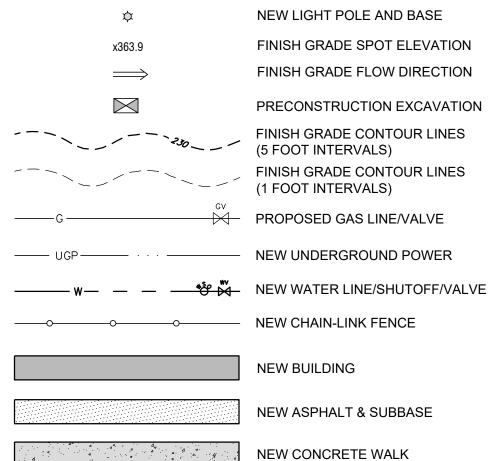


LOCATION MAP



PLANNING & ZONING INFORMATION LANDOWNER/APPLICANT: Jameson Partners LLC 734 Pitt Street, Mount Pleasant, SC 29464

NEW CONCRETE WALL

RICHMOND ZONING DISTRICT: Village Downtown (VD)

PARCEL NUMBER: DS0022

ACREAGE: 0.27 Acres

ZONING DATA Zoned: Village Downtown District (VD) **Existing Land Use: Mixed Use Commercial/Residential**

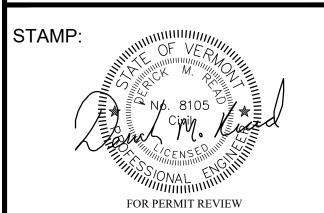
Proposed Land Use: Mixed Use Commercial/Residential							
	Requirements	Provided					
Min. Lot Area	0.125 ac	0.27 Acres					
Min. Lot Frontage	50 ft	96.8 ft					
Front Yard Setback	O ft	±2 ft					
Side Yard Setback	O ft*	5 ft					
Building Height	35 ft	35 ft					
Max. Lot Coverage	80%	80%					

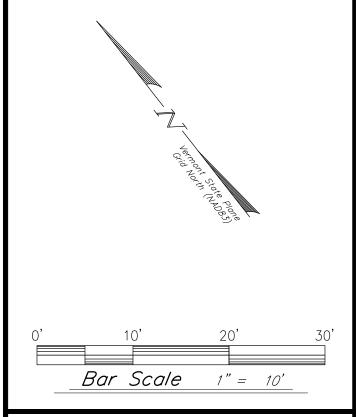
Source: May 23, 2022 Revision of Town of Richmond Zoning Regulations * 5 ft setback required for structures on district boundaries

Lot Coverage

Existing Lot Area = 0.27 Acres (11,899 s.f.) Proposed Impervious Area = 9,514 s.f. 80% Lot Coverage Allowed = 9,519 s.f. Proposed Lot Coverage = 80%







Project:

22 Depot Street Mixed Use Addition

Richmond, Vermont

Project No.	22280
Scale	1" = 10'
Drawn by	TJB
Checked by	
Date	06/15/2023
Povisions	

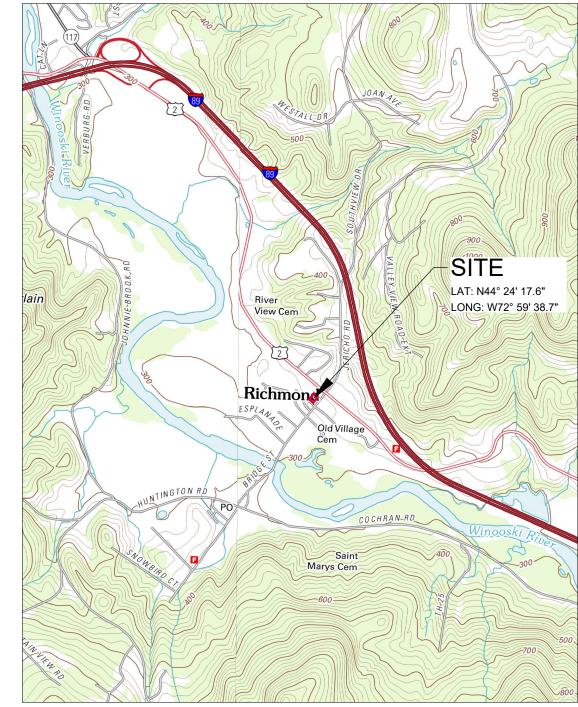
No.	Date	Description
1	06/23/2023	guide rail, curb revisions

Drawing Title

Overall Site Plan

Drawing No.





LOCATION MAP SCALE: 1" = 2,000 FT

LEGEND

Survey Control Point Existing Sign Existing Light Pole Existing Deciduous Tree Existing Evergreen Tree Existing Spot Grade Elevation Existing Contour Existing Gas Line/Valve — fm — — — Existing Sewer Forcemain — st— — — — — Existing Storm Line/Manhole/Basin Existing Overhead Electric Line/Power Pole Existing Overhead Utility — Existing Communications Line -ue&t— — — — — Existing Underground Electric & Telephone Line — Existing Site Lite Line — O Existing Guardrail Existing Tree Line —O——— Existing Chain Link Fence ———— Existing Stockade Fence ----- Existing Underground Power — WV So Existing Water Line/Hydrant/Valve/Shutoff ------- Approximate Property Line

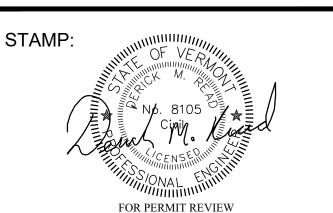
<u>NOTES</u>

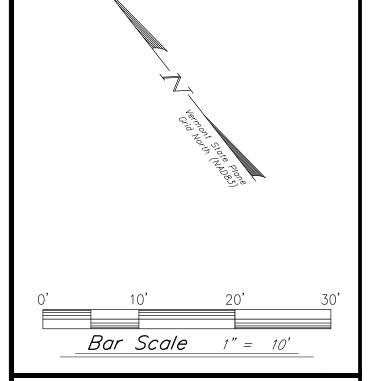
1. This plan is not intended to be a boundary survey. Property lines are based on physical evidence, a plat of survey "The Richmond Block" date 6-01-00, by Vaughn Button and tax map information from the Town of Richmond.

——— Existing Setback

- 2. The horizontal coordinate system is based on NAD83 Vermont State Plane 4400 (US Survey Feet). Elevations are based on NAVD88 datum (US Survey Feet).
- 3. Existing conditions are based on a topographic survey completed by Krebs & Lansing in September 2022.
- 4. Utilities are based on visible structures located during the topographic survey and are not warranted to exact or complete. Contractor shall contact Dig Safe and other non-member utilities prior to beginning any excavation.







Project:

22 Depot Street Mixed Use Addition

Richmond, Vermont

Project No.	22280
Scale	1" = 10'
Drawn by	TJB
Checked by	
Date	04/27/2023

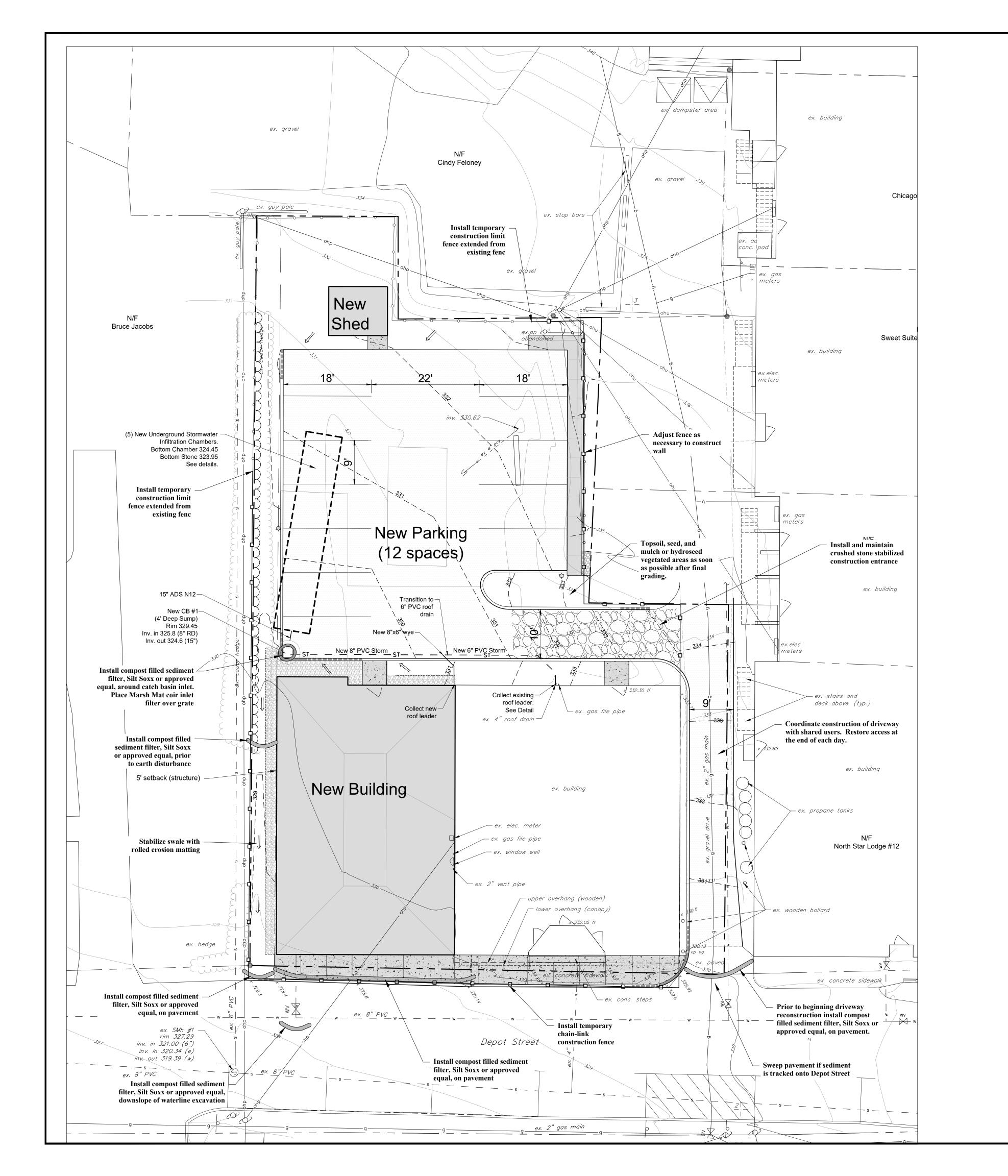
Revisions								
No. Date	Description							

Drawing Title

Overall Existing **Conditions Plan**

Drawing No.

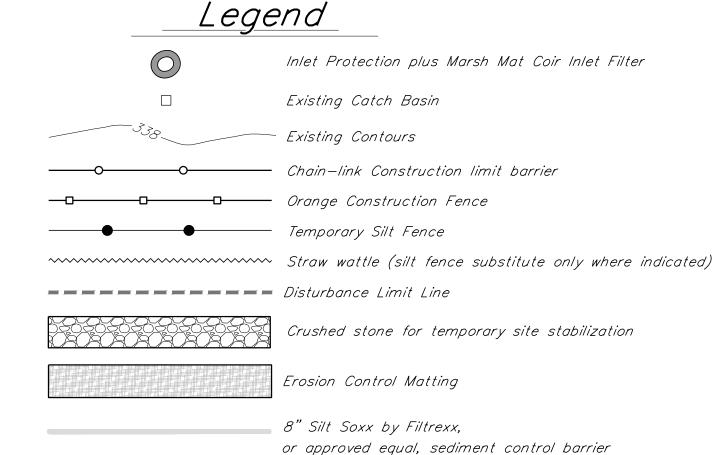
C-2.0



Erosion Prevention and Sediment Control Notes

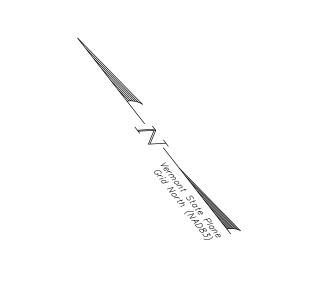
- 1. Contractor shall be responsible for complying with all State and Local erosion prevention and sediment control standards and permit requirements during construction.
- 2. The limit of disturbance shall be clearly defined by Contractor's surveyor prior to clearing. Clearing and grubbing shall not begin until disturbance limits and sediment controls are in place. All roots, stumps and deleterious materials shall be removed from the site. The Contractor shall minimize the amount of disturbed land at any given time.
- 3. The erosion prevention and sediment control practices shown on these plans are the minimum required for the project. The Contractor shall employ and maintain as many best management practices as necessary to prevent soil from leaving the construction site. If evidence is found of sediment tracking or eroded soil leaving the construction site, the Engineer may direct Site Contractor to implement additional best management practices at no additional cost to Owner.
- 4. All areas of disturbance shall be permanently or temporarily stabilized as soon as possible and within 48 hours of final grading. All areas of disturbance shall be at least temporarily stabilized daily during winter construction unless the following exceptions apply:
 - a. Stabilization is not required if earthwork is to continue in the area in the next 24 hours and there is no precipitation forecast in the next 24 hours.
 - b. Stabilization is not required if the work is occurring in a self—contained excavation (i.e. no outlet) with a depth of 2 ft. or greater (e.g. house foundation excavation, utility trenches). Stabilization measures shall include mulch and netting, erosion control matting, crushed stone, gravel, or pavement.
- 6. Unless specifically indicated on the plans acceptable methods of stabilization shall include:
 - Mulching Straw or Hay applied at 2 tons per acre Approximately 2" uniform thickness. Only allowed on relatively flat areas with minimum upslope watershed. Mulch must be properly secured with netting to prevent material from being blown away by wind (windthrow).
- Hydroseeding* Applied at the manufacturer's recommended application rate. Contractor shall provide
 evidence of proper application rate. Hydroseeding must be accompanied by erosion control matting in
 areas of concentrated flow.
- Erosion control matting S150BN matting must be applied to all slopes 3:1 (H:V) or greater (unless otherwise indicated).
- Crushed stone or crushed gravel Typically used for temporary access roads and construction staging areas.
- 7. The Contractor shall use water for dust control.
- 8. The Contractor shall provide inlet protection around all catch basins (existing or new) that collect construction site stormwater runoff. At a minimum, MarshMat, or approved equal, coir inlet filters shall be installed over all catch basin grates. Additional inlet control shall be installed as identified on the plans or as warranted during construction. Inlet protection must be maintained until final stabilization has been reached.
- 9. A stabilized construction entrance (See Detail) shall be installed and maintained at all construction access locations if construction vehicles travel off the existing hardscape. Contractor shall be responsible for installing crushed stone to provide stable areas for construction vehicle traffic, staging, and storage. The Contractor is responsible for providing and maintaining sufficient stone to prevent rutting and sediment tracking.
- 10. Any paved roads used by construction vehicles shall be swept daily, or at a greater frequency, if dirt or gravel is tracked from the site. The swept debris shall be immediately removed from face of curb if applicable.
- 11. All temporary erosion and sediment control measures shall be removed within 30 days after final stabilization or after the measures are no longer needed, unless otherwise authorized.
- 12. All sediment removed from sediment control practices shall be placed in an approved soil disposal area.
- 13. All areas that do not have established vegetation by October 15th must be stabilized in accordance with the Winter Stabilization requirements outlined in the Low Risk Site Handbook. See Details.
- 14. After permanent seeding the Contractor shall be responsible for watering to ensure adequate vegetative growth.

 Weed growth is not considered acceptable vegetative growth.
- 15. The location of temporary construction fencing and the temporary access shown on the plan are for schematic purposes only. The Contractor shall be responsible for providing all necessary temporary construction fencing, temporary roads, staging areas, etc., necessary to complete the work.
- 16. Water from dewatering activities that flows off site must be clear. Turbid, or visibly discolored water must not be pumped into storm sewers.





STAMP:





Project:

22 Depot Street
Mixed Use Addition

Richmond, Vermont

22280

Scale	1" = 10'
Drawn by	TJB
Checked by	
Date	04/27/2023
Revisions No. Date	Description

Drawing Title

Project No.

Erosion Prevention & Sediment Control Plan

Drawing No.

C-3.0

Concrete Notes

6" wide gravel -

shoulder

- All concrete used in the construction of concrete sidewalk shall be air entrained and made with Portland cement. The concrete shall meet section 541 of the State of Vermont Standard Specification for Construction for Class A concrete and have 28 day compressive strength of 4,000 psi.
- Broom finish concrete - Construction joints shall be spaced max. 20' in all directions. Joint filler shall be resilient non-extruding cellular fiber joint, uniformly saturated with asphalt, offering a minimum of 70% recovery after compression.

Mirafi 500x-

Undisturbed earth or approved fill material compacted to 95%/

standard proctor in 12" lifts.—

6" As shown on plans

6" thick Class A 4000 psi —

2% cross slope, typ.

- Score control joints 1-1/2" depth at intervals equal to width of sidewalk. All joints shall be saw cut. - Apply SpecChem Cure Shield cure and seal
 - product to all concrete surfaces, per the manufacturer's specifications. - Concrete construction and curing shall conform to section 618.03 of the current VAOT Standard Specifications for Construction

Owner or Contractor is not allowed to place deicing materials on newly poured concrete sidewalk for a _4" topsoil, see period of 6 months. site plan for grading 12" Crushed gravel subbase

New Concrete Sidewalk Detail (For Concrete Walks 6ft. Wide or Less)

(704.05, Coarse).

Construction Material Specifications

- 1. Unless otherwise indicated all civil site materials shall comply with the Vermont Agency of Transportation "Standard Specifications for Construction" 2018.
- 2. The Contractor shall follow Vermont Highway Specifications (2018) Section 203.11 for placing and spreading
- 3. Except where specified for the Gravel Wetland Embankment, Fill material for Embankment shall be clean, shall contain no stones greater than 3" in diameter, no frozen lumps, clay, organics, roots or contaminated material, shall meet the sieve indicated below, and shall be approved by the Engineer. Fill shall be placed in 12" lifts, wetted and compacted with satisfactory compaction equipment to 90% of maximum density (Standard Proctor).

<u>% Finer</u> 85-100 60-100 30 maximum

4. Crushed Gravel for Subbase shall conform to Vermont Highway Specifications (2018) 704.05 and shall meet the

COARSE GRADED FINE GRADED _% Finer _% Finer 95-100 1 1/2" 90-100 *30–60 30–60* No. 100 0-12 No. 100 0-12 No. 200 0-6 No. 200 0-6

5. Dense Graded Crushed Stone for Subbase shall conform to Vermont Highway Specifications (2018) 704.06 and shall meet the following gradation requirements:. <u> % Finer</u>

> 3-1/2" 100 90-100 75-100 *50-80* 1/2" 30-60 15–40 No. 4 No. 200 0-6

6 Drainage Aggregate, Drainage Rock, and Clean Crushed Stone for Drainage shall conform to Vermont Highway Specifications (2018) 704.16 and shall meet the following gradation requirements:

> 100 3/4" 90-100 3/8" 20-55 0-10

> > 0-5

7. Sand Borrow and Cushion shall conform to Vermont Highway Specifications (2018) 703.03 and shall meet the following gradation requirements:.

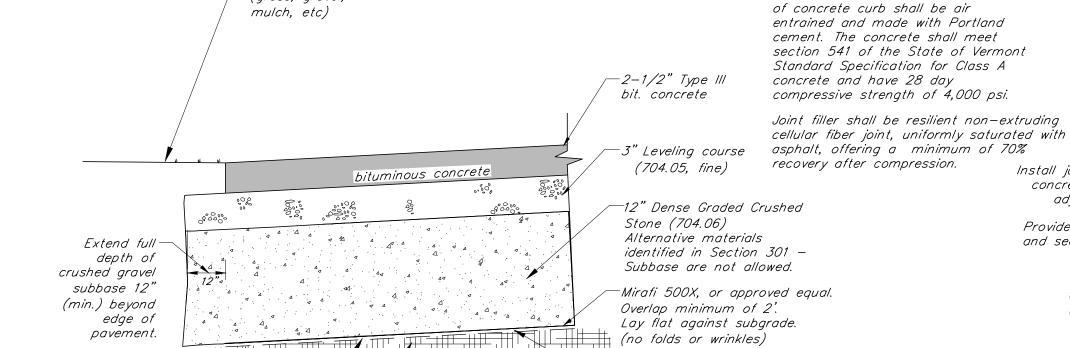
> 3/4" 100 1/2" 70-100 No. 4 60-100 No. 100 0-20 No. 200 0-8

7. Portland Cement Concrete shall conform to the current edition of the Vermont AOT Standard Specifications for Construction Section 541 and shall meet the properties of the Concrete Class identified on the plans. Concrete specified with a 5,000 psi, 28-Day Compressive Strength shall meet the following mix design:

Max. water-cement ratio (lb./lb.) 0.44 Min. cement factor (lbs/C.Y.) Entrained air content (%) *5 – 7* Slump (inches, before adding HRWR) 2 - 4

Use air entrained agent conforming to ASTM C260 with 5-7% total air. Use

high range water reducing agent conforming to ASTM C494 in all concrete. $^{6.}$ The Owner will pay for on site soils testing (compaction, sieve, and proctor). The Contractor shall pay for



-Match existing adjacent material

(grass, gravel,

placing fill or gravel. The Contractor shall prepare the subgrade in conformance with the design grades then, in the presence of the Engineer, shall proof roll the subgrade with a loaded tandem dump truck. Conditions may require the removal of unsuitable material and placement of additional subbase. The Owner must approve any work involved with the removal of unsuitable material and placement of additional

Undisturbed material or

compacted fill (See Note 13

Road Construction Notes)

Remove all organics before

- Contractor shall shape

drainage prior to installing

and roll subgrade to

reflect finish grade

Without Concrete Curb

Signage Requirements

All signage and pavement marking include all necessary items to make product complete. All labor, materials, equipment and construction for signage and markings shall comply with AOT specifications. The location of each sign is shown on the plan or will be identified by the

- 1. All sign posts shall be 2" square galvanized steel posts with anchors. Bottom of all signs to be 7 feet above nearest adjacent curb or pavement elevation.
- 2. All square tube steel posts and anchors shall be formed into a size and shape in such a manner that neither flash nor weld shall interfere with the telescoping properties, nor damage the galvanizing.
- 3. Anchors may be driven or set into a dug hole and backfilled. If driven, a driving cap shall be used. the dug hole installation method shall be utilized in areas with poor soil conditions or as directed by the engineer. Backfill shall be compacted as directed by the
- 4. The tops of sign posts shall be at or near the top of sign. The post shall not extend above the top of sign.
- 5. Sign posts shall be installed a minimum of one foot below ground, inside the anchor. The length of anchor exposed above ground shall not exceed four inches.
- 6. All sign panels shall have retroreflective backgrounds

Prior to paving, grind— —Prior to paving, grind existing asphalt (1-1/2" _Smooth cut existing asphalt (12" beyond = existing asphalt (1-1/2" depth), 12" minimum limit of excavation) prior to paving. All depth), 12" minimum beyond joints shall be cleaned and thoroughly beyond pavement sawcut to pavement sawcut to offset coated with emulsified asphalt offset pavement joint pavement joint Smooth cut existing bit. pavement prior toackslashpa γ ing. All joints shall be -1/16" tolerance thoroughly cleaned Existing bit. and coated with — Thickness of existing emulsified asphalt prior to paving. pavement (3-1/2" minimum) ■ Thickness of existing Sawcut pavement (24" minimum Existing gravel crushed gravel base subbase per VT state spec. 704.05, fine) Trench Excavation

- 1. Set up and maintain signs and other safety control devices.
- 2. Reshape hole and patch area by cutting with a concrete saw into square or rectangular shape and cut side faces vertically. Reshape downward solid material and around hole to sound pavement
- 3. Backfill trench in 6" lifts and compact each lift to 95% of maximum density of optimum moisture content as determined by ASTM D698 standard proctor.
- 4. Remove all loose material and thoroughly sweep the hole area clean of mud and standing water.
- 5. Apply liquid asphalt tack to vertical faces in a uniform manner. Do not puddle tack coat on bottom of hole.
- 6. Fill top of hole with type $I\!\!I$ bituminous concrete and compact in lifts no more than 2" thick. Each lift should be thoroughly compacted with a vibratory plate compactor or a portable roller. Experience has shown that 15 to 20 passes with a vibratory roller and mix temperature above 250°F (121°C) are necessary to ensure good compaction. Hand tamp should only be be used for small areas (less than 1 s.f.)
 - 7. Clean up area. Do not leave excess fill or excavated material on the pavement. Remove safety signs.

Replacement of Existing Road Subbase and Bituminous Pavement

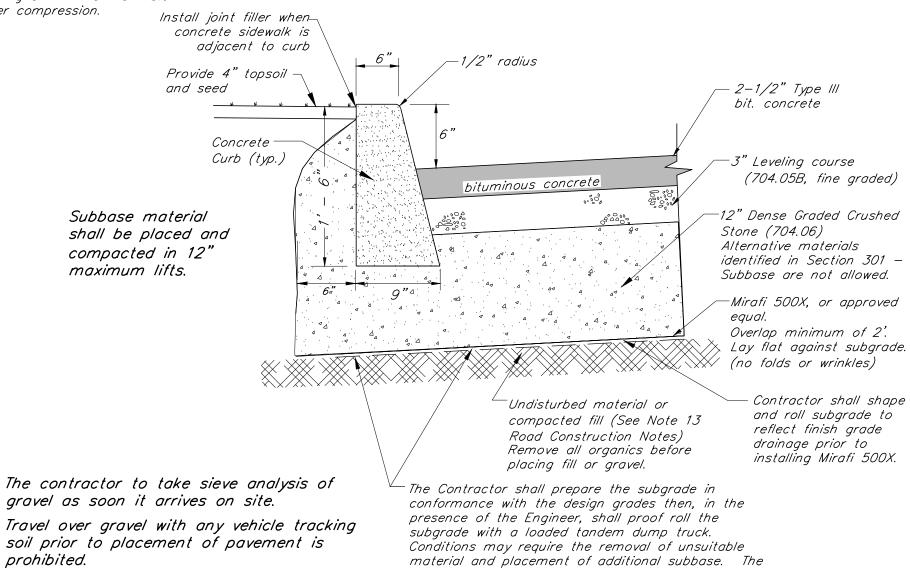
Concrete Curb

- Broom finish concrete

All concrete used in the construction

- All joints to be tool finished
- Expansion/contraction joints every 20' with 1/2" joint filler. - Score 1/3 total depth at 10' intervals
- Apply SpecChem Cure Shield EX cure and seal product to
- all concrete surfaces, per the manufacturer's specifications. - Concrete may not be poured if frost is present or thawing in the subgrade, if the temperature is 40° F or less, or
- during unseasonable weather conditions. Concrete curb radii less than 200 ft shall be formed with flexible forms

The Engineer shall be contacted at least 24 hours prior to forming concrete curb to review layout.



With Concrete Curb

Owner must approve any work involved with the removal of unsuitable material and placement of

Typical Road Cross Section Detail

Road Construction Notes

If gravel is contaminated after placement,

the Site Contractor shall be responsible removal of all contaminated gravel and paying for all recommended sieve analysis

as determined by the Engineer.

(All references to road shall apply to parking areas and sidewalks as well.)

1. New road shall be constructed to the line and grade shown on the drawings. The road and utility locations shall be as typically detailed unless otherwise shown.

additional subbase.

- 2. All road and parking construction shall be completed in accordance with the Vermont Agency of Transportation "Standard Specifications for Construction" 2011, hereafter called Vermont Highway Specifications, specifications found on these plans, and project specifications. In case of conflict, the more stringent specification shall apply as determined by the Engineer.
- 3. The Contractor shall follow Vermont Highway Specifications (2011) Section 203.11 for placing and spreading embankments.
- 4. Fill material for road embankment shall meet Note #13 below and be approved by the Engineer. Fill shall be placed in 12" lifts, wetted and compacted with satisfactory compaction equipment to 95% of maximum density (Standard
- 5. Road in fill sections shall be placed and compacted a minimum of 3 feet above top of any utility to be installed before trench is excavated for pipe placement. In trenches and cut sections, the Contractor shall provide all necessary sheeting, shoring and bracing to maintain compliance with all OSHA/VOSHA regulations.
- 6. Methods for construction of subgrade shall conform to Vermont Highway Specifications (2011) 203.12 or as determined by the Engineer.
- 7. Any subgrade or subbase disturbed by Contractor, or rendered unsuitable by construction machinery, shall be removed and replaced with approved granular backfill at the Contractor's expense. The subgrade shall be compacted to attain at least 95% of the maximum density (Standard Proctor) before placing road or embankment materials.
- 8. The Owner will pay for on site soils testing (compaction, sieve, and proctor). The Contractor shall pay for failing tests. The Contractor is fully responsible for coordinating all testing/inspections. Contractor shall provide minimum 24 hour notice to testing agency prior to placement of any item to be tested.
- 9. Sand borrow and cushion shall conform to Vermont Highway Specifications (2011) 703.03. Granular borrow shall conform to the Vermont Highway Specifications 703.04.
- 10. Gravel subbase for pavement shall conform to Vermont Highway Specifications (2011) 704.05, coarse. Substitute materials identified in VAOT Specifications <u>Section 301 - Subbase</u> are not allowed.
- 11. Leveling course shall conform to Vermont Highway Specifications (2011) 704.05, fine grading. Shoulders shall conform to Section 704.12, Aggregate for Shoulders.
- 12. Bituminous concrete pavement shall conform to Vermont Highway Specifications (2011) Section 404 and 406. Binder course shall be Type I + II, and finish wearing course shall be Type III, IV, or as detailed.
- 13. Embankment fill for all impervious areas, EXCLUDING BUILDINGS, shall be a sieve specification as follows: 100 *85–100* 60-100 30 maximum
- 14. Dense graded crushed stone, crushed gravel and sand borrow shall not be contaminated by work. Construction traffic shall not travel over exposed areas of this material.
- 15. Contractor is responsible for all pavement markings (ie. parking striping, handicap markings, stop bars, etc.) shown or implied on the Plans. Refer to pavement marking requirements below.

Pavement Marking Notes

- 1. Typical parking space is 9'-0" center of line to center of line marked with 4" wide White Paint.
- 2. ADA space shall have painted blue box with white stencil and trim per ADA requirements.
- 3. Paint for pavement markings shall be Hydrophast Waterborne Traffic Paint by Franklin Paint Company. It shall be reflective, VOC compliant fast drying, 100% acrylic waterborne traffic paint. Confirm paint color with Owner prior to application.
- 4. Traffic paint shall be applied with a uniform thickness and at a rate such that no pavement is visible after drying. Additional paint application will be required if underlying pavement is visible.

LA	REBS & NSING SULTING ENGINEERS
164 Main Street, Suite 201	P: (802) 878-0375
Colchester, Vermont 05446	www.krebsandlansing.com

STAMP:

Project:

22 Depot Street Mixed Use Addition

Richmond, Vermont

Project No.	22280
Scale	1" = 10'
Drawn by	TJB
Checked by	
Date	04/27/2023
Date	0112112020

Re	Revisions								
No.	Date	Description							

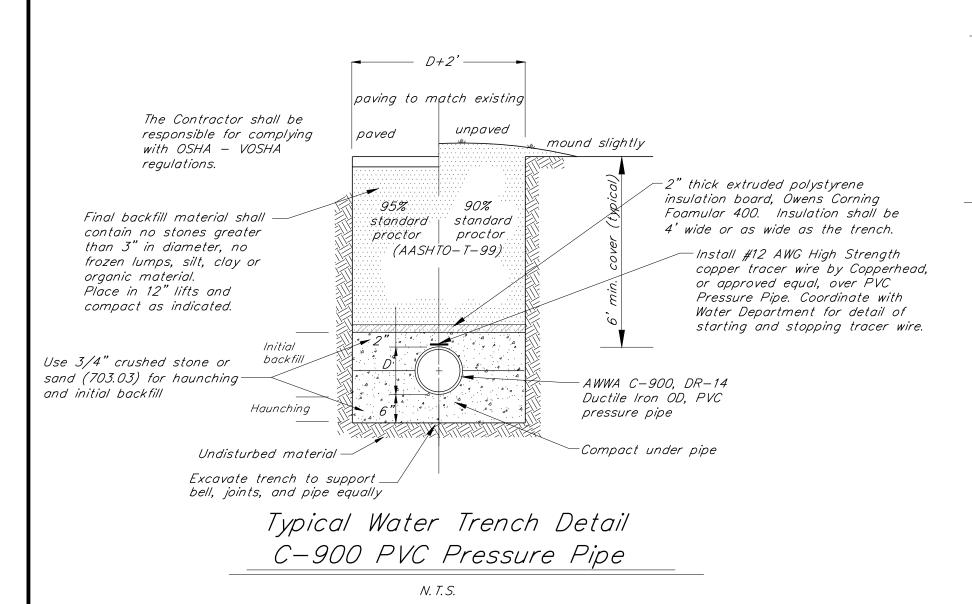
Drawing Title

Civil Details

Drawing No.

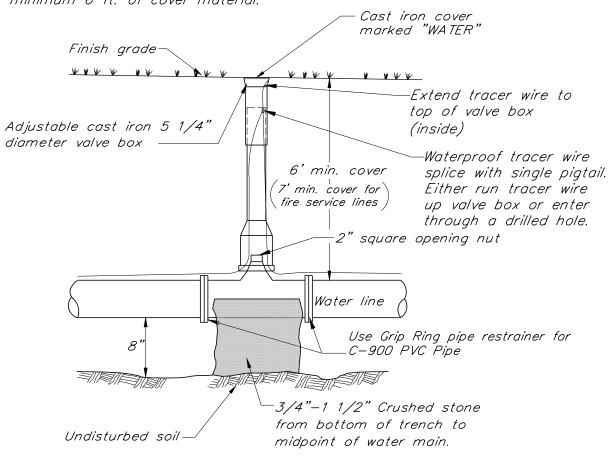
22280\DWGS\22280 base.dwg

N. T. S.

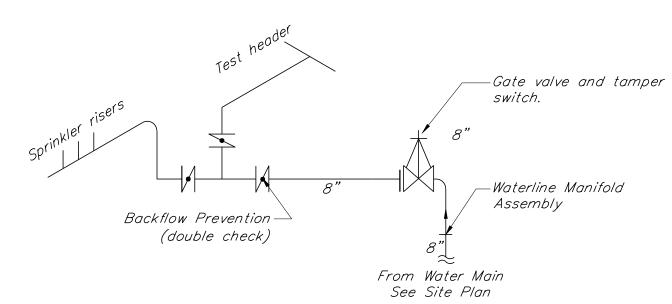


*The Contractor shall confirm all valve * specifications with Municipality before ordering.

- 1. Gate valves shall be meet all requirements of A.W.W.A. C509 and C515 Standards (latest edition). Valves with mechanical joints of sizes as required on the plans.
- 2. All valves shall be of cast or ductile iron body and shall be coated with fusion bonded epoxy complying with AWWA C-550 and be NSF 61 approved. Valve shall have manufacturer's name, pressure rating, and manufacture date cast on the
- 3. All valves shall include non-rising stem, high strength bronze stem and nut, 100% coated wedge, "O" Ring Stem Seals above and below the thrust collar, a 2" square operating nut, mechanical joint ends, and corrosion resistant stainless steel body bolts and nuts.
- 4. Gate valves shall open counter-clockwise (left) and be designed for a minimum working pressure of 200 psi.
- 5. Valves shall be equipped with a two piece, sliding type cast iron valve box for a minimum 6 ft. of cover material.



Typical Resilient Wedge Gate Valve



See plumbing/fire protection drawings for complete design and details of sprinkler system, domestic water must be isolated from sprinkler system with Watts Series 709 double check or approved equal.

Backflow Preventer Schematic

N. T. S.

Construction Notes

The Contractor will be responsible for all construction of water main, storm and sanitary sewer systems as shown on the plans. The Contractor will be responsible for all necessary adapters, fittings, etc. to make connections to the existing and proposed units. The Contractor shall be responsible for all work shown or implied on the plans and/or referenced in the specifications and permits. The Contractor shall submit, for approval by the Engineer, all types of materials and products used.

 $Water\ Main$ (Applies to new domestic water mains and services) (See also Fire Service Main Notes)

- 1. The pipe for water main shall conform to AWWA C-900-07, DR-14, ductile iron O.D. pressure pipe. Fittings shall conform to AWWA C110, 350 pounds working pressure. Valves shall be manufactured to meet all requirements of AWWA specification C509 or C515. Tracer wire shall be placed over the water line and shall extend from gate valve curb box to curb box or other approved above grade termination.
- 2. All pipe shall be installed in accordance with AWWA C600. The pipe shall be kept free of foreign matter and debris during installation. When the process of pipe laying has stopped, any open ends of pipe shall be plugged. There shall be a minimum of 6'-0" (1.82 m) cover over all pipe and service lines. Any pipe deflection shall not exceed fifty (50%) percent of recommended manufacturer's maximum deflection. Backfill materials and procedures shall be as detailed on the drawings. The Contractor shall be responsible for any and all sheeting and/or shoring necessary to comply with OSHA - VOSHA regulations.
- 3. The testing of the water main shall consist of the testing of all installed pipe, services and hydrants in accordance with AWWA C600. The testing shall consist of a pressure test and leakage test. All testing shall be done with potable water and in the presence of the Engineer, and representatives from the Town of Milton Water Department. The pressure test consists of maintaining a minimum internal pipe pressure of 200 psi (140,620 kg/m^2) for two (2) hours. The testing allowance shall be defined as the maximum quantity of makeup water that is added into a pipeline undergoing hydrostatic pressure testing, or any valved section thereof, in order to maintain pressure within +/-5 psi of the specified test pressure (after the pipeline has been filled with water and the air has been expelled). No pipe installation will be accepted if the quantity of makeup water is greater than that determined by the following formula:

 $L = SD\sqrt{P}$

- L = testing allowance (makeup water), in gallons per hour S = Length of pipe tested, in feet D = Nominal pipe diameter, in inches
- P = average test pressure during the hydrostatic test, in pounds per square inch (gauge)
- 4. Chlorinating of the system shall be accomplished after the water main has been successfully pressure tested and thoroughly flushed. Disinfecting shall be in accordance with AWWA C-651. The disinfecting process shall be deemed acceptable only after two consecutive sets of acceptable samples, taken from the flushed and disinfected main 24 hours apart, shows no evidence of bacteriological contamination. For proper disinfection use minimum 25 mg/l chlorine concentration for 24 hours. The concentration must remain above 10 mg/l. Tablet disinfecting is not acceptable.
- 5. The water main shall be thoroughly flushed with a minimum flow velocity of 2.5 ft/s to flush foreign materials out of the valves and hydrants. Prior to flushing, the Contractor shall contact the Owner, Fire Department in the municipality, the District Water Supply or Department of Public Works, and the Engineer.

Fire Service Main

- 1. The testing of the water main shall consist of the testing of all installed pipe, services and hydrants in accordance with NFPA 24. The testing shall consist of a pressure test and leakage test. All testing shall be done with potable water and in the presence of the Engineer. The pressure test consists of maintaining a minimum internal pipe pressure of 200 psi (140,620 kg/m^2) for two (2) hours. The amount of leakage at the joints shall not exceed 2 qt/hr per 100 gaskets or joints, irrespective of pipe diameter. If the pressure drops more than 5 psi (3515 kg/m^2) in the first hour, this constitutes failure of the test for the particular section of pipe. Failure of any test section will necessitate repair and/or replacement of the failed section.
- 2. Chlorinating of the system shall be accomplished after the water main has been successfully pressure tested and thoroughly flushed. Disinfecting shall be in accordance with AWWA C-651. The disinfecting process shall be deemed acceptable only after two samples of water from the flushed disinfected main, taken 24 hours apart, shows no evidence of bacteriological contamination. Use minimum 25 mg/l chlorine concentration for 24 hours. The concentration must remain above 10 mg/l. Tablet disinfecting is not acceptable.
- 3. Acceptable water main flushing requirements are provided below. Prior to flushing, the Contractor shall contact the Owner, Public Works Department of the municipality, and the Engineer.

Underground piping, from the water supply to the system riser, and lead-in connections to the system riser shall be completely flushed before the connection is made to downstream fire protection system piping.

The flushing operation shall be continued for a sufficient time to ensure thorough cleaning.

The minimum rate of flow shall be not less than one of the following:

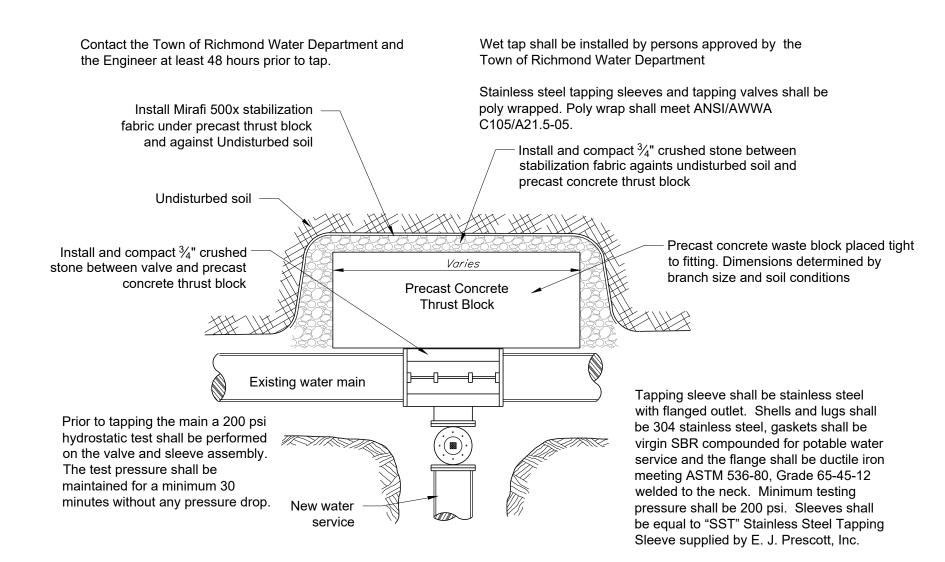
- (1) Hydraulically calculated water demand flow rate of the system, including any hose requirements. (provided by the mechanical/sprinkler consultant)
- (2) Flow necessary to provide a velocity of 10 ft/sec (3.1 m/sec) in accordance with the table.
- (3) Maximum flow rate available to the system under fire conditions.

Flow Required to Produce a Velocity of 10 ft/sec in Pipes

Pip	e Size	Flow Rate					
in.	mm	gpm	L/min				
4	102	390	1,476				
6	152	880	<i>3,331</i>				
8	203	1,560	<i>5,905</i>				
10	254	2,440	<i>9,235</i>				
12	<i>305</i>	3,520	13,323				

WATER & SEWER Testing and Contractor Coordination Requirements

- 1. All water lines and sewer lines shall be thoroughly tested by the Contractor in accordance with the Environmental Protection Rules (09/29/07), and the Chapter 21 Water Supply Rules (the more stringent rule shall apply).
- 2. All private or municipal waterlines shall be tested by the Contractor in accordance with the procedures outlined in AWWA C600 and/or NFPA 24.
- 3. The Contractor will be responsible for all construction of water main and sanitary sewer systems as shown on the plans. The Contractor will be responsible for all necessary adapters, fittings, etc. to make connections to the existing and proposed units. The Contractor shall be responsible for all work shown or implied on the plans and/or referenced in the specifications and permits. The Contractor shall submit, for approval by the Engineer, all types of materials and products used.
- 4. No water main shall be closer than ten (10) feet to any sanitary sewer or sanitary manhole and five (5) feet to any catch basin or storm sewer line. Provide minimum of 18" vertical separation between water main and storm/sanitary sewer crossing.
- 5. The Contractor shall be responsible for construction as-builts to service locations, and any water main fittings. As-builts shall be recorded in accordance with the outlined procedures.
- 6. The Contractor shall be responsible for contacting the Engineer, Municipality, and Water District, when applicable, at least 48 hours prior to starting construction on any portion of the exterior water or sanitary systems. This notification requirement shall continue to the completion of the water and sanitary systems.
- 7. Utility Testing. The Contractor shall be responsible for scheduling water and sanitary testing, with the Engineer, Municipality Public Works Department, and/or the Water District at a minimum of 48 hours prior to the test. Based on availability of Engineer's staff, the Engineer shall accommodate the testing schedule within 48 hours of the Contractor requested test date/time.
- 8. The Contractor must successfully pre-test the water and forcemain for 2 hours prior to scheduling the Engineer. The Contractor shall notify Engineer immediately if pre-test failed.
- 9. The Contractor shall immediately contact the Engineer if pre-scheduled testing and/or water/sewer construction is canceled. If Contractor does not contact Engineer and Engineer visits the site, the Contractor shall be responsible for Engineer's fees/mileage for site visit.
- 10. The Contractor shall coordinate water construction with the Milton Water Department. The Contractor shall leave thrust blocks and other required sections of new line exposed until the Water Department has inspected and approved them.



Tapping Sleeve and Valve Detail

N. T.S.



STAMP:

-Area of bearing against undisturbed

Undisturbed earth Section Elevation

must be used where concrete is specified. Sacrete is NOT acceptable. Anchorage of Valves 4. Use 'GripRing' pipe restrainer for C-900 PVC at all fittings. — 3/4" - 1 1/2" stone - Minimum one

Valve/Dead End

Note

Buried gate valve

with concrete support

(typical) —

and anchor (see buried

gate valve detail above).

6" (15.2 cm) min.

Undisturbed soil

into trench wall

1. A thrust block shall be

installed at all waterline

bends, end caps, and tees.

2. Precast thrust blocks shall be

used but concrete must be

block and undisturbed soil.

poured between back of concrete

3. Redi-mix concrete (2,500 psi min)

-Use mega-lug retainers -3/4"-1 1/2" full length of pipe Undisturbed soil— Crushed stone

Reducer Note: Place 4 mil. (minimum) polyethylene sheet between

all concrete thrust blocks and pipe/or fittings to Concrete shall not cover bolts, etc. of fittings. -Undisturbed soil

> 90°,45°, 22 1/2°, or 11 1/4° Bend

Minimum Area of Bearing Surface of Concrete Thrust Block (in square feet)

prevent bond.

Undisturbed soil

		3"			4	4"			6	"			8	, ,,			12	"			SAFE
ENDS & TEES	VAL VES 90° ELB.	REDUC. 45° ELB.	22.5° ELB.	ENDS & TEES	VAL VES 90° ELB.	REDUC. 45° ELB.	22.5° ELB.	ENDS & TEES	VAL VES 90° ELB.	REDUC. 45° ELB.	22.5° ELB.	ENDS & TEES	VAL VES 90° ELB.	REDUC. 45° ELB.	22.5° ELB.	ENDS & TEES	VAL VES 90° ELB.	REDUC. 45° ELB.	22.5° ELB.	SOIL CONDITION	BEARING LOAD(PSF)
0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	1.0	0.5	0.5	1.0	1.5	1.0	0.5	2.0	<i>2.5</i>	<i>1.5</i>	1.0	4.0	<i>5.5</i>	<i>3.0</i>	1.5	Sound shale	10,000
1.0	1.0	1.0	0.5	1.5	2.0	1.0	0.5	3.0	4.0	2.0	1.0	<i>4</i> . <i>5</i>	6.5	<i>3.5</i>	2.0	10.0	14.0	7.5	4.0	Cemented gravel & sand	4,000
1.0	1.0	1.0	0.5	2.0	0.5	1.5	1.0	3.5	<i>5.0</i>	3.0	1.5	6.0	<i>8.5</i>	<i>5.0</i>	2.5	13.0	18.5	10.0	5.0	Coarse & fine compact sand	3,000
1.5	2.5	1.5	1.0	2.5	<i>3.5</i>	2.0	1.0	5.5	7.5	4.0	2.0	9.0	13.0	7.0	<i>3.5</i>	20.0	27.5	15.0	8.0	Medium clay (can be spaded)	2,000
3.0	4.5	2.5	1.5	5.0	7.0	4.0	2.0	10.5	15.0	8.0	4.0	18.0	<i>25.0</i>	14.0	7.0	39.0	<i>55.0</i>	30.0	15.0	Soft clay	1,000
Max	Maximum water pressure = 200 PSI (140,620 kg/m 2)																				

Thrust Block Details

Project:

22 Depot Street Mixed Use Addition

Richmond, Vermont

22280 Project No. 1" = 10' Scale TJB Drawn by Checked by 04/27/2023 Date

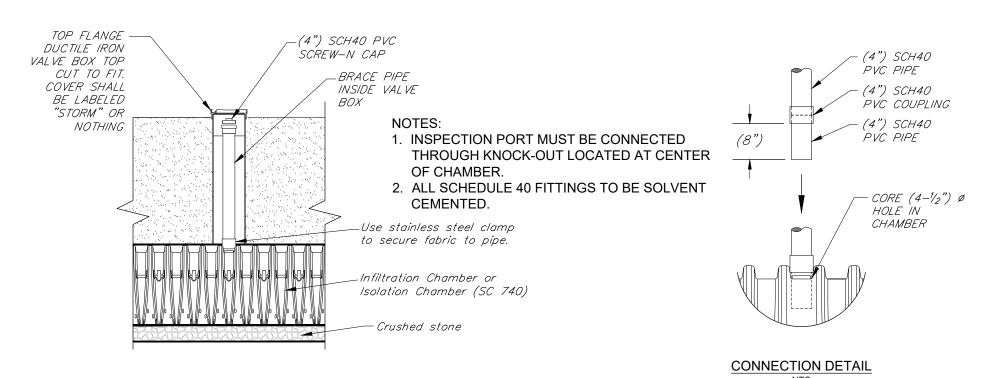
Revisions No. Date Description

Drawing Title

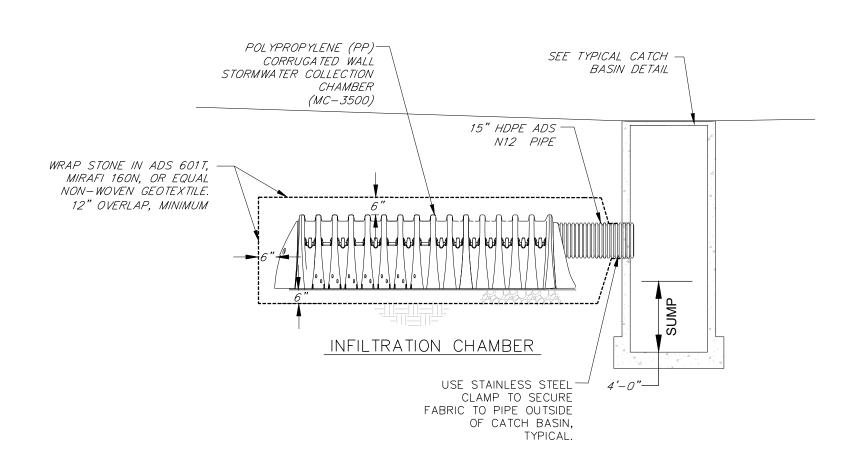
Civil Details

Drawing No.

One Inspection port shall be installed on the first pre-treatment isolation chamber after the catch basin

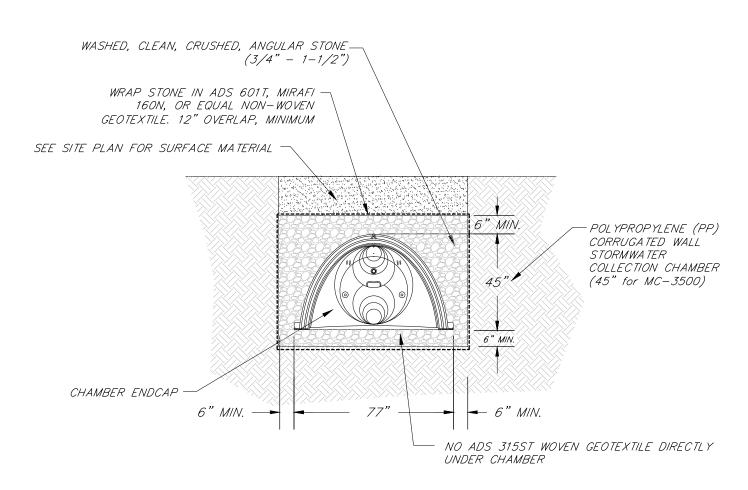


Typical Inspection Port Cross Section



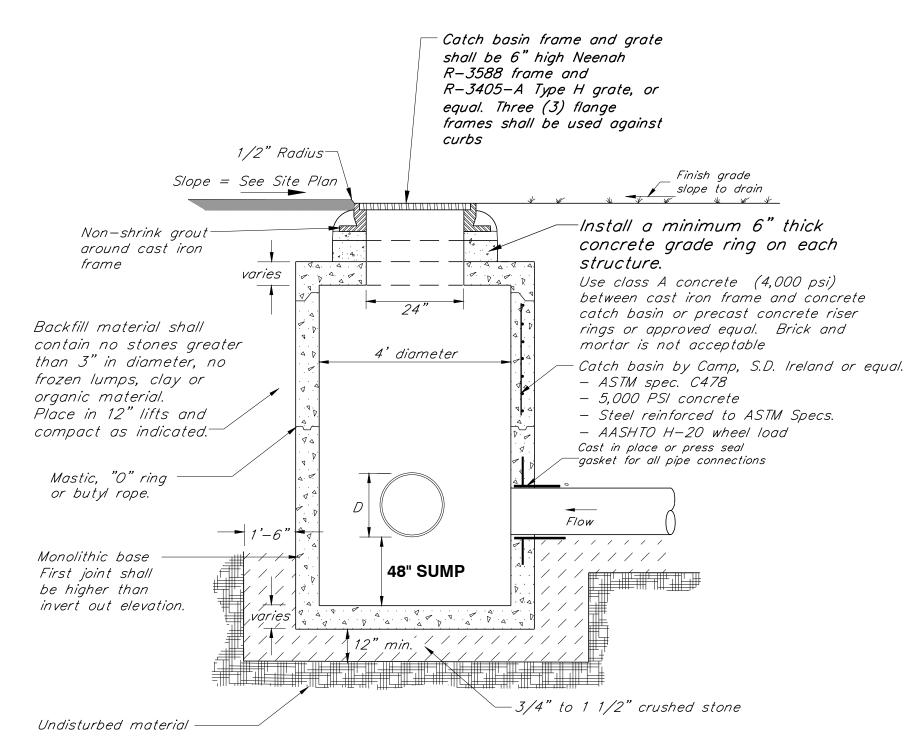
Stormtech Chamber System

Infiltration System Construction Notes:
All upstream/upslope construction shall be complete and stabilized prior to allowing runoff to enter any infiltration systems. "Stabilized" shall mean paved surfaces, washed crushed stone, or vegetated areas that have established a dense and vigorous vegetative cover.



Typical Infiltration Chamber

<u>Cross Section</u>



Deep Sump Catch Basin N.T.S.

AS-BUILT (RECORD) DRAWINGS FOR SITE UTILITIES

At the completion of the project the Contractor shall be responsible for providing the Owner with a complete Utility Record Drawing in AutoCAD and PDF format. The Record Drawing shall meets the specifications below:

Utility

water
— All pipe sizes and types shall be provided.

of pipe elevation shall be provided accurate to 0.1 ft.

All water gate valves and shut-off valves shall be horizontally located with three (3) swing ties.
All bends, fittings, caps, connections, etc. shall be horizontally located with three (3) swing ties and the top

Storm

- All manhole/CB/DI - rims, inverts, pipe sizes, and types shall be provided.

- Cleanouts and fittings (wye, reducers, etc.) shall be horizontally located with three (3) swing ties and the
 pipe invert elevation shall be provided accurate to 0.1 ft.
- Service pipe inverts shall be provided at the building with a horizontal measurement from a building corner.

Electric - Horiz

- Horizontal alignment shall be accurately sketched on a Site Plan. The Site Plan shall be specific to electric and communication utilities only.
- Trench x—section (number and type conduit, encasement detail, conduit length, run direction) shall be
 provided for each run of conduit. If the cross—section changes mid run the location of the change must be
 indicated with a new cross section detail.

VT Gas

— Contractor shall be responsible for providing Owner with a complete "mark-up" plan showing the layout of VT Gas piping.

Site Lighting

- Contractor

- Contractor shall be responsible for providing to the Owner a complete "mark-up" plan showing the layout of the site lighting conduit from light pole to light pole.

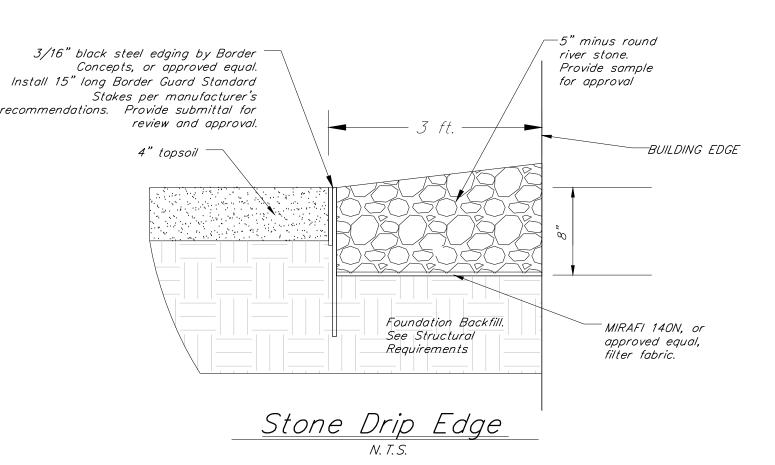
the site

- Contractor shall be responsible for locating and identifying all existing utilities that are exposed in the process of installing new utilities.

Swing ties may be substituted with survey shots taken with survey equipment able to locate infrastructure with a horizontal accuracy of 1 ft and a vertical accuracy of 0.1 ft.

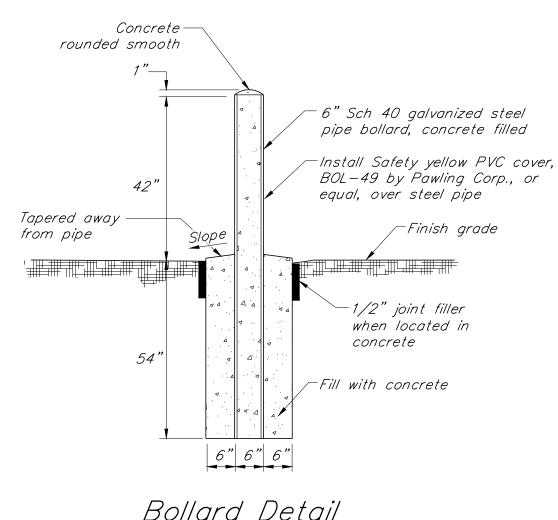
Construction Stakeout Notes

- The Contractor shall be responsible for all construction stakeout for the project. The Engineer shall provide the Contractor an AutoCAD R2000 drawing of the site design. The drawing will include horizontal and vertical survey control. Additional survey control will be the responsibility of the Contractor.
- 1. The Contractor shall be responsible for using proper survey equipment and having properly trained personnel to use this information. Any Contractor that does not have proper equipment or personnel shall subcontract the work to a competent consultant.
- 2. The horizontal control datum may be based on a coordinate system that is unique for this project. Project north may not refer to astronomic or magnetic north.
- 3. The Contractor shall check the integrity of survey control points by occupying a control point checking distance to back sight and checking distance and angle to another control point prior to any construction stakeout. The contractor shall not proceed with stakeout if either measured distances or angles do not match calculated values.
- 4. Graphical images of infrastructure in the AutoCAD drawing may not be in an accurate representation of its size. It is the Contractor's responsibility to verify size and shape of all items to be staked out.
- 5. After completion of radial stakeout with the survey transit, the Contractor shall check each stakeout point as necessary to verify the horizontal and vertical position of the point and that it is correct in relationship to the rest of the project.
- 6. The Contractor shall complete all construction stakeout to an accuracy of 0.1 feet (excluding building stakeout).



Construction Notes

- 1. The methods and materials of construction shall conform to the latest standards of the Municipality and the State of Vermont. All work shall be in conformance with all permits and approvals issued for the project. In case of conflict, the more stringent specification shall apply as directed by Engineer. All work shall be done in a workmanlike manner and completed in the time specified by Owner.
- 2. The Contractor shall be responsible for all work and materials shown and required to make the job complete. These drawings do not show every fitting or appurtenance. Materials shall be as specified on the drawings. Manufacturer's product specifications shall be submitted for all materials to the Engineer for approval prior to installation.
- 3. The location and size of existing underground utilities is not warranted to be exact or complete.
 The Contractor shall field locate all utilities and shall contact the affected utility company, the
 Engineer and the Municipality prior to making any hook ups. The Contractor shall be solely
 responsible for all existing utilities and their uninterrupted services. The Contractor shall contact
 Dig Safe and other non-member utilities prior to any excavation.
- 4. All off—site backfill, sheeting and shoring, dewatering, clearing and grubbing, erosion control, dust control, traffic control, grading, and all incidentals shall be included as part of the required work.
- 5. Repair of all disturbed areas, grading, seeding, mulching, repair of roads and curbs, paving, and other incidentals are included as part of the required work. All disturbed areas shall be loamed and mulched until permanent ground cover is established.
- 6. The Contractor shall be responsible for all construction layout and shall verify all horizontal control and temporary bench marks before use.
- 7. The workers and public shall be protected by the Contractor from any and all hazards connected with the construction work. Open trenches, materials, or equipment within the working limits are to be guarded by the use of adequate barricades or flaggers. All barricades left in position overnight are to be properly lighted. Kerosene pots are not acceptable. When work narrows the usable pavement, flaggers shall be employed to aid the flow of traffic so that there will be no undue delays. The Contractor shall be held responsible for the safety of all workers and the general public and all damages to property occurring from or upon the work occasioned by negligence or shall be held responsible for the safety of all workers and the general public and all damages to property occurring from or upon the work occasioned by negligence or day or night within the working area. All work shall be in conformance to OSHA regulations, Title 19, Parts 1926.651 and 1926.652, and applicable to VOSHA regulations.
- 8. The Contractor shall sawcut all existing pavement to be removed. The Contractor shall minimize the pavement area disturbance. Contractor shall be responsible for all pavement repair and restoration necessary to complete the work.
- 9. Existing plantings are located in general areas as shown on the plans. Contractor shall protect plantings scheduled to remain so as not to damage these or their root systems.
- 10. Contractor shall comply with all permits and approvals issued for this project.
- 11. Contractor shall sign on as the Co-Permittee for the State of Vermont Erosion Prevention and Sediment Control permit for the project.
- 12. Slope stability upon unsaturated soil conditions. If during construction saturated soils are encountered, contact the Engineer immediately.



Bollard Detail
N.T.S.



STAMP:

Project:

22 Depot Street
Mixed Use Addition

Richmond, Vermont

Project No.	22280
Scale	1" = 10'
Drawn by	TJB
Checked by	
Date	04/27/2023
Bato	

Revisions
No. Date Description

Drawing Title

Civil Details

Drawing No.

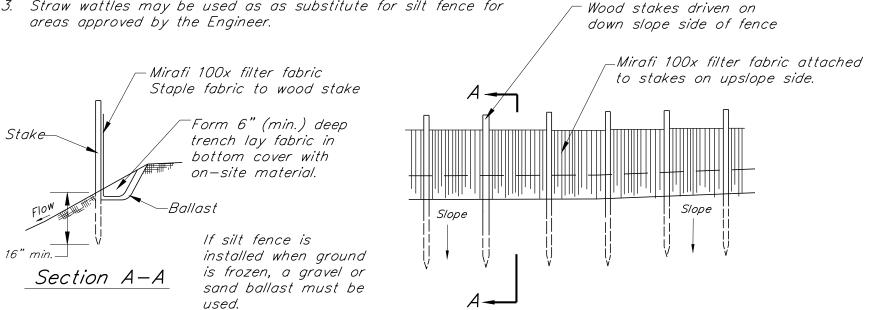
C-4.2



- Contractor shall be responsible for the installation, maintenance, and removal of silt fence in all locations shown on the plans.
- 2. Maintenance shall be performed as needed and material removed when sediment reaches half of fabric height. Remove silt fence after successful establishment of vegetation.

Remove silt fence after successful establishment of vegetation.

3. Straw wattles may be used as as substitute for silt fence for



Typical Temporary Silt Fence

SEEDING SPECIFICATIONS

PERMANENT SEED MIX SHALL BE USED AS
EARLY AS PRACTICABLE BETWEEN 5/15 AND 9/15
AND SHALL MEET THE FOLLOWING CRITERIA:

SEED % WEIGHT

Refer to Post Construction Soil Restoration Plan for additional requirements

Silt fence spacing chart

5% to 10% 50 ft. or less

10% to 20% 25 ft. or less

> 20% | 15 ft. or less

silt fence spacing

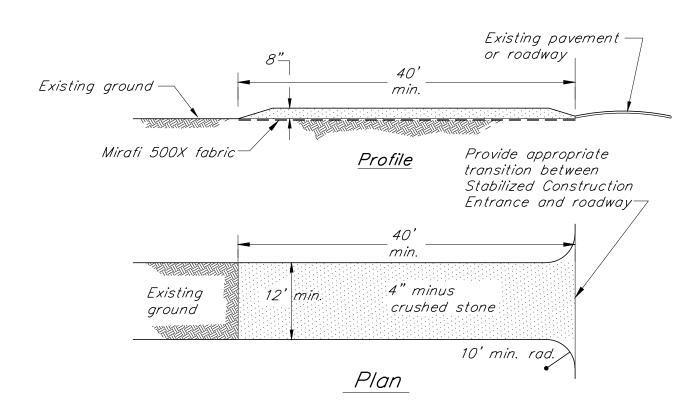
CREEPING RED FESCUE 40%
KENTUCKY BLUEGRASS 30%
PERRENNIAL RYEGRASS 30%

If hydroseeding is used for temporary stabilization measures for turf establishment. Specifications are:

Hydroseed Additives:
Fertilizer: 19-19-19 75 lbs per 1,000 gallons of water
Lime: 100 lbs. per 1,000 gallons of water
Mulch: 300 lbs. per 1,000 gallons of water.

Tacifer: 5 lbs. per 1,000 gallons of water.

- 1. Areas having soil compaction as a result of construction shall have any crushed stone removed and the subgrade shall be <u>roto-tilled</u> prior to placing topsoil. Refer to the Post Construction Soil Depth and Quality Requirements.
- 2. If hand seeding, only straw mulch is to be used and secured by netting either organic or inorganic. If inorganic is used, it must be removed before the first mowing.
- 3. Starter fertilizer shall be applied at the manufacturer's suggested rate at the time of seeding. Fertilizer application will not be allowed in sensitive areas and adjacent to drainage ways as determined by the Engineer.
- 4. Watering is to be done by the Contractor and is to last for the duration of the warranty period to maintain proper growth. All apparatus necessary to apply the water must be furnished by the Contractor (i.e. hoses, sprinklers, etc.).
- Staking of all topsoiled areas to control foot traffic will be required. Unless otherwise specified, acceptable staking materials will be grade stakes and twine or string with flagging attached for visibility.
- 6. A guarantee through the first mowing is required with any sparse or bare areas larger than 1 sq. ft. to be redone.
- 7. The Contractor is responsible for the first mowing. After the first mowing and prior to the Owner taking responsibility for the lawn areas the Contractor and an Owner's Representative shall meet to inspect the vegetation establishment.
- 8. Contractor is responsible for all topsoil to complete the project as shown. If existing volume of topsoil is inadequate, the Contractor, at no cost to the Owner, shall purchase offsite approved topsoil as necessary.



Note:

- Contractor shall be responsible for the installation, <u>maintenance</u>, and removal of a stabilized construction entrance at each construction entrance for the project. The Construction Stabilized Entrance and its continued maintenance shall be a minimum measure to prevent tracking of sediment off-site.
- Contractor to use Mirafi 500x under stone for temporary construction roads.

- Stabilized construction entrances shall be repaired when voids are 80% filled with sediment. Repair shall include adding additional 4" minus crushed stone and/or removal of contaminated stone.

THIS DETAIL TO BE USED FOR ALL TEMPORARY STONE STABILIZATION AREAS IDENTIFIED ON THE PLANS

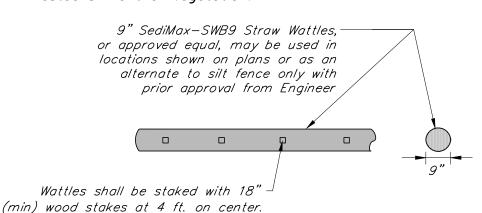
Temporary Stabilized Construction Entrance & Staging Areas

N. T. S.

Construction Limit Barriers

- Temporary chain-linked construction fence may be used to delineate construction limits where practical or where directed in the Contract Documents.
- Orange construction fence or snow fence shall be used to demarcate short-term construction activities.
- 3" thick orange polyester mesh webbing may be used to demarcate construction disturbance limits that are not proximate to environmentally sensitive areas (wetlands, RTE plants, etc.)

2. Maintenance shall be performed as needed and material removed when sediment reaches half of product height. Remove wattle after successful establishment of vegetation.



Typical Straw Wattle Sediment Control

GENERAL GRADING AND SITE WORK NOTES

- 1. ALL AREA DISTURBED AND ALL AREAS WITHIN THE CLEARING LIMITS SHALL BE GRADED AND COVERED WITH A MINIMUM OF 4" OF LOAM TOPSOIL. THE AREAS TO BE LOAMED SHALL BE FREE AND CLEAR OF ROOTS, WASTE MATERIAL AND OTHER DELETERIOUS MATERIAL. TOPSOIL SHALL BE SPREAD AND LIGHTLY COMPACTED TO A DEPTH OF 4". TOPSOIL SHALL BE APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER. ALL SIDE SLOPES ARE TO BE LOAMED.
- 2. ALL TURF ESTABLISHMENT SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 651 OF THE VT STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS 2018 AND THE TOWN'S SPECIFICATIONS. MULCHING SHALL FOLLOW SEEDING BY NO MORE THAN 24 HOURS.
- 3. ALL CUT SLOPES SHALL BE NO STEEPER THAN 2.0H ON 1.0V. ALL FILL SLOPES SHALL BE NO STEEPER THAN 2.0H ON 1.0V.
- 4. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOT DISTURB ANY GROUND BETWEEN OCTOBER 15TH BETWEEN APRIL 15TH WINTER MONTHS, UNLESS APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER.
- 5. TEMPORARY SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES SHALL BE ERECTED PRIOR TO ANY CLEARING OR CONSTRUCTION. THESE MEASURES MAY BE ERECTED IN PHASES, BUT IN NO CASE SHALL GROUND DISTURBANCE PROCEED SEDIMENT CONTROL INSTALLATION. SPECIAL AREAS MAY BE DESIGNATED BY THE OWNER FOR PRESERVATION OF EXISTING TREES. THESE AREAS SHALL BE THE CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY TO INSURE NO DAMAGE IS DONE TO DESIGNATED TREES.
- 6. EXISTING PLANTINGS ARE LOCATED IN GENERAL AREAS AS SHOWN ON THIS PLAN. CONTRACTOR SHALL PROTECT PLANTINGS SO AS NOT TO DAMAGE THESE OR THEIR ROOT SYSTEMS.
- 7. SLOPE STABILITY BASED UPON UNSATURATED SOIL CONDITIONS. IF DURING CONSTRUCTION SATURATED SOILS ARE ENCOUNTERED, CONTACT THE ENGINEER IMMEDIATELY.

North American Green S150BN

Straw erosion control blanket shall be S150BN as manufactured by North American Green, Inc. or equivalent and shall have the following properties:

Straw: 100% (.50 lbs/sq.yd.) (.27 kg/m2)

Netting: TOP — Leno woven 100% biodegradable organic jute

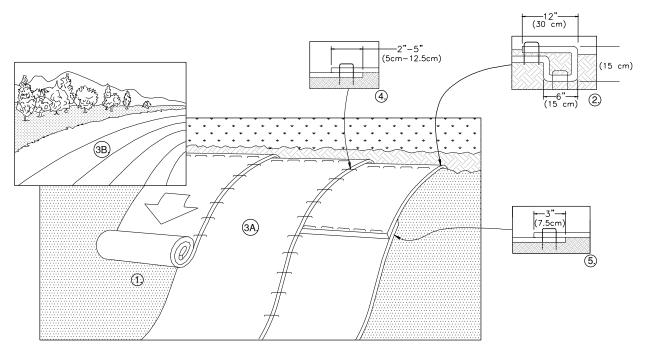
BOTTOM - 100% biodegradable organic jute
Weight:

TOP - approx. 9.35 lb/1000 s.f.
BOTTOM - approx. 7.7 lb/1000 s.f.
Thread: Biodegradable

Erosion control blanket shall be a machine-produced mat of 100% agricultural straw.

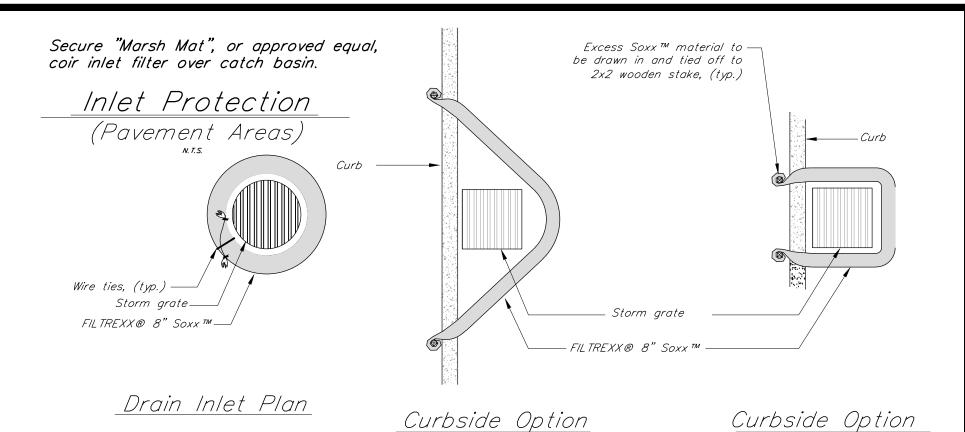
The blanket shall be of consistent thickness with the straw evenly distributed over the entire area of the mat. The blanket shall be covered on the top and bottoms sides with a 100% biodegradable woven natural fiber netting having an approximate 0.5" X 1.0" mesh and be sewn together on 1.5" centers with degradable thread.

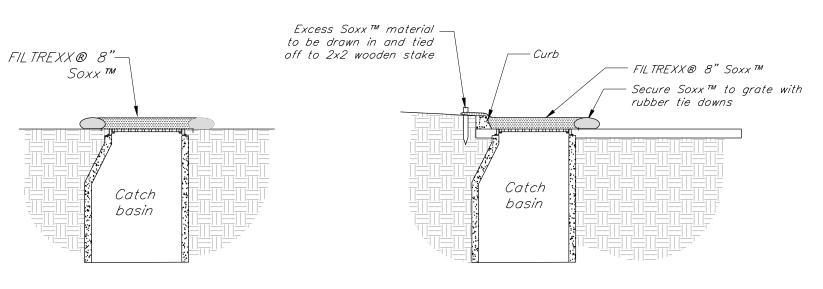
Installed as per manufacturer's specifications.



Rolled Erosion Control Matting

N. T. S





"A" Plan

Drain Inlet Section

Curbside Section

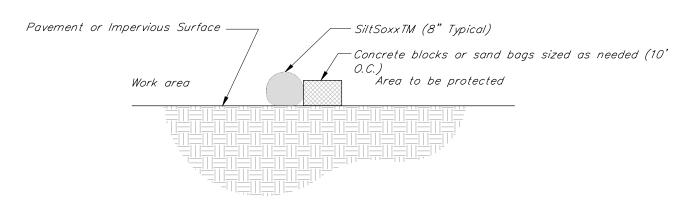
NOTES:

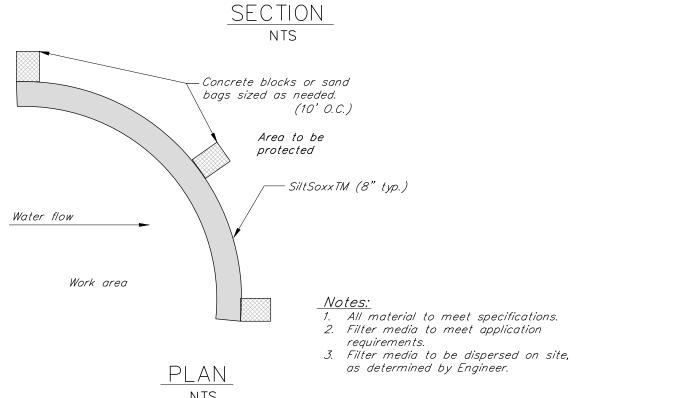
1. All material to meet FILTREXX® specifications.

2. Filter Media™ fill to meet application requirements.

3. Compost material to be dispersed on site, as determined by engineer.

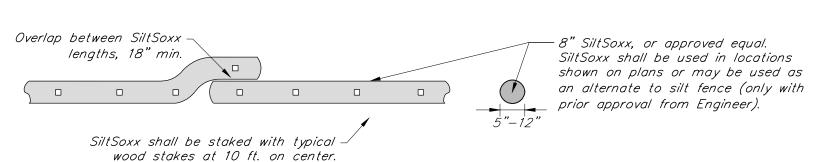
FILTREXX SiltSoxx Inlet Protection





Installation on Pavement

- 1. Contractor shall be responsible for the installation, maintenance, and removal of SiltSoxx in all locations shown on the plans. SiltSoxx may be left in place if the contractor seeds and mulches over SiltSoxx for growth post construction.
- 2. Maintenance shall be performed as needed and additional SiltSoxx will be added when sediment reaches half of product height.
- 3. When installing lengths of SiltSoxx, lengths will overlap by minimum 18" when transitioning to a new
- length of SiltSoxx.
 4. Contractor shall refer to all manufacturers specifications and details.
- 5. SiltSoxx is a product from a specific manufacturer (Filtrexx), other manufacturers with equal products may be used if approved by Engineer.



Typical FILTREXX SiltSoxx Sediment Control



STAMP:

"B" Plan

Project:

22 Depot Street Mixed Use Addition

Richmond, Vermont

Project No.	22280
Scale	1" = 10'
Drawn by	TJB
Checked by	
Date	04/27/2023
Revisions	
Revisions No. Date	Description
	Description
	Description
	Description

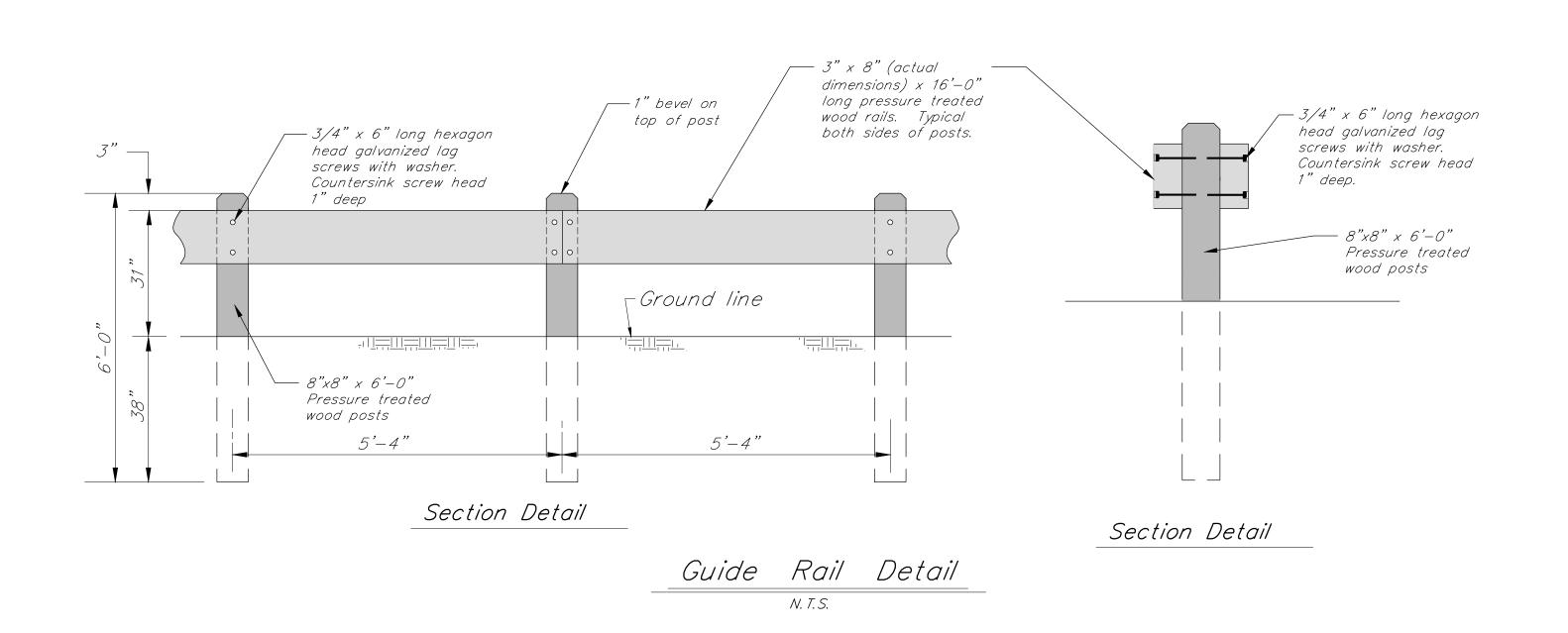
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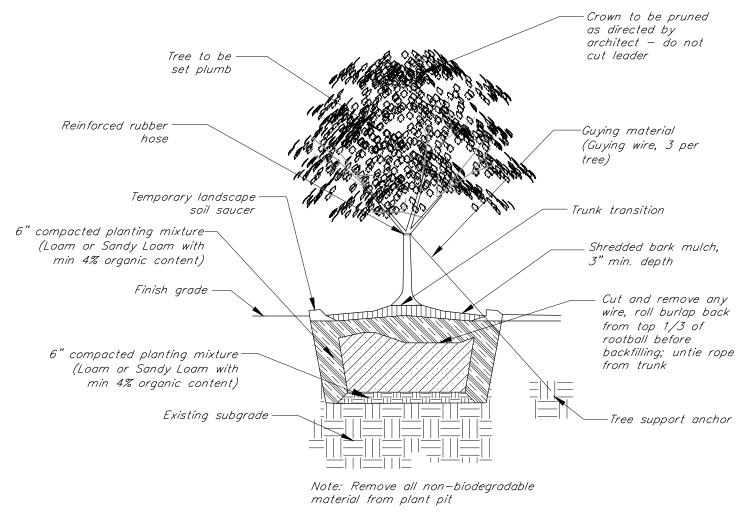
Civil Details

Drawing No.

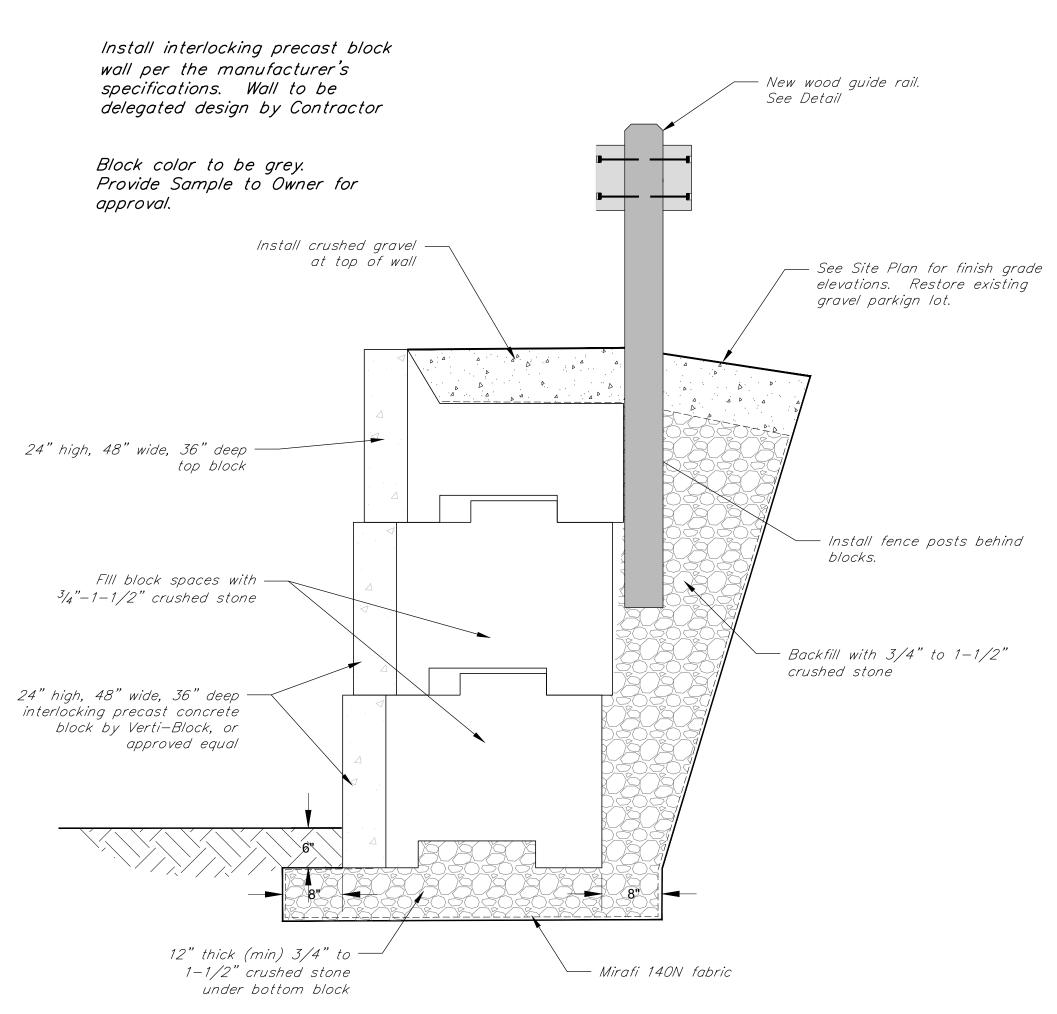
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C-4.3



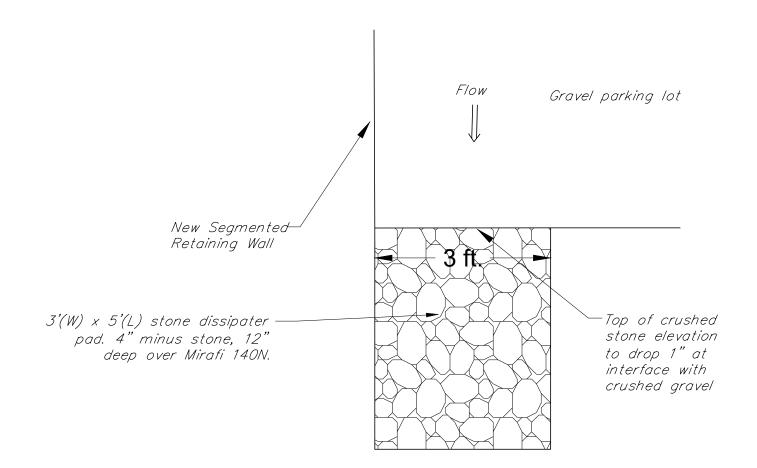


Tree Planting in Landscape Detail



Verti-Block Precast Concrete Interlocking Wall Detail

N. T. S.



Energy Dissipater Pad

KREBS & LANSING CONSULTING ENGINEERS

164 Main Street, Suite 201
Colchester, Vermont 05446

P: (802) 878-0375
www.krebsandlansing.com

STAMP:

Project:

22 Depot Street Mixed Use Addition

Richmond, Vermont

 Project No.
 22280

 Scale
 not to scale

 Drawn by
 TJB

 Checked by
 04/27/2023

Revisions

No. Date Description

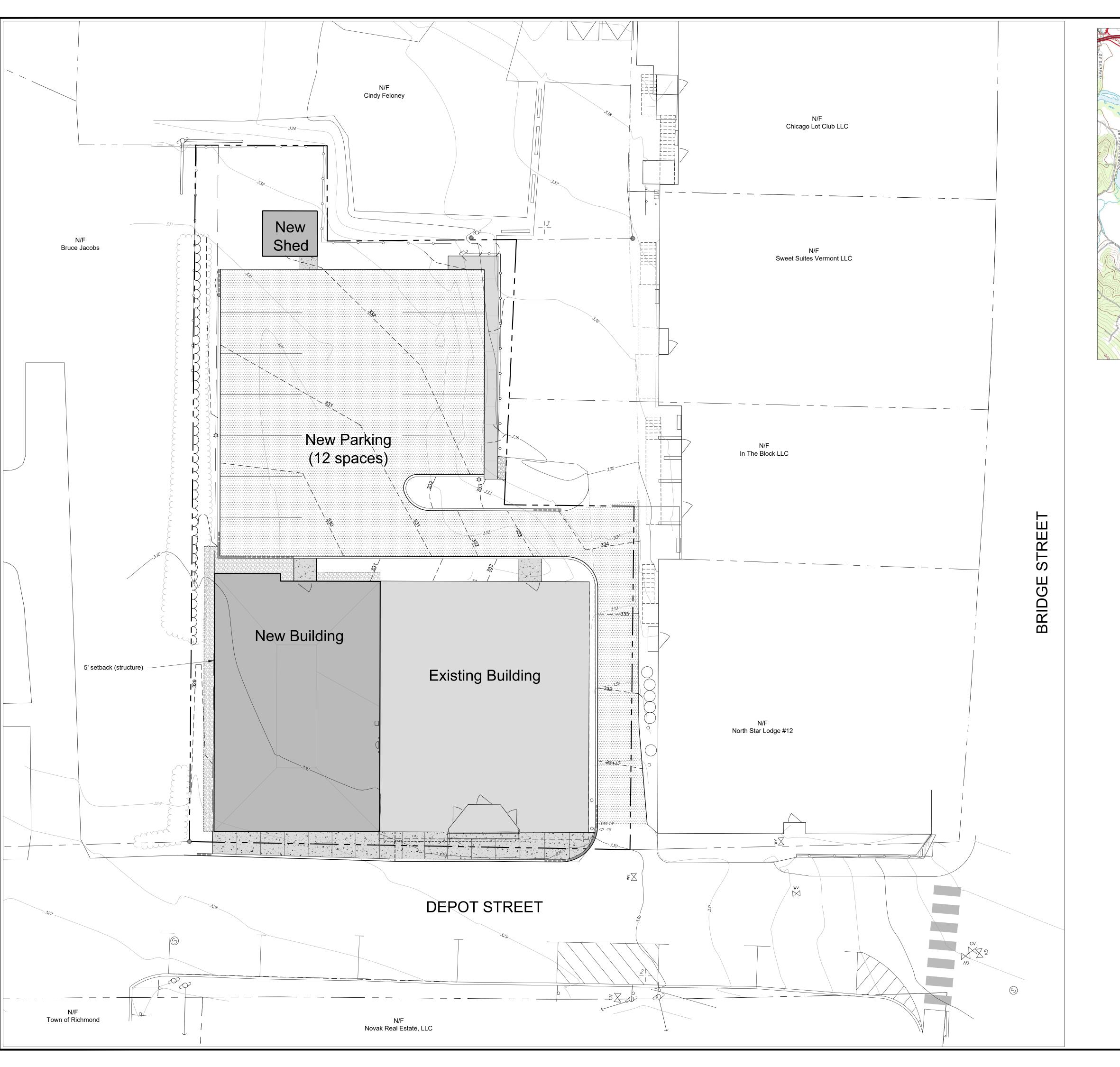
1 06/23/2023 guide rail to replace chain link fence

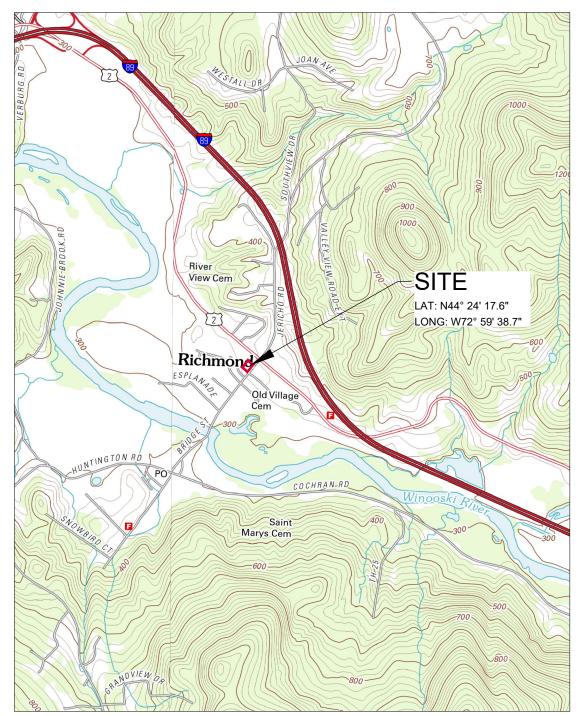
Drawing Title

Civil Details

Drawing No.

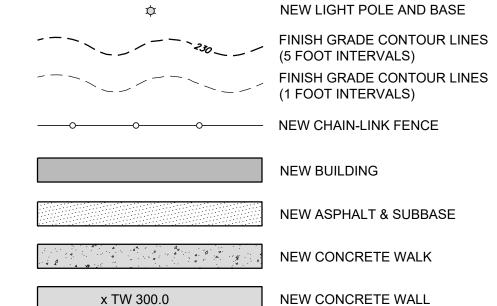
C-4.4





LOCATION MAP

LEGEND



<u>NOTES</u>

- 1. This plan is not intended to be a boundary survey. Property lines are based on physical evidence, a plat of survey "The Richmond Block" date 6-01-00, by Vaughn Button and tax map information from the Town of Richmond.
- 2. The horizontal coordinate system is based on NAD83 Vermont State Plane 4400 (US Survey Feet). Elevations are based on NAVD88 datum (US Survey Feet).
- 3. Existing conditions are based on a topographic survey completed by Krebs & Lansing in September 2022.

PLANNING & ZONING INFORMATION
LANDOWNER/APPLICANT:
Jameson Partners LLC
734 Pitt Street, Mount Pleasant, SC 29464

RICHMOND ZONING DISTRICT: Village Downtown (VD)

PARCEL NUMBER: DS0022

ACREAGE: 0.27 Acres

ZONING DATA Zoned: Village Downtown District (VD) Existing Land Use: Mixed Use Commercial/Residential Proposed Land Use: Mixed Use Commercial/Residential

	Requirements	Provided
Min. Lot Area	0.125 ac	0.27 Acres
Min. Lot Frontage	50 ft	96.8 ft
Front Yard Setback	0 ft	±2 ft
Side Yard Setback	0 ft*	5 ft
Building Height	35 ft	35 ft
Max. Lot Coverage	80%	80%

Source: May 23, 2022 Revision of Town of Richmond Zoning Regulations

* 5 ft setback required for structures on district boundaries

Lot Coverage

Existing Lot Area = 0.27 Acres (11,899 s.f.)
Proposed Impervious Area = 9,514 s.f.

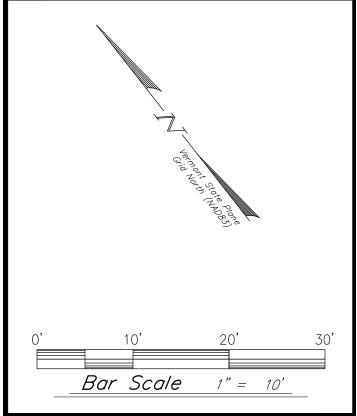
80% Lot Coverage Allowed = 9,519 s.f.

Proposed Lot Coverage = 80%

THE LOT WILL BE FULLY DEVELOPED AFTER THE 22 DEPOT STREET ADDITION PROJECT IS COMPLETE



STAMP:



Project:

22 Depot Street Mixed Use Addition

Richmond, Vermont

Project No.	22280
Scale	1" = 10'
Drawn by	DMR
Checked by	
Date	04/27/2023
Revisions No. Date	Description

Drawing Title

Master Development Plan

Drawing No.

C-5.0

22 DEPOT STREET RICHMOND, VERMONT



PERMIT SET - 07/01/2023

	ABBREVIAT	ΓIONS			ARCHITECTU	JRAL SYMB	OLS				
ADD ADDITIONAL	GA GAGE	PVC	POLYVINYL CHLORIDE	∠DWG. NUMBE	P			SHEET NO. DRAWING NAME	SHEET NO. DRAWING NAME	SHEET NO. DR/	AWING NAME
A/C AIR CONDITION(ING) AT ACOUSTIC TILE ADJ ADJUSTABLE	GALV GALVANIZEI GC GENERAL CO GL GLASS	ED .	QUARRY TILE	DWO. NOIVIDE	TITLE LINE	(107)	ROOM NUMBER	ARCHITECTURAL			
AFF ABOVE FINISH FLOOR ALUM ALUMINUM	GYP GYPSUM	R RD	RADIUS, RISER ROOF DRAIN, ROAD			•	ELEVATION TAG	A001 CODE REVIEW A101 FIRST AND SECOND FLOOR I A102 THIRD FLOOR AND ROOF PLA			
APROX APPROXIMATE ARCH ARCHITECTURAL	H.HGT HEIGHT HC HOLLOW COF HORIZ HORIZONTAL		REINFORCEMENT REQUIRED REVISION	SHEET NO.	O. ELEVATION	102.5'		A201 EXTERIOR ELEVATIONS A301 TYPICAL BUILDING SECTION A601 SCHEDULES AND DETAILS			
BD BOARD BLDG BUILDING BLKG BLOCKING	H/C HANDICAP HM HOLLOW ME HVAC HEATING, VE		ROOM ROUGH OPENING	CITELI NO.		•	SPOT ELEVATION	A701 ASSEMBLY AND MISC. DETA	AILS		
BSMT BASEMENT	ID INSIDE DIAN IN INCH	S METER SCH	SOUTH SCHEDULE	SECTION NO.	SECTION MARKER	\Diamond					
CAB CABINET CER CERAMIC CJ CONTROL JOINT	INSUL INSULATION INT INTERIOR	SCW N, INSULATED SECT SHT	SOLD CORE WOOD SECTION SHEET	SHEET NO.			PARTITION TYPE				
CL CLEAR, CLEARANCE CLG CEILING C.H. CEILING HEIGHT	INCL INCLUDED JAN, JC JANITOR'S (SIM SL CLOSET SPEC	SIMILAR SLOPE SPECIFICATION		DETAIL MARKER	12					
CMU CONCRETE MASONRY UN COL COLUMN CONC CONCRETE	T JT JOINT KIT KITCHEN, KI	SQ STD ITCHENETTE STL	SQUARE STANDARD STEEL			5	ROOF SLOPE INDICATION				
CONST CONSTRUCTION CONT CONTINUOUS CPT CARPET	LAV LAVATORY LAM LAMINATE	SUSP S. STL	SUSPENDED STAINLESS STEEL	214	DOOR NUMBER						
CT CERAMIC TILE	MATL MATERIAL	T & G TEL	TONGUE AND GROOVE TELEPHONE				REVISION				
DET DETAIL DIA DIAMETER DIM DIMENSION	MECH MECHANICA	ENSITY OVERLAY TH, THK AL THRSLI	THRESHOLD		WINDOW TYPE	<u></u>					
DN DOWN DS DOWNSPOUT DWG DRAWING	MTL METAL MIN MINIMUM MO MASONRY C	TOS TOW OPENING TYP	TOP OF STEEL, SLAB TOP OF WALL TYPICAL	B			PROPERTY LINE				
E EAST EA EACH	N NORTH NIC NOT IN CONT		UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE	12)	COLUMN GRID		NORTH DESIGNATION				
ELEC ELECTRICAL ELEV ELEVATION, ELEVATOR EQ EQUAL	NO NUMBER NOM NOMINAL NTS NOT TO SCA		VINYL COMPOSITION TILE VERTICAL VESTIBULE	Ç							
EQUIP EQUIPMENT EXIST EXISTING EXP EXPANSION	OC ON CENTER OD OUTSIDE DIA		VERIFY IN FIELD VINYL WALL COVERING		CENTER LINE	1" DN	I. CHANGE IN ELEVATION				
FD FLOOR DRAIN FF FINISHED FLOOR	OPNG OPENING OPP OPPOSITE	W W/ W/O	WIDTH, WASTE, WATER, WEST WITH WITHOUT								550 Hinesburg Road

FIRE EXTINGUISHER W/ CABINET

FIRE EXTINGUISHER W/O CABINET

FINISH

FOOT, FEET

FOOTING

FTG

FLOOR, FLASHING

PLATE

PTD

P.T.

PLYWOOD PRELIMINARY

PAINTED

POUNDS PER SQUARE INCH

PRESSURE TREATED

WOOD

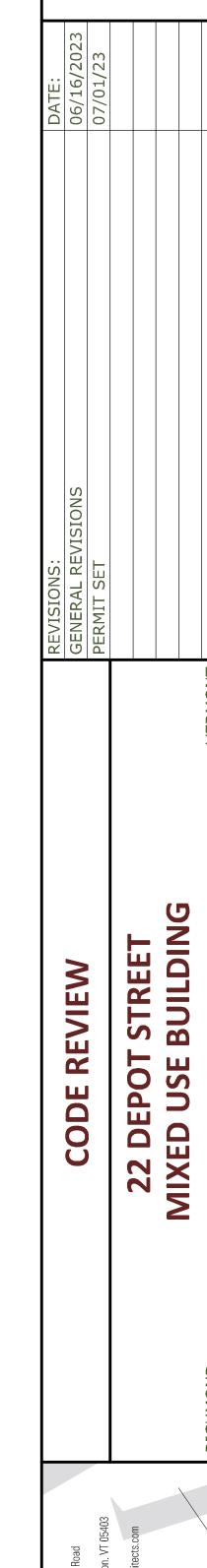
WELDED WIRE FABRIC

WELDED WIRE MESH



BUILDING CODE EDITION: 2015 IBC AND	2015 NFPA 101			
Building to be protected throughout by an approved automatic sprinkler system in accord	ance with 9.7.1.1(1) and ou	pervised in accorda	nce with 9.7.2 (I	NFPA 101 2015).
Building Use or Occupancy				
Use and Occupancy Classification Group(s) in the Building:		IBC: R-2 NFPA: Apartment Building (2nd and 3rd floors)	IBC: B NFPA: Business (1st floor)	IBC: M NFPA: Mercantile (1st floor)
		(IBC:310.4) (NFPA: 6.1.8.1.5)	(IBC:303.4)	(IBC:303.4) (NFPA: 6.1.2.1)
Building Construction Height and A	 \rea			
Construction Type used in the design: Type VB		Occupano	cy group	
		R-2	В	М
Building Height in feet above grade plane (per IBC:Table 504.3)		60	60	60
Allowable number of stories above grade plane (per IBC:Table 504.4)		3	3	2
Allowable area in square feet (per IBC:Table 506.2)		21,000	27 , 000	27,000
Actual Building Area		2,045 S.F.	1,706 S.F.	1,706 S.F.
Actual Building Height (stories)		3	1	1
Required Occupancy Separ Separated Occupancy Fire Ratings Required (NFPA: Table 6.1.14.4.1)		ings to Business or M	ercantile = 1-hrs	
Dwelling unit separation (NFPA: 30.3.7.2)		ation between dwelling ration between dwellin		
Non-Separated Occupancy (IBC:508.3) and (NFPA: 6.1.14.3)	THE TEST SERVICE SERVI	N/A	9 41.1100 1,12 1.11	
Incidental Use Areas (per Table 509)				
The state of the s				
Room or Area		Fire Separation		
Room or Area Boiler rooms where equipment is over 15 psi and 10 hp		N/A		
Room or Area				
Room or Area Boiler rooms where equipment is over 15 psi and 10 hp	e 30.3.2.1.1)	N/A N/A		
Room or Area Boiler rooms where equipment is over 15 psi and 10 hp Furnace room where any piece of equipment is over 400,000 Btu per hour input	30.3.2.1.1)	N/A		
Room or Area Boiler rooms where equipment is over 15 psi and 10 hp Furnace room where any piece of equipment is over 400,000 Btu per hour input Hazardous Use Areas (per NFPA-101:Table	e 30.3.2.1.1)	N/A N/A		
Room or Area Boiler rooms where equipment is over 15 psi and 10 hp Furnace room where any piece of equipment is over 400,000 Btu per hour input Hazardous Use Areas (per NFPA-101:Table Room or Area	e 30.3.2.1.1)	N/A N/A Fire Separation		
Room or Area Boiler rooms where equipment is over 15 psi and 10 hp Furnace room where any piece of equipment is over 400,000 Btu per hour input Hazardous Use Areas (per NFPA-101:Table Room or Area Boiler rooms serving more than a single dwelling unit Storage rooms, outside of dwelling unit	e 30.3.2.1.1)	N/A N/A Fire Separation N/A		
Room or Area Boiler rooms where equipment is over 15 psi and 10 hp Furnace room where any piece of equipment is over 400,000 Btu per hour input Hazardous Use Areas (per NFPA-101:Table Room or Area Boiler rooms serving more than a single dwelling unit Storage rooms, outside of dwelling unit	30.3.2.1.1)	N/A N/A Fire Separation N/A		
Room or Area Boiler rooms where equipment is over 15 psi and 10 hp Furnace room where any piece of equipment is over 400,000 Btu per hour input Hazardous Use Areas (per NFPA-101:Table Room or Area Boiler rooms serving more than a single dwelling unit Storage rooms, outside of dwelling unit Hazardous Use Areas (per NFPA-101:12.3.2)	30.3.2.1.1)	N/A N/A N/A Fire Separation N/A N/A		
Room or Area Boiler rooms where equipment is over 15 psi and 10 hp Furnace room where any piece of equipment is over 400,000 Btu per hour input Hazardous Use Areas (per NFPA-101:Table Room or Area Boiler rooms serving more than a single dwelling unit Storage rooms, outside of dwelling unit Hazardous Use Areas (per NFPA-101:12.3.2) Room or Area	30.3.2.1.1)	N/A N/A Fire Separation N/A N/A Fire Separation		

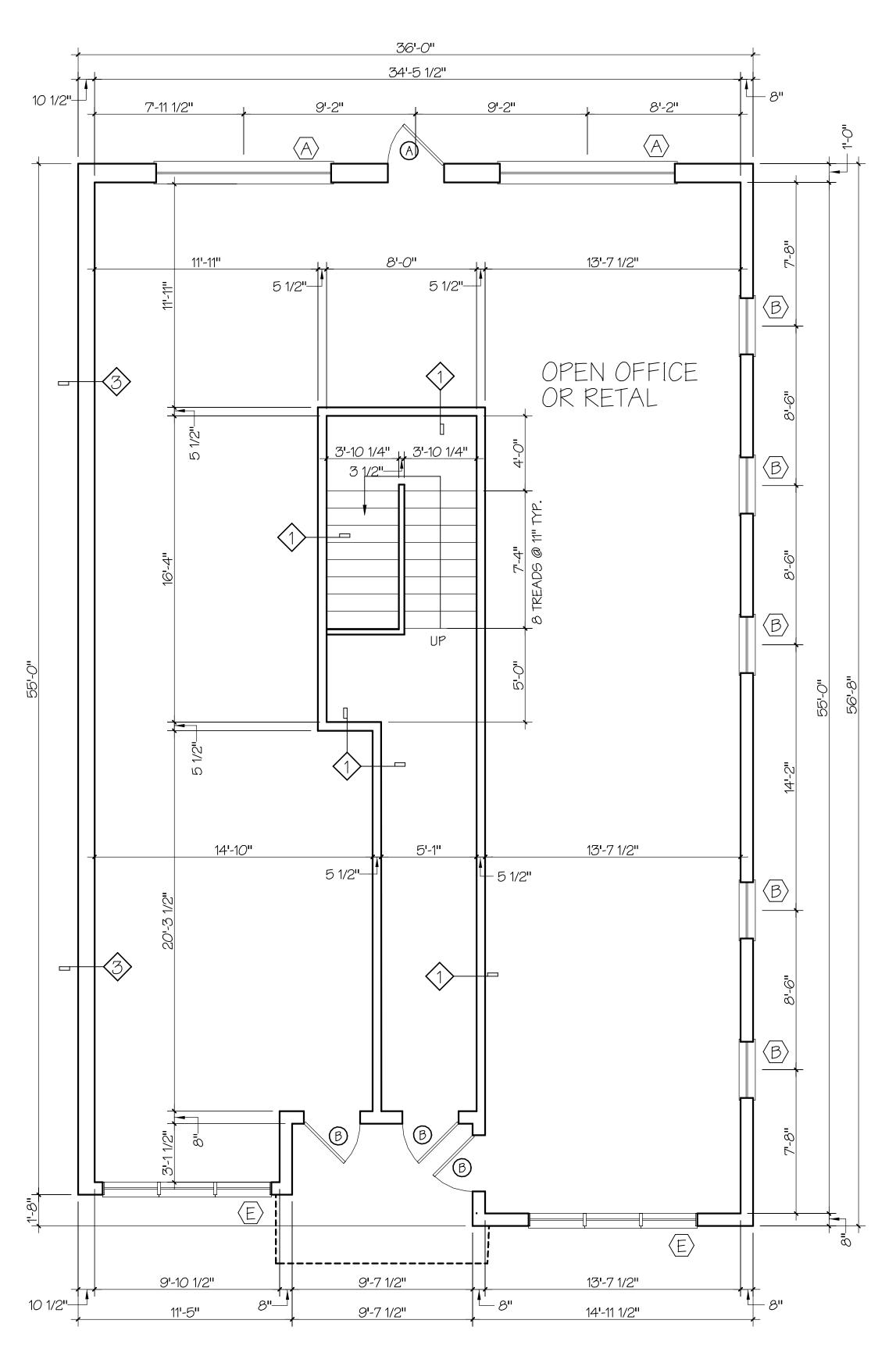
BUILDING CODE EDITION: 20	15 IBC A	ND 2015 NF	PA 101		
Fire Resistance of Exterior Walls Based on Fire Separation Distance (IBC Ta	able 602)				_
Wall Location		Fire Separat	tion Distance:	Rating	
North		> 3	30 ft	1	
South		> 3	30 ft	0	
West			(5 ft	1	
East		5 ft =</td <td>= X < 10 ft</td> <td>1</td> <td></td>	= X < 10 ft	1	
Maximum area of exterior wall openings based on fire separation distance ar	nd dearee	of onenina prot	ection (IBC Tabl	e 705.8)	
Wall Location	ia acgi ce		tion Distance:	Allowable	Actual
		'		Area (UP, S)	Area (UP, S)
North			30 ft	No Limit	
South			30 ft	No Limit	
West			(3ft V : 10 fb	NOT PERMITTED	0%
East		D TT =</td <td>= X < 10 ft</td> <td>25%</td> <td>20% Maximum</td>	= X < 10 ft	25%	20% Maximum
Fire Resistance Rating Requirements					
per IBC:Table 601)					Rating Require
Structural Frame					0
Bearing Walls - Exterior					0
Bearing Walls - Interior					0
Nonbearing Walls & Partitions - Exterior					0
Nonbearing Walls & Partitions - Interior Floor Construction					0
Roof Construction					0
Stair Enclosure (NFPA 101: 30.3.1.1.4)					1 hr.
Shaft Enclosure (NFPA-101:30.3.1.1.4)					1 hr.
Elevator enclosure (NFPA-101:30.3.1.1.4)					N/A
Elevator Machine room (NFPA-101:3005.4)					N/A
Corridors (NFPA-101:30.3.6.1.2)					1/2 hr.
					Dimensional
New Stair Requirements (NFPA: Table 7.2.2.2.1.1(a)					Criteria
Minimum Width					44 inches
Maximum Height of Risers					7 Inches
Minimum Height of Risers					4 Inches
Minimum Tread Depth					11 Inches
Minimum Headroom					6 feet 8 inches
Maximum Height Between Landings					12 feet
Annonagment of Magne of Eanges (NEDA, 3025)				Distance	
Arrangement of Means of Egress (NFPA: 30.2.5) Common Path of Travel (w/ Sprinkler System)				Maximum 50 feet	<u> </u>
Dead-end Corridors (w/ Sprinkler System)				Maximum 50 feet	
Fravel Distance within a dwelling unit (w/ Sprinkler System)				Maximum 125 feet	
Distance from dwelling unit door to nearest exit (w/ Sprinkler System)				Maximum 200 fee	
Occupant Load - Note: Mercantile (street floor) occupancy will have the large					1
Joe	Factor	First Floor Area	First Floor Occupant Load	Second Floor Area	Second Floor Occupant Load
Mercantile Use - Sales area on street floor	30	1,706 of.	56.9	0.0	0.0
Apartment Buildings	200.0	280 sf.	1.4	2,045 of.	10.2
Total (per floor)	<u> </u>		58.3		10.2
	Factor	Third Floor Area	Third Floor		
	1 40101	111111111111111111111111111111111111111	Occupant Load		
Mercantile Use - Sales area on street floor	30	0.0	0.0		
Apartment Buildings	200.0	2,045 sf.	10.2		
				Т	
otal (per floor)		-	10 . 2		





SHEET NUMBER

A001



FIRST FLOOR PLAN

SCALE: 3/16" = 1'-0"

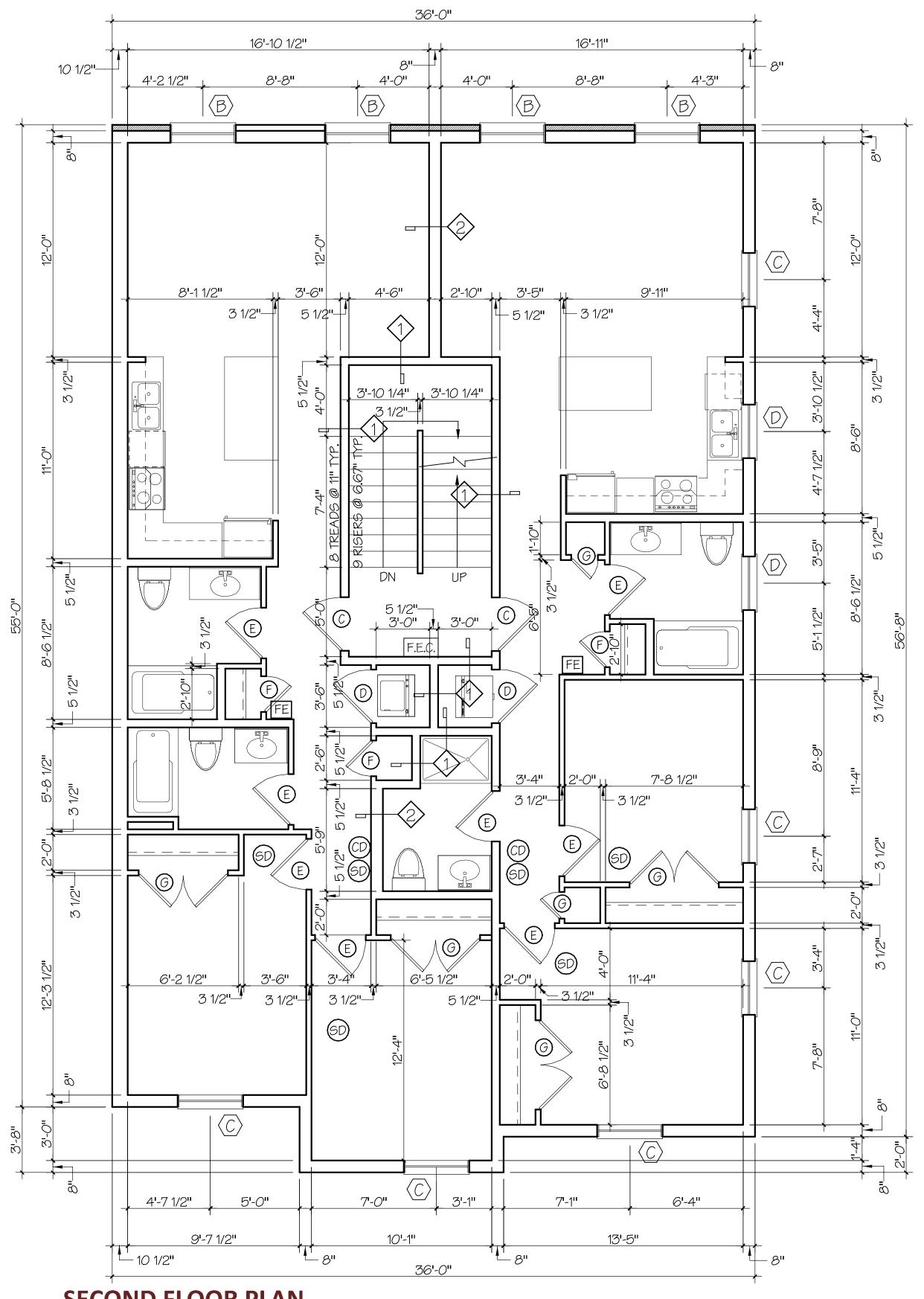
SYMBOL LEGEND

PHOTOELECTRIC-ONLY SMOKE ALARMS ARE REQUIRED TO BE INSTALLED IN ALL SLEEPING ROOMS, OUTSIDE OF EACH SEPERATE SLEEPING AREA IN THE IMMEDIATE VICINITY OF THE SLEEPING ROOMS AND ON EACH LEVEL OF A DWELLING, INCLUDING THE BASEMENT. ALARMS MUST BE HARD-WIRED INTO THE HOME ELECTRICAL SYSTEM, AND MUST ALSO HAVE A BATTERY BACKUP. ALL SMOKE ALARMS SHALL BE INTERCONNECTED; IF ONE SOUNDS AN ALARM, THEY ALL SOUND AN ALARM. MOUNT SMOKE ALARMS ON FLAT CEILING NO CLOSER THAN 4" FROM THE ADJOINING WALL SURFACE.MOUNT SMOKE ALARMS ON WALLS NO CLOSER THAN 4", AND NOT FURTHER THAN 12" FROM THE ADJOINING CEILING SURFACE. DO NOT INSTALL A SMOKE ALARM WITHING 36" OF A CEILING SUSPENDED FAN, A

SUPPLY REGISTER, THE DOOR TO THE BATHROOM OR KITCHEN.

PER 2015, VERMONT FIRE & BUILDING SAFTEY CODE: NFPA 1, 13.6..3.1.14 PORTABLE FIRE EXTINGUISHERS INSIDE INDIVIDUAL APARTMENT OR CONDO UNITS SHALL BE PERMITTED TO BE 2-1/2 POUND DRY CHEMICAL CAPACITY.

CARBON MONOXIDE (CO) DETECTORS SHALL BE INSTALLED OUTSIDE OF EACH SEPARATE SLEEPING AREA IN THE IMMEDIATE VICINITY OF THE BEDROOMS FOR ALL MULTI-FAMILY DWELLINGS. AN ADDITIONAL CO DETECTOR SHALL BE INSTALLED IN ANY SLEEPING ROOM THAT CONTAINS A FUEL-BURNING APPLIANCE. CO DETECTORS TO BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH NFPA 720. CO DETECTORS SHALL BE DIRECTLY WIRED TO A NON-DEDICATED ELECTRICAL BRANCH CIRCUIT FOR THE BUILDING WITH BATTERY BACK-UP.



SECOND FLOOR PLAN

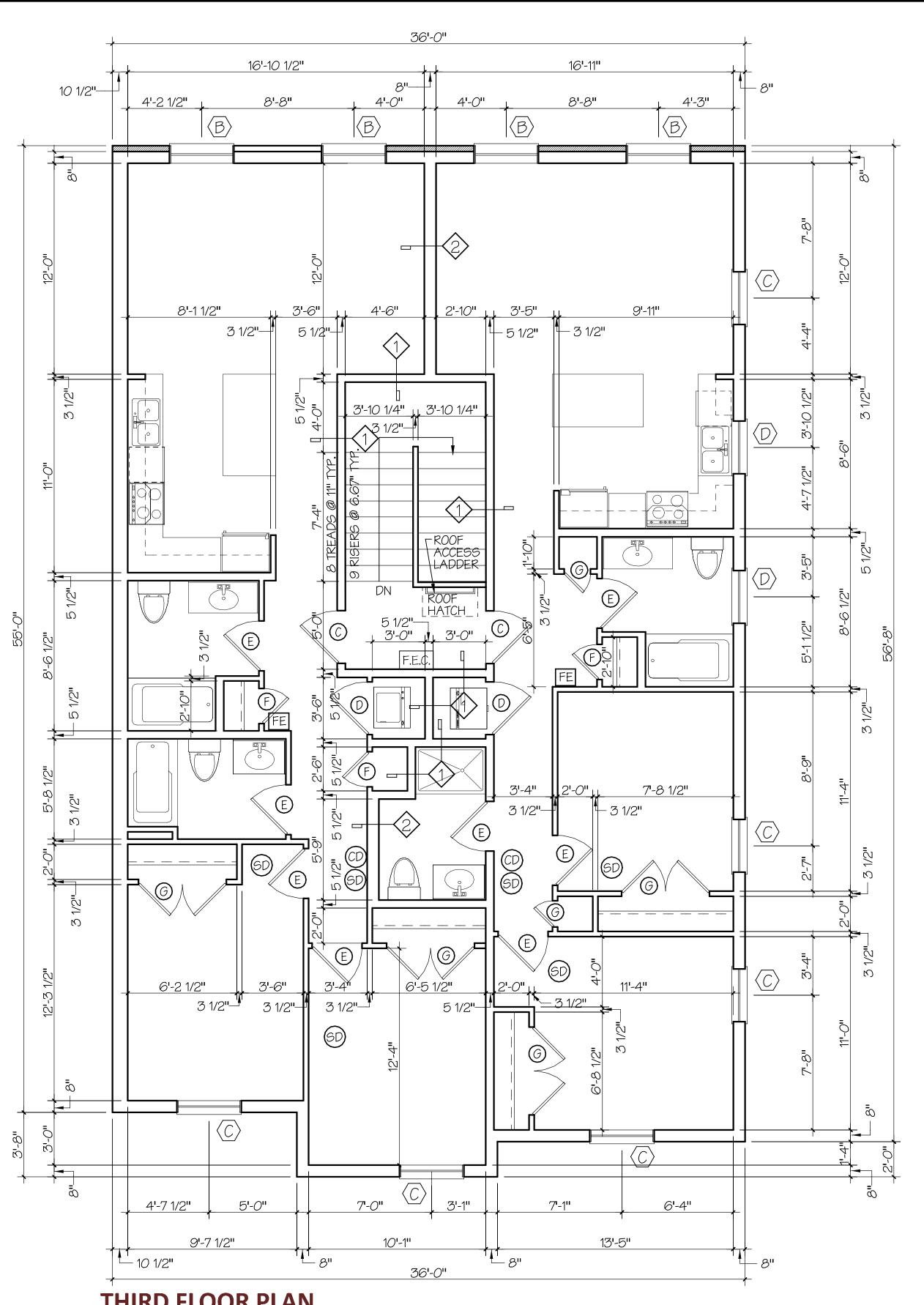
SCALE: 1/4" = 1'-0"

GENERAL NOTES								
NUMBER	DESCRIPION							
1	COMBINATION PHOTOELECTRIC SMOKE AND CARBON MONOXIDE (CO) ALARMS ARE ACCEPTABLE FOR NEW INSTALLATIONS OR REPLACEMENTS. COMBINATION SMOKE ALARMS THAT INCLUDE IONIZATION AND PHOTELECTRIC SENSORS IN THE SAME ALARM ARE NOT PERMITTED TO BE USED FOR NEW INSTALLATIONS OR REPLACEMENTS.							
2	AT WALLS BETWEEN ADJACENT ROOMS, ELECTRICAL OUTLET LOCATIONS, INCLUDING TV AND TELEPHONE OUTLETS, SHALL BE OFFSET 6" MIN. HORIZONTALLY FOR INSTALLATION. ELECTRICAL CORDS SHOULD BE HIDDEN FROM VIEW. BACK TO BACK OUTLETS ARE NOT ALLOWED.							





SHEET NUMBER

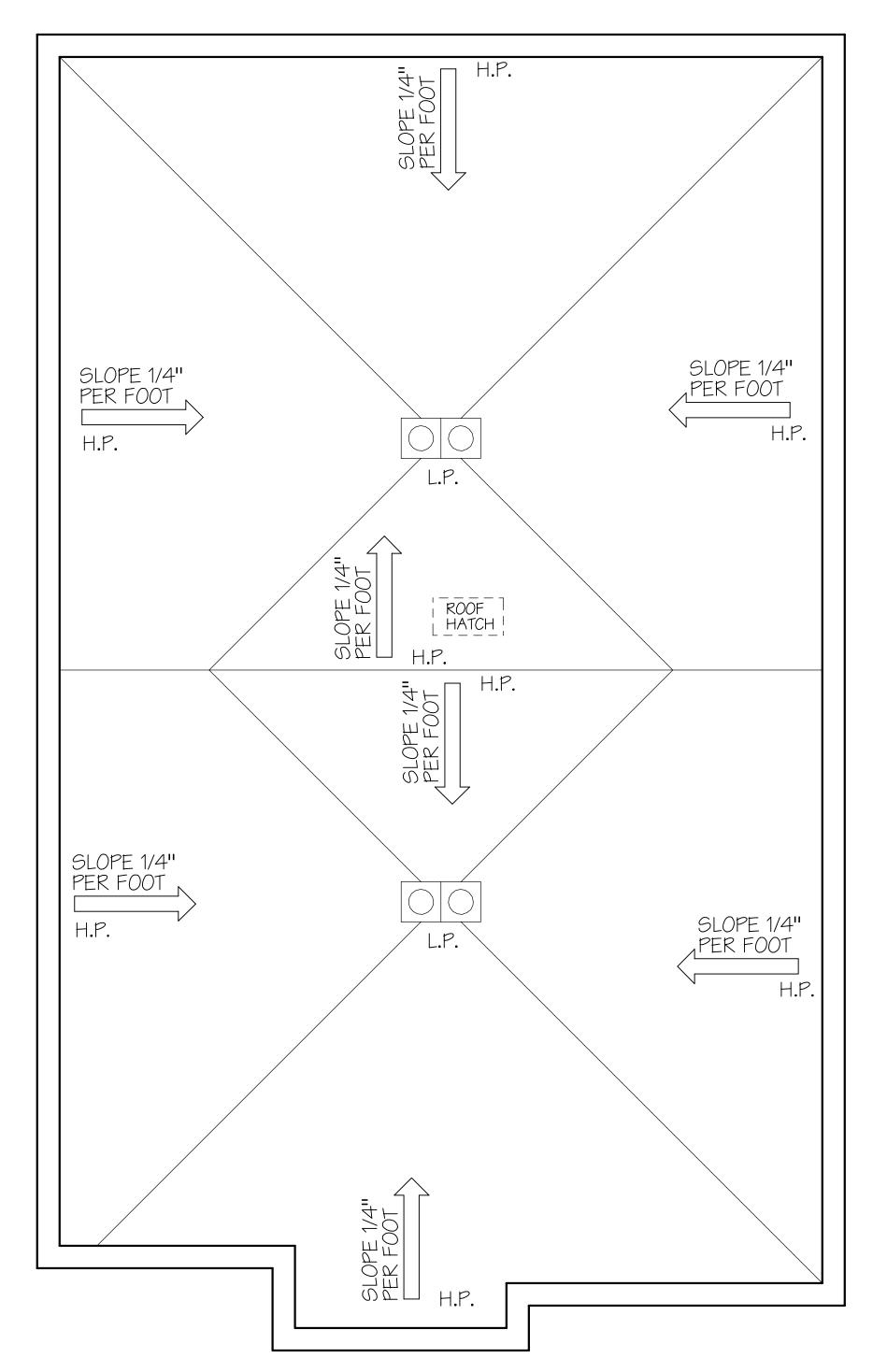


THIRD FLOOR PLAN

SCALE: 1/4" = 1'-0"

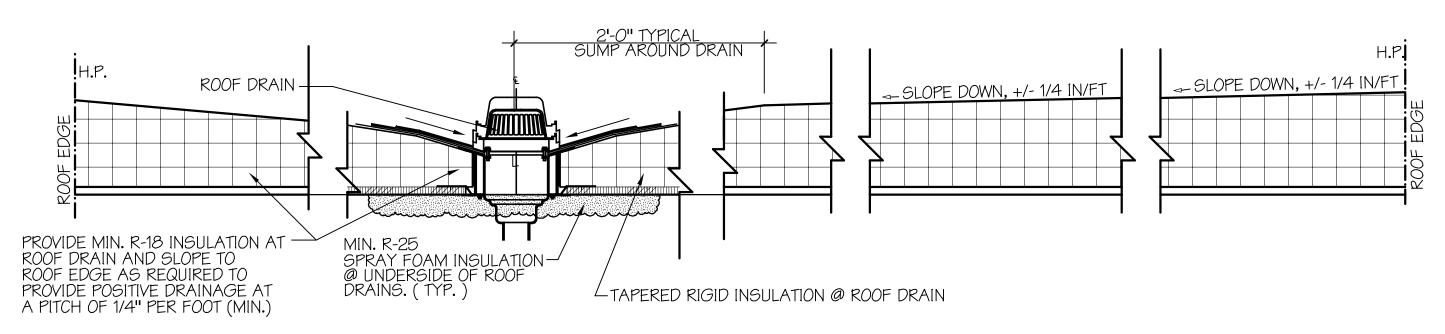
GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. ROOF MEMBRANE SHALL BE 60 MIL. SINGLE PLY RHINO-BONDED WHITE TPO.
- 2. SHEET METAL COPING / GRAVEL STOP SHALL BE PRE-FINISHED GALVALUME.
- 3. ROOF DRAINAGE AND WALK-WAY PADS WITHIN THE ROOF-TOP EQUIP. SPACE SHALL BE DETERMINED BASED ON LAYOUT OF MECHANICAL EQUIPMENT.
- 4. SEE SHEET A301, TYPICAL BUILDING SECTION, FOR DRAFTSTOPPING NOTES.
- 5. SECONDARY (EMERGENCY) ROOF DRAINS: SECONDARY (EMERGENCY OVERFLOW) DRAINS ARE REQUIRED IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 1108.1, 1108.2, AND 1108.3 OF THE 2015 INTERNATIONAL PLUMBING CODE.



ROOF PLAN

SCALE: 1/4" = 1'-0"



ROOF DRAIN DETAIL NOT TO SCALE

SHEET NUMBER

AND ROOF PLANS

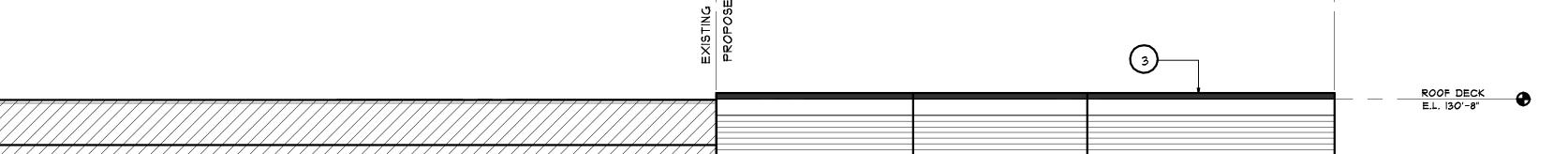
FLOOR

THIRD

' STREET BUILDING

22 DEPOT (







EXTERIOR MATERIALS

- EXTERIOR SIDING NUMBER ONE: FIBER COMPOSITE LAP SIDING WITH 6 INCH EXPOSURE OVER DRAINAGE FABRIC.
- EXTERIOR SIDING NUMBER TWO: STANDARD MODULAR BRICK MASONRY IN A RUNNING BOND. PROVIDE TWO PART GALVANIZED STEEL EYE AND PINTLE MASONRY ANCHORS FOR EVERY TWO SQUARE FEET OF WALL AREA
- 3. PRE-FORMED ALUMINUM COPING WITH 8" EXPOSURE. FLUOROPOLYMER FINISH (BLACK)
- 4. CUT GRANITE WET COURSE AT GRADE
- 5. SHADOW BOX TRIM AT WINDOW UNIT FORMED FROM SHEET STOCK PRE-FINISHED GALVALUME 20 GAUGE BLACK FLUOROPOLYMER FINISH
- 6. FYPON OR APPROVED EQUAL DECORATIVE CORNCIE

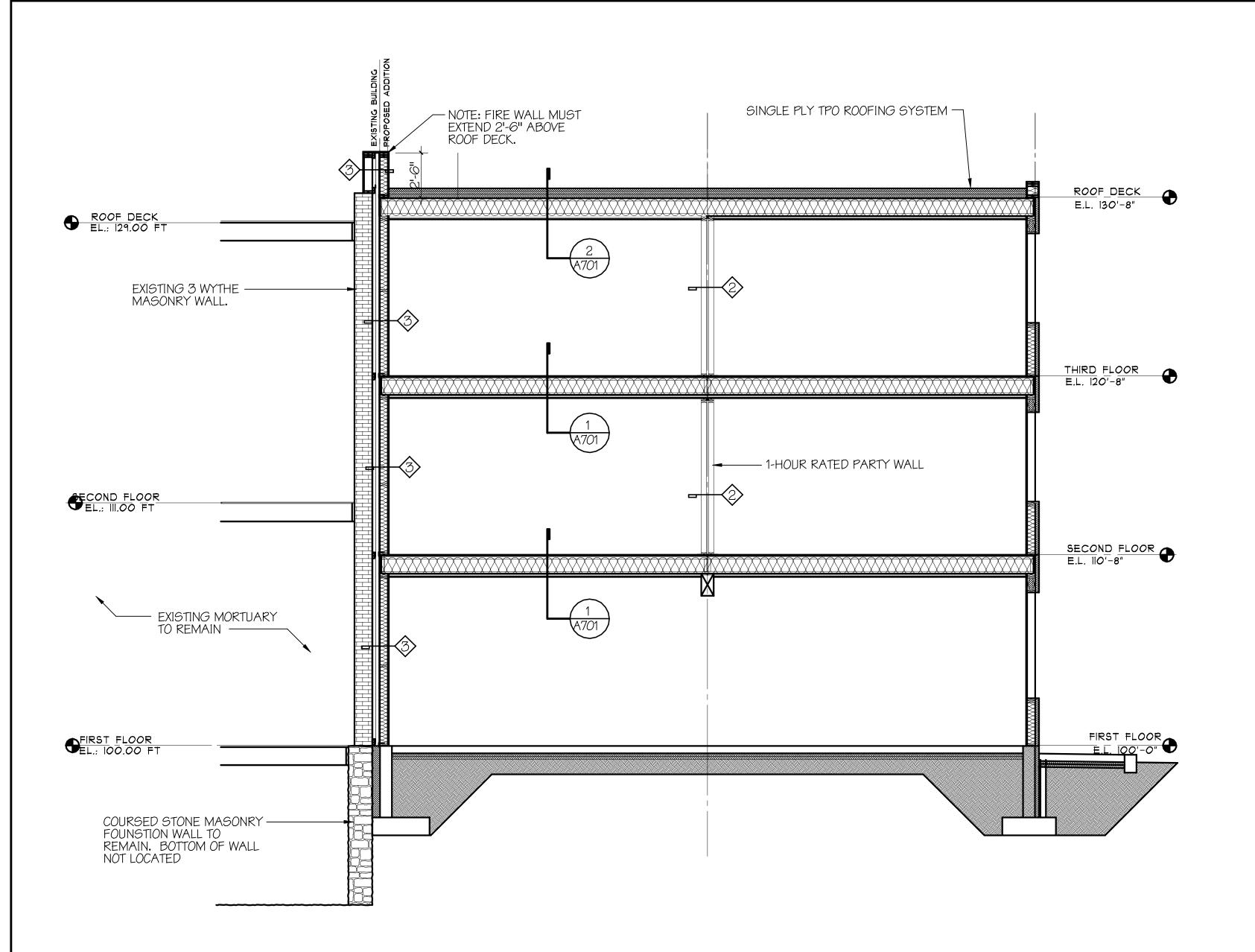
SHEET NUMBER

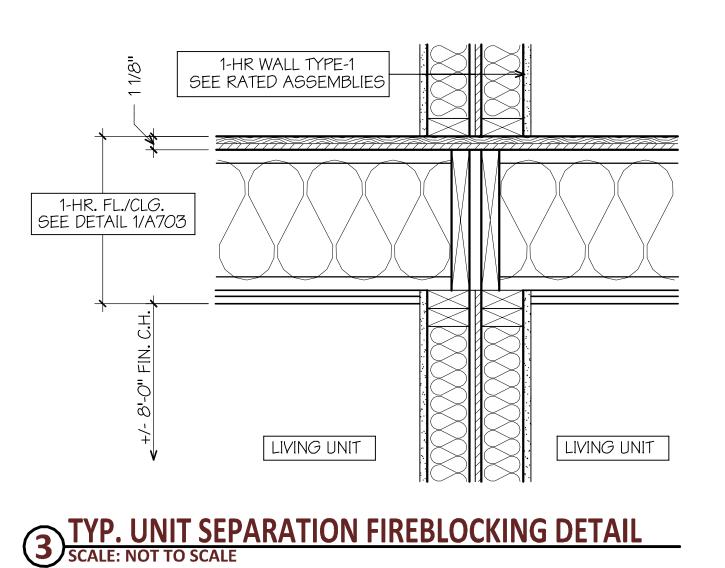
EXTERIOR

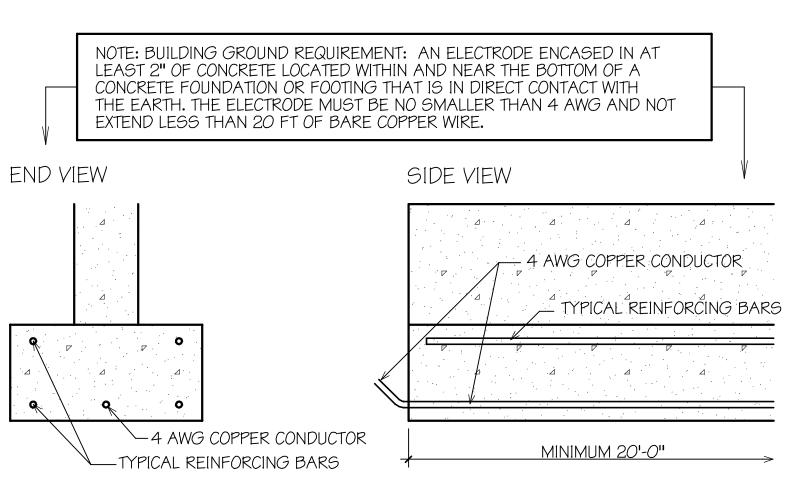
DATE: 5/23/2022

NORTH ELEVATION: FACING PARKING LOT

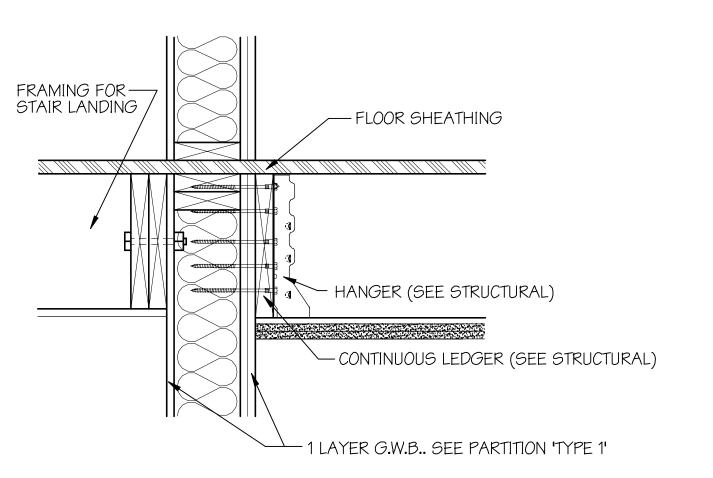
SCALE: 3/16" = 1'-0"











FLOOR TO WALL DETAIL @ STAIRS

SCALE: 1 1/2" = 1'-0"

DRAFTSTOPPING NOTES

ANY CONCEALED COMBUSTIBLE SPACE IN WHICH BUILDING MATERIALS HAVE A FLAME SPREAD INDEX GREATER THAN CLASS A ARE EXPOSED SHALL BE DRAFTSTOPPED AS FOLLOWS:

1. EVERY EXTERIOR AND INTERIOR WALL AND PARTITION SHALL BE FIRESTOPPED AT EACH FLOOR LEVEL, AT THE TOP STORY CEILING LEVEL, AND AT THE LEVEL OF SUPPORT FOR ROOFS.

2. EVERY UNOCCUPIED ATTIC SPACE SHALL BE SUBDIVIDED BY DRAFTSTOPS INTO AREAS NOT TO EXCEED 3000 SQUARE FEET.

3. ANY CONCEALED SPACE BETWEEN THE CEILING AND THE FLOOR OR ROOF ABOVE SHALL BE DRAFTSTOPPED FOR THE FULL DEPTH OF THE SPACE ALONG THE LINE OF SUPPORT FOR THE FLOOR OR ROOF STRUCTURAL MEMBERS AND, IF NECESSARY, AT OTHER LOCATIONS TO FORM AREAS NOT TO EXCEED 1000 SQUARE FEET FOR ANY SPACE BETWEEN THE CEILING AND FLOOR, AND 3000 SQUARE FEET FOR ANY SPACE BETWEEN THE CEILING AND ROOF.

THESE DRAFTSTOPPING REQUIREMENTS ARE NOT REQUIRED WHERE ANY OF THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONS ARE MET:

1. WHERE THE SPACE IS PROTECTED THROUGHOUT BY AN APPROVED AUTOMATIC SPRINKLER SYSTEM IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 9.7.

2. WHERE CONCEALED SPACES SERVE AS PLENUMS.

3. WHERE THE INSTALLATION IS AN EXISTING INSTALLATION

DRAFTSTOPPING MATERIALS SHALL BE NOT LESS THAN 1/2 INCH THICK GYPSUM BOARD, 15/32 INCH THICK WOOD STRUCTURAL PANEL, OR OTHER APPROVED MATERIALS THAT ARE ADEQUATELY SUPPORTED.

THE INTEGRITY OF ALL DRAFTSTOPS SHALL BE MAINTAINED.

NFPA 101, 2015 EDITION, SECTION 8.6.11 - CONCEALED SPACES AND DRAFTSTOPS

FIRESTOPPING NOTES

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL INSURE THAT ALL TRADES INVOLVED IN THE WORK PROVIDE FIRESTOPPING TO SEAL ANY AND ALL PENETRATIONS, OPENINGS AND VOIDS IN, AROUND OR BETWEEN FIRE RATED ASSEMBLIES.

NOTE: FIRE AND DRAFTSTOPPING SHALL NOT BE CONCEALED FROM VIEW PRIOR TO BEING INSPECTED AND APPROVED.

FIRESTOPPING SHALL COMPLY WITH GOVERNING CODES SO THAT THE REQUIRED RATING OF AN ASSEMBLY IS NOT REDUCED OR ELIMINATED BY PENETRATIONS. IN GENERAL, FIRESTOPPING IS REQUIRED WHEREVER:

- PENETRATIONS OCCUR THROUGH FIRE RESISTANCE RATED ASSEMBLIES BY BUILDING SERVICE LINES SUCH AS PIPING, DUCTWORK, CONDUIT, ETC.
- JOINTS OCCUR IN OR VOIDS/GAPS OCCUR AROUND FIRE-RATED ASSEMBLIES.
- AIR PASSAGES ARE CONCEALED OR PASS VERTICALLY THROUGH FLOORS, SUCH AS SHAFTS, CEILING PLENUMS AND MECHANICAL, ELECTRICAL, POWER AND COMMUNICATION CHASES.
- CONCEALED SPACES WITH DRAFTSTOPPING EVERY 3,000 SQUARE FEET UNLESS THE BUILDING IS SPRINKLERED.
- PLENUMS CONCEALED WITHIN A FLOOR ASSEMBLY MUST BE FIRESTOPPED OVER/UNDER PERMANENT WALLS AND OTHERWISE TO LIMIT CLEAR-OPEN SPACES TO 100 SQUARE FEET.

NOTE: ANY AND ALL PENETRATIONS THAT PASS THROUGH A RATED ASSEMBLY MUST BE FIRE STOPPED BY MEANS OF A LISTED ASSEMBLY TO STOP THE SPREAD OF HEAT AND SMOKE PER NFPA 101: 8.3.5 (2015 EDITION) CUT SHEETS MUST BE SUBMITED TO THE DIVISION OF FIRE SAFETY FOR REVIEW AND APPROVAL PRIOR TO INSTALLATION.

NOTE: FIREBLOCKING IN COMBUSTIBLE CONSTRUCTION, FIREBLOCKING SHALL BE INSTALLED TO CUT OFF CONCEALED DRAFT OPENINGS (BOTH VERTICAL AND HORIZONTAL) AND SHALL FORM AN EFFECTIVE BARRIER BETWEEN FLOORS, BETWEEN A TOP STORY AND A ROOF OR ATTIC SPACE. INTERNATIONAL BUILDING CODE 2015 EDITION, SECTION 718)

NOTE: AIR CONDITIONING, HEATING, VENTILATION DUCTWORK, AND RELATED EQUIPMENT SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH NFPA 90A, STANDARD FOR THE INSTALLATION OF AIR-CONDITIONING AND VENTILATING SYSTEMS, OR NFPA 90B. STANDARD FOR THE INSTALLATION OF WARM AIR HEATING AND AIR-CONDITIONING SYSTEMS, AS APPLICABLE, UNLESS SUCH INSTALLATIONS ARE APPROVED EXISTING INSTALLATIONS, WHICH SHALL BE PERMITTED TO BE CONTINUED IN SERVICE. (NFPA 101, 2015 EDITION, SECTION 9.2)

NOTE: ONLY PIPING (INCLUDING SPRINKLER PIPING), CONDUIT AND MECHANICAL EQUIPMENT ASSOCIÀTED WITH THE ELEVATOR MACHINE ROOM MAY PENETRATE

ALL BUILDINGS CONTAINING "LIGHTWEIGHT TRUSS CONSTRUCTION" ASSEMBLIES SHALL BE PROVIDED WITH SIGNAGE PERMANENTLY AFFIXED AT A HEIGHT OF 4 FT ABOVE THE GROUND LOCATED AT THE LEFT SIDE OF THE MAIN ENTRANCE, OR AT THE LOCATION OF THE REMORE FIRE ALARM ANNUNCIATION PANEL. THE SIGN SHALL BE TRIANGULAR IN SHAPE AND MEASURING 12 INCHES HORIZONTALLY AND 6" VERTICALLY AND OF A CONTRASTING COLOR TO THE BACKGROUND CONTAINING THE LETTER R FOR TRUSS ROOF. (VT FIRE & BUILDING SAFETY CODE, 1:10.1.1.4)

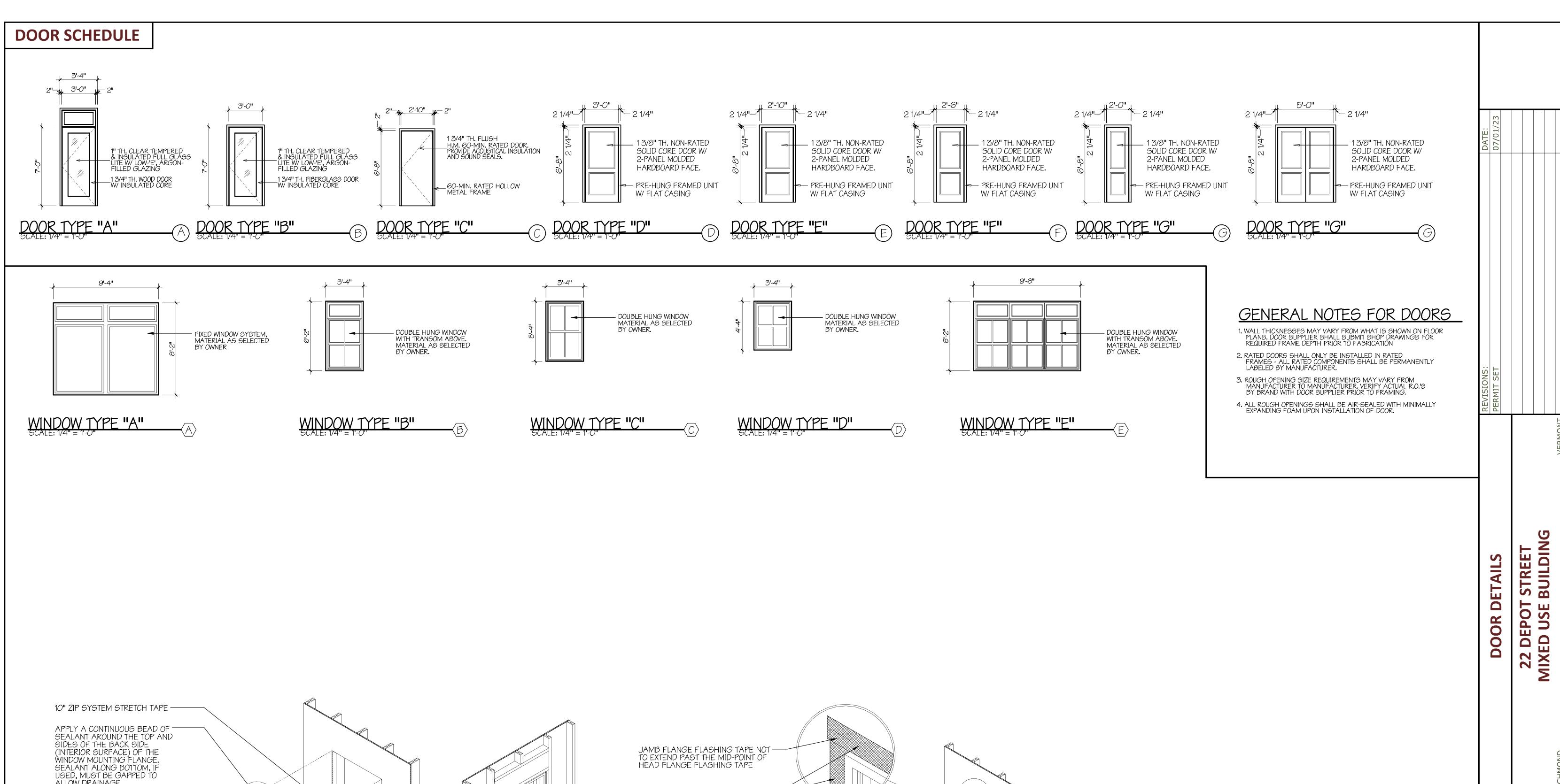
CLOTHES DRYERS SHALL BE EXHAUSTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE MANUFACTURERS INSTRUCTIONS. EXHAUST DUCTS SHALL NOT PENETRATE OR BE LOCATED WITHIN ANY FIRE BLOCKING, DRAFT STOPPING, OR ANY OTHER FIRE RATED ASSEMBLY UNLESS SUCH DUCT IS CONSTRUCTED OF 26 GAUGE GALVANIZED ROUND STEEL. (INTERNATIONAL MECHANICAL CODE SECTION 504.1-504.6)

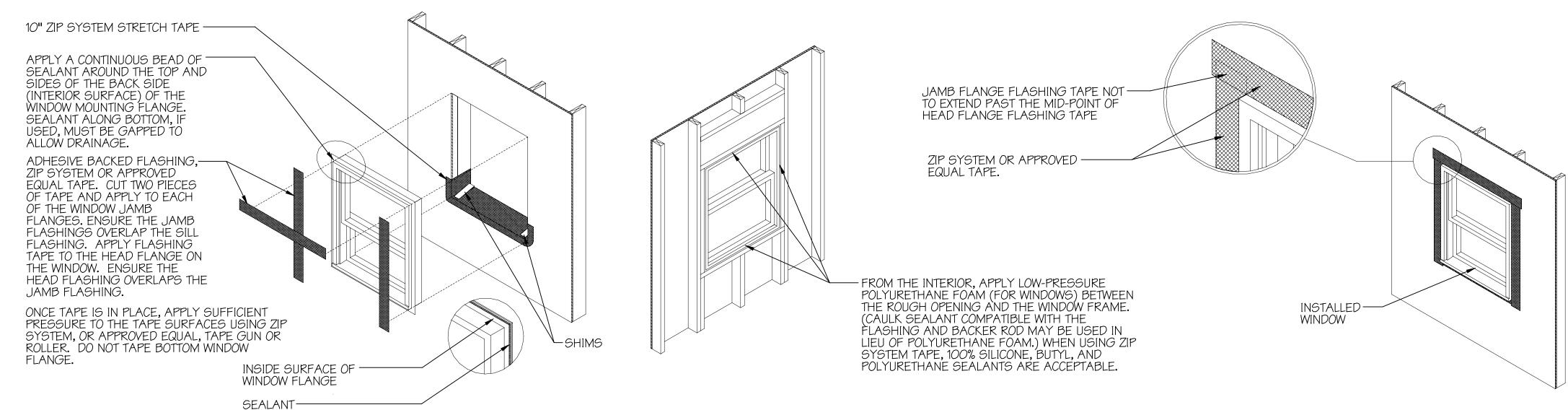
THE BUILDING SHALL HAVE ADDRESS NUMBERS PLACED IN A POSITION TO BE PLAINLY LEGIBLE AND VISIBLE FROM THE STREET OR ROAD FRONTING THE PROPERTY. THE NUMBERS SHALL CONTRAST WITH THEIR BACKGROUND. ADDRESS NUMBERS SHALL BE ARABIC NUMERALS OR ALPHABET LETTERS. (NFPA 1, 2015 EDITION, SECTION 10.11.1)

TRE CTIO SE S BUILDING



SHEET NUMBER





GENERAL NOTES

1. REFER TO WINDOW MANUFACTURER FOR WINDOW ATTACHMENT.

2. INSTALL SIDING AND FLASHING BELOW WINDOW PER MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATION.

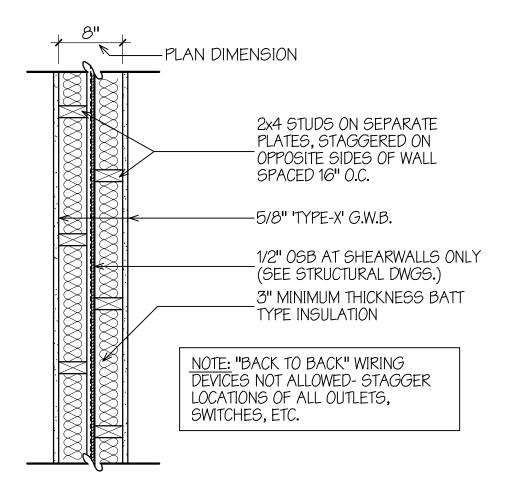
3. THESE SAME STEPS CAN BE USED FOR OTHER ACCESSORY OPENINGS, (I.E. DOORS, LOUVERS, ELECTRICAL AND MECHANICAL PENETRATIONS, ETC.)

WINDOW AND FLASHING INSTALLATION
SCALE: NOT TO SCALE



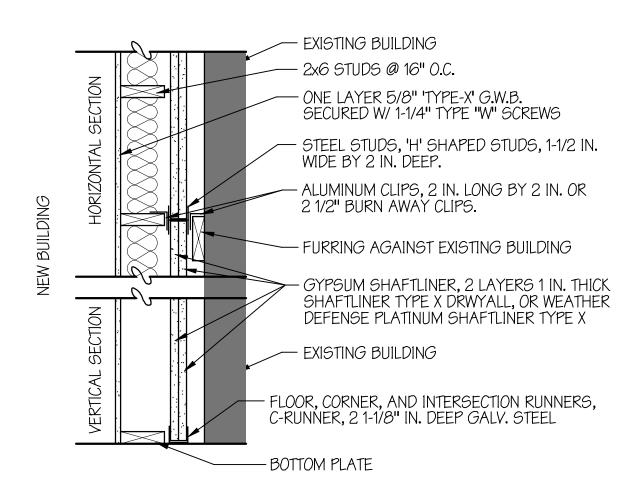
INTERIOR WALL ASSEMBLY ONE

SCALE: 1" = 1'-0" FIRE RATING: ONE HOUR U.L. DESIGN # U311



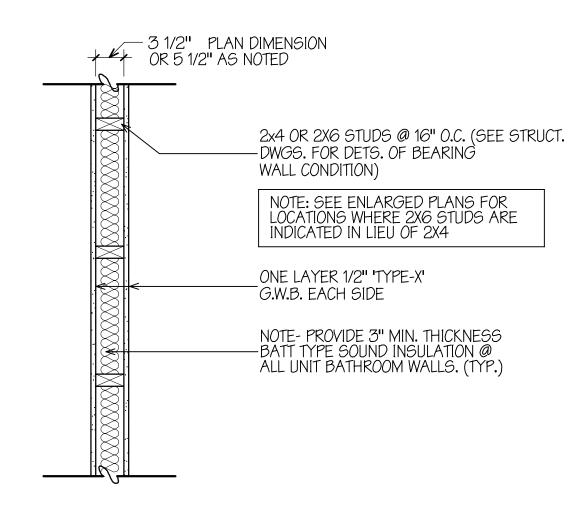
INTERIOR WALL ASSEMBLY TWO

SCALE: 1" = 1'-0"
FIRE RATING: ONE HOUR, BEARING WALL
U.L. DESIGN # U341



FIRE WALL - ASSEMBLY THREE

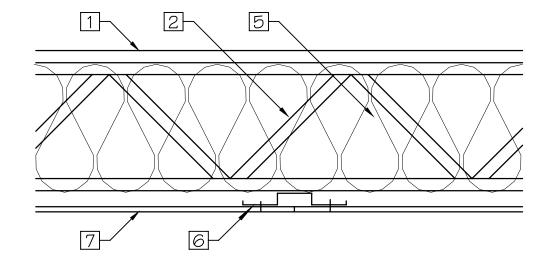
SCALE: 1" = 1'-0"
FIRE RATING: TWO HOURS
INTERTECH DESIGN NO. CD/WA 120-03
NOTE: APPROVED EQUAL FIRE WALL DESIGN WILL BE CONSIDERED



INTERIOR WALL ASSEMBLY FOUR

SCALE: 1" = 1'-0"
USE FOR ALL NON RATED, MISCELLANEOUS PARTITIONS
FIRE RATING: NONE
NOTE: WALLS WITHOUT FLAGS ON FLOOR PLANS ARE 'TYPE 4'

U.L. DESIGN NO. P556 UNRESTRAINED ASSEMBLY RATING - 1 HR



1. FLOORING SYSTEM - 11/8 IN. THICH 'ADVANTEC' SHEATHING INSTALLED PER STRUCTRAL DRAWINGS.

2. TRUSSES - MINIMUM 12 IN. DEEP, PARALLEL CHORD TRUSSES, SPACED A MAX OF 24 IN. O.C., FABRICATED FROM 2 BY 4 LUMBER, WITH LUMBER ORIENTED VERTICALLY OR HORIZONTALLY.

3. AIR DUCT (NOT SHOWN) - ANY UL CLASS OR OR CLASS 1 AIR DUCT.

4. CEILING DAMPER (NOT SHOWN) - SEE U.L. DESIGN #L563 FOR CEILING DAMPER ASSEMBLIES.

5. BATTS AND BLANKETS - GLASS FIBER OR MINERAL WOOL INSULATION BEARING THE UL CLASSIFICATION MARKING AS TO SURFACE BURNING CHARACTERISTICS AND/OR FIRE RESISTANCE. FLOOR CAVITY MUST BE FILLED COMPLETELY.

6. RESILIENT CHANNELS - FORMED FROM MIN 25 MSG GALV STEEL INSTALLED PERPENDICULAR TO THE TRUSSES, SPACED 12 IN. O.C.

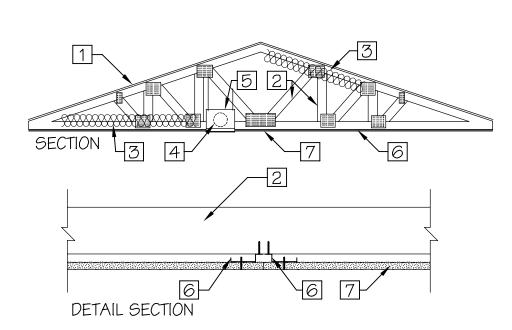
7. GYPSUM BOARD - NOM 5/8 IN. THICK TYPE 'C', 48 IN. WIDE GYPSUM PANELS, INSTALLED PERPENDICULAR TO RESILIENT CHANNELS.

8. FINISHING SYSTEM (NOT SHOWN) - VINYL, DRY OR PERMIXED JOINT COMPOUND, APPLIED IN TWO COATS TO JOINTS AND SCREW HEADS, WITH 2 IN. WIDE PAPER TAPE EMBEDDED IN FRIST LAYER OF COMPOUND OVER JOINTS.

NOTE: PROVIDE LEVEL 4 FINISH AT ALL EXPOSED AREAS. PROVIDE A MIN. LEVEL 2 FINISH IN CONCEALED AREAS.

9. GRILLE (NOT SHOWN) - ALUMINUM OR STEEL GRILLE, INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS PROVIDED WITH THE CEILING DAMPER.

U.L. DESIGN NO. P544 UNRESTRAINED ASSEMBLY RATING - 1 HR



1. ROOFING SYSTEM - MEMBRANE ROOFING SYSTEM OVER 5/8" THICK 'ADVANTEC' SHEATHING (SEE STRUCTURAL DRAWINGS)

2. TRUSSES - PITCHED OR PARALLEL CHORD TRUSSES, SPACED A MAXIMUM OF 24 IN. O.C., FABRICATED FROM NOM 2 BY 4 LUMBER.

3. BATTS AND BLANKETS - GLASS FIBER INSULATION, FITTED IN THE CONCEALED SPACE, DRAPED OVER THE RESILIENT CHANNEL / GYPSUM BOARD CEILING MEMBRANE. FILL CAVITY COMPLETELY.

4. AIR DUCT - ANY UL CLASS O OR CLASS 1 FLEXIBLE AIR DUCT.

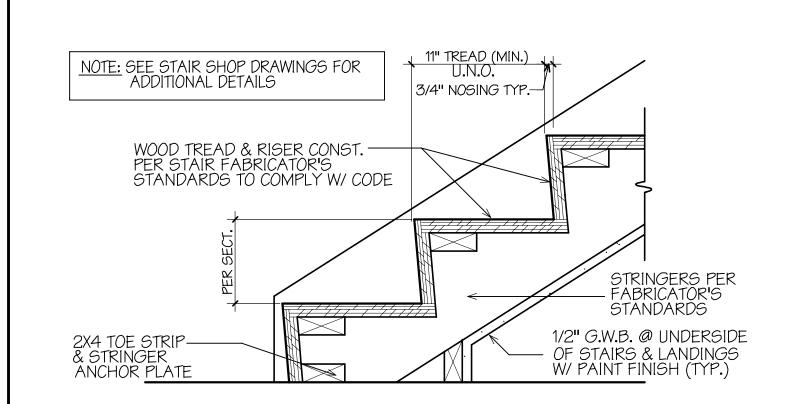
5. CEILING DAMPER - SEE UL DESIGN #P544 FOR CEILING DAMPER ASSEMBLIES.

6. RESILIENT CHANNELS - RESILIENT CHANNELS FORMED OF 25 MSG THICK GALV STEEL, SPACED 12 IN. O.C. AND INSTALLED PERPENDICULAR TO TRUSSES.

7. GYPSUM BOARD - NOM 5/8" THICK, TYPE 'C', INSTALLED WITH LONG DIMENSION PERPENDICULAR TO RESILIENT CHANNELS.

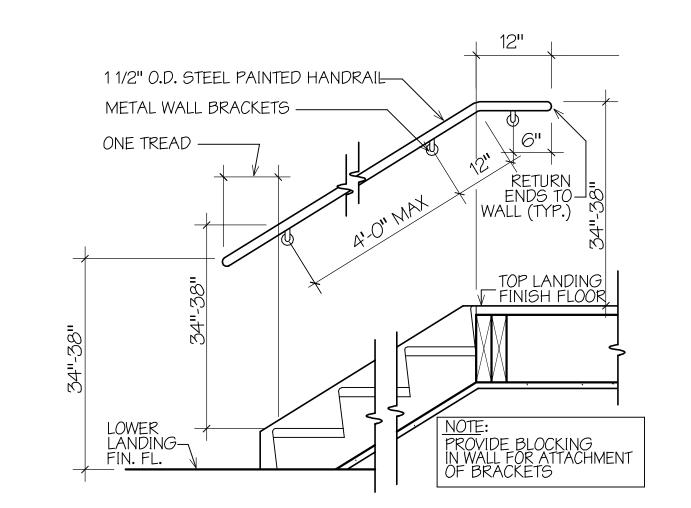
8. FINISHING SYSTEM - VINYL, DRY OR PREMIXED JOINT COMPOUNT, APPLIED IN TWO COATS TO JOINTS AND SCREW HEADS, WITH 2" WIDE PAPER TAPE IMBEDDED IN FIRST LAYER.

NOTE: PROVIDE LEVEL 4 FINISH AT ALL EXPOSED AREAS, PROVIDE MIN. LEVEL 2 FINISH AT CONCEALED AREAS.



TYPICAL LOWER LANDING DETAIL





TYPICAL STAIR & HANDRAIL DETAIL (A

NOTE: STAIRS AND RAMPS SHALL HAVE HANDRAILS ON BOTH SIDES, EXCEPT EXISTING STAIRS, EXISTING RAMPS, STAIRS WITHIN DWELLING UNITS AND WITHIN GUEST ROOMS, AND RAMPS WITHIN DWELLING UNITS AND GUEST ROOMS WHICH SHALL BE PERMITTED TO HAVE A HANDRAIL ON ONE SIDE ONLY.

REQUIRED GUARDS AND HANDRAILS SHALL CONTINUE FOR THE FULL LENGTH OF EACH FLIGHT OF STAIRS. AT TURNS OF NEW STAIRS, INSIDE HANDRAILS SHALL BE CONTINUOUS BETWEEN FLIGHTS AT LANDINGS.

NEW HANDRAILS ON STAIRS SHALL BE NOT LESS THAN 34 INCHES, AND NOT MORE 38 INCHES, ABOVE THE SURFACE OF THE TREAD, MEASURED VERTICALLY TO THE TOP OF THE RAIL FROM THE LEADING EDGE OF THE TREAD.

NEW HANDRAILS SHALL BE INSTALLED TO PROVIDE A CLEARANCE OF NOT LESS THAN 2 1/4 INCHES BETWEEN THE HANDRAIL AND THE WALL TO WHICH IT IS FASTENED.

HANDRAILS SHALL INCLUDE ONE OF THE FOLLOWING FEATURES:

1. CROSS SECTION WITH AN OUTSIDE DIAMETER OF NOT LESS THAN 1 1/4 INCHES AND NOT MORE THAN 2 INCHES.

2. SHAPE THAT IS OTHER THAN CIRCULAR WITH A PERIMETER DIMENSION OF NOT LESS THAