9 water extension						
			Sum Ioans above		\$ 37,172,805	\$ 2,452,800	\$ 17,632,160	\$ 8,816,080	
			Loan/subsidy \$ available ^{7, 9}	\$ 54,804,965	\$ 37,172,805	\$ 2,452,800	\$ 17,632,160	\$ 8,816,080	
				2022 Loan Amount	Loan Account GB ¹	GB Disadv Subsidy ²	Loan Account GS ¹	GS Disadv Subsidy ²	

- 1. Loan dollars for a General project may come from either GB (general base grant) or GS (general supplemental grant) or a combination. The two funding sources (GB and GS) are internally tracked for program budgeting and compliance but are equivalent for borrowers. Final grant sources may differ from those indicated above. Final loan amounts will be based on detailed projects cost approvals, including consolidation of planning loan remainers where applicable.
- 2. Disadvantaged Subsidy is up to 50% loan forgiveness available in a Disadvantaged Municipality per state statute (local MHI < state MHI & user rate > 1% MHI). The two sources of DisSub (GB and GS) are internally tracked but equivalent for borrowers. DisSub eligibility as is subject to change depending on detailed financial data at the time of loan application.
- 3. A continuing project was listed on an earlier IUP year priority list, received prior approval for a construction loan or is expected to receive approval by the adoption date of this IUP, and applied in February 2022 to be on this priority list. The loan amount shown is the additional need beyond the current or anticipated loan (which may be \$0). Loan terms continue with the amendment.
- 4. Bethel and Northfield submitted priority list applications with portions eligible to be funded under the Lead Service Line priority list. Killington's application is eligible under the Emerging Contaminants priority list. Overall loan estimates were split across priority lists.
- 5. Shelburne included service line inventory in their priority list application; they are eligible for technical assistance under the lead inventory set-asides described in this IUP.
- 6. Planning loan put-aside to fund multiple projects using base loan funds. Planning loans include Step 1 preliminary engineering, Step 2 design, and well exploration and development. The water systems itemized under this heading submitted priority list applications for those types of projects or for a Step 3 construction that has not yet finalized a PER so is likely to apply for Step 1 or 2 funding in this cycle. Other water systems may also apply for funding under this put-aside; see the IUP text for more details.
- 7. Additional Subsidy of \$981,120 available under the base funding loans will be applied to projects in the planning loan put-aside at a rate of 28%.
- 8. Projects that submitted priority list applications but are ineligible for DWSRF funding since they are primarily for system expansion.
- 9. \$3,418,480 of carry-forward from the current DWSRF account will be used toward supplemental loan agreements to allow full use of GS DisSub at 50%.
- 10. Loan term estimates are based on state statute and guidance documents. Interest rates are 0% for municipal and private borrowers. The fixed annual administrative fee is 0-2.75% for private systems and 0-2% for municipal systems. Subject to change depending on detailed financial data at the time of loan application and useful life of constructed assets.

DWSRF FFY 2022 Priority List - Lead service line removal and service line inventories											
Water System / Borrower	WSID	User Popln	Priority List Application Score	I	Lead Service Line Loan Amount	f	Loan forgiveness ¹	Loan portion to be repaid			
Service line replacement construction projects (including lead goosenecks) from priority list applications											
Town of Springfield, Contract I Bridge St area; 40 yrs, 0% interest+admin.	5333	9800	180	\$	2,000,000.00	\$	1,000,000.00	\$ 1,000,000.00			
Town of Bethel, Distribution Contract 2; 30 yrs, 2% interest+admin.	5315	1929	170	\$	850,000.00	\$	425,000.00	\$ 425,000.00			
Town of Northfield, Main St & Prospect; 40 yrs, 0% interest+admin.	5275	5145	155	\$	3,200,000.00	\$	1,600,000.00	\$ 1,600,000.00			
Service line inventory loans	Service line inventory loans offered to systems with user population >1000 and >250 connections										
Water System	WSID	User Popin	LSI score ³		Loan ⁴	f	Loan forgiveness ²	Loan portion to be repaid			
Castleton Fire District 1	5212	1940	60	\$	47,049.45	\$	47,049.45				
Johnson Village Water Dept	5156	1350	50	\$	52,963.48	\$	52,963.48				
Lyndonville	5040	4500	45	\$	197,134.56	\$	197,134.56				
Springfield Water Dept	5333	9800	45	\$	328,557.59	\$	328,557.59				
Brattleboro Water Dept	5290	12200	40	\$	473,122.94	\$	473,122.94				
Brighton	5105	1782	40	\$	93,441.78	\$	93,441.78				
Derby Center	5195	1400	40	\$	118,280.73	\$	118,280.73				
Enosburg Falls	5116	1700	40	\$	77,671.02	\$	77,671.02				
Ludlow Village Water Dept	5323	2818	40	\$	107,766.89	\$	107,766.89				
Richford	5126	1700	40	\$	101,327.16	\$	101,327.16				
Windsor Water Dept	5341	2350	40	\$	128,663.15	\$	128,663.15				
Bellows Falls Water Dept	5298	4000	35	\$	256,274.92	\$	256,274.92				
Bethel Water Dept	5315	1929	35	\$	45,998.06	\$	45,998.06				
Fairfax Water Dept	5117	1550	35	\$	37,586.99	\$	37,586.99				
Richmond Water Dept	5084	1000	35	\$	43,369.60	\$	43,369.60				
St Johnsbury	5045	5000	35	\$	235,510.08	\$	235,510.08				
Wilmington Water Dist	5310	1400	35	\$	34,564.26	\$	34,564.26				
Barre City	5254	14000	30	\$	545,405.61	\$	545,405.61				
Hardwick Town	5039	1900	30	\$	105,532.70	\$	105,532.70				
Poultney Water Dept	5227	2400	30	\$	88,053.44	\$	88,053.44				
Randolph Village	5179	2700	30	\$	105,007.01	\$	105,007.01				
Royalton Fire District 1	5330	1500	30	\$	49,283.64	\$	49,283.64				
Bradford Village	5170	1512	25	\$	75,305.40	\$	75,305.40				
Bromley Water Company	5024	4300	25	\$	52,569.22			\$ 52,569.22			
Chimney Hill	5312	2594	25	\$	71,625.56	\$	71,625.56				
Grand Isle Fire District 4	5139	1078	25	\$	47,969.41			\$ 47,969.41			
Hinesburg Water Dept	5070	2800	25	\$	118,937.85	\$	118,937.85				
Newport City	5202	4766	25	\$	289,130.68	\$	289,130.68				
North Bennington Water Dept	5017	1700	25	\$	88,579.13	\$	88,579.13				
Pittsford Florence Water Dept	5225	1923	25	\$	80,562.32	\$	80,562.32				
West Rutland Town	5244	2400	25	\$	118,280.73	\$	118,280.73				
Arlington Water Dept	5013	1250	20	\$	69,128.52	\$	69,128.52				
Brandon Fire District 1	5211	3865	20	\$	157,707.65	\$	157,707.65				
Bristol Water Dept	5002	2103	20	\$	91,339.01	\$	91,339.01				
Chester Water Dept	5318	3200	20	\$	73,596.90	\$	73,596.90				

Jay Peak	5565	6740	20	\$ 68,471.40	Ф	68,471.40		
Morrisville Water And Light	5160	2935	20	\$ 147,193.80	\$	147,193.80		
Mountain Water Company	5281	2400	20	\$ 85,687.82	\$	85,687.82		
Northfield Water Dept	5275	5145	20	\$ 165,330.18	\$	165,330.18		
<u>'</u>	5320	2262	20		_	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Quechee Central				\$ 113,418.08	\$	113,418.08		
Rutland City Water Dept	5229	18500	20	\$ 804,440.42	\$	804,440.42		
Winooski Water Dept	5102	8500	20	\$ 229,201.78	\$	229,201.78		
Barre Town	5566	1638	17	\$ 71,756.98	\$	71,756.98		
Proctor Water Dept	5228	2000	17	\$ 105,269.85	\$	105,269.85		
Burlington DPW Water Div	5053	42000	15	\$ 1,301,088.08	\$	1,301,088.08	_	
Edward Farrar Utility District	5284	6003	15	\$ 142,856.84			\$	142,856.84
Fair Haven Water Dept	5218	3076	15	\$ 154,290.65	\$	154,290.65		
Grand Isle Consolidated Water District	20614	1600	15	\$ 91,996.13			\$	91,996.13
Hartford Water Dept	5319	7600	15	\$ 275,988.38	\$	275,988.38		
Middlebury Water Dept	5004	8000	15	\$ 302,272.99	\$	302,272.99		
Milton Water Dept	5079	8000	15	\$ 328,557.59	\$	328,557.59		
North Hero	20562	2750	15	\$ 75,831.09			\$	75,831.09
Smugglers Notch	5151	2960	15	\$ 83,847.90			\$	83,847.90
St Albans Water Dept	5130	10200	15	\$ 525,692.15	\$	525,692.15		
Swanton Village Water	5132	2986	15	\$ 173,346.99	\$	173,346.99		
Village of Jericho	5077	1410	15	\$ 75,568.25			\$	75,568.25
Woodstock Aqueduct Co	5343	2473	15	\$ 102,115.70			\$	102,115.70
Montpelier	5272	8700	12	\$ 381,126.81	\$	381,126.81		
Stowe Water Dept	5163	3250	12	\$ 162,570.30	\$	162,570.30		
Tri Town Water District	5001	3800	12	\$ 236,561.47	\$	236,561.47		
Vergennes Panton Water District	5010	5100	12	\$ 281,245.30	\$	281,245.30		
Colchester Fire District 2	5059	8300	10	\$ 367,984.51			\$	367,984.51
Colchester Fire District 3	5060	7733	10	\$ 247,732.43			\$	247,732.43
Essex Junction Water Dept	5066	9500	10	\$ 433,696.03			\$	433,696.03
Manchester Water Dept	5022	4140	10	\$ 207,648.40			\$	207,648.40
Shelburne Water Dept	5087	5764	10	\$ 341,699.90			\$	341,699.90
Williston Water Dept	5098	7259	10	\$ 423,970.72			\$	423,970.72
Winhall Stratton Fire District 1	5305	6200	10	\$ 297,936.03			\$	297,936.03
Essex Town	5065	9734	5	\$ 436,981.60			\$	436,981.60
South Burlington City	5091	19500	5	\$ 1,078,326.03	\$	446,230.16	\$	632,095.87
			Sums	\$ 20,979,000.00	\$	13,891,500.00	\$ 7	7,087,500.00

Local median household income (MHI) by town or Census Designated Place, 2020 American Community Survey 5 yr avg.

^{1.} Loan forgiveness for lead service line removal construction projects is Disadvantaged Subsidy at 50% for all three projects, each of which has local MHI less than the state MHI. Term and rate details are based on local MHI and user rate calculations per state statute and program guidance documents.

^{2.} After construction projects, the remainder of Disadvantaged Subsidy loan forgiveness will be distributed across these inventory projects. 100% DisSub is available for water systems with local MHI ≤120% state MHI. The remainder of DisSub is allocated to a system below 120.1% state MHI. No DisSub over 120.1% state MHI.

^{3.} LSI score calculated based on subscores for number of service connections and an affordability score based on median household income (MHI). See IUP narrative for details. Equal LSI scores are sorted alphabetically above.

^{4.} Inventory loan amounts calculated based on user population and number of service connections. Loans would have the same terms as most planning loans, 5 years with 0% interest+admin.

			DW:	SRF FY22 Priority List - Emerging Contaminants					
Plist App Score	WSID	Water System User PopIn Project Line items					Subtotals		
		New	loans a	nd loan amendments to water systems ¹		\$ 6	,117,612.38		
175	21010	Killington Town ²	>750	New community water system to replace multiple systems with PFAS and other contaminants	\$ 3,679,807.98				
167	6075	Mount Holly School	120	Consolidate school with Town Garage well source due to PFAS contamination	\$ 275,600.00				
165	20361	Kids in the Country	30	New well source due to PFAS	\$ 70,000.00				
150	6098	Leicester School	115	Well casing seals to eliminate PFAS	\$ 61,490.00				
145	6690	E. Taylor Hatton School	50	New well source due to PFAS	\$ 113,460.00				
145	5194	Craftsbury Fire District #2	420	New well source due to PFAS	\$ 245,584.00				
135	5504	Fiddlehead Condominuims	60	New well source due to PFAS	\$ 71,670.40				
115	5016	Bennington Town	13250	Mains and service lines on Springhill and Settlers Rd to connect homes with private wells with PFAS	\$ 1,600,000.00				
	DWS	SRF loan balances	s from t	he 2020 or 2021 IUP to be rolled into construction	ı loans³	\$	64,469.90		
		Craftsbury Fire District #2		New well source due to PFAS (RF3-424-2.0)	\$ 60,026.20				
		Fiddlehead Condominuims		New well source due to PFAS (RF3-408-2.0)	\$ 4,443.70				
		Reimbursem	ent of s	state CECF grant for DWSRF-eligible expenses ³		\$	111,611.72		
		Mount Holly School		Consolidate school with Town Garage well source due to PFAS contamination	\$ 37,000.00				
157	2396	Killington Mountain School	125	GAC treatment installed to remove PFAS	\$ 39,862.50				
155	6764	Thetford Academy	450	GAC treatment installed to remove PFAS	\$ 30,094.62				
		Fiddlehead Condominuims		New well source due to PFAS	\$ 4,654.60				
Put-aside for Step 1 or 2 loans (preliminary engineering, source development, or design) for additional water systems									
Total									

^{1.} All loans and amendments on this priority list receive 100% subsidy (loan forgiven upon project completion). Projects were identified via DWSRF priority list applications, prior DWSRF loans, and/or priority listing on the state Contaminants of Emerging Concern Fund (CECF). All projects were scored based on priority list criteria.

^{2.} Killington new community water system will span multiple years. First year projects costs of \$10,000,000 are split between this row of EC funding and a row on the general priority list. The project will also receive a state FY22 ARPA Village Water & Wastewater grant for \$2,300,000, as shown in the table of ARPA projects published within the SFY22 CWSRF IUP.

^{3.} These are internal account transfers, not additional loan or grant dollars to be distributed directly to water systems. Some numbers may be reduced (leaving debt in prior DWSRF loans or CECF grants) depending on the exact date of costs relative to 11/15/21 in accordance with EPA guidance.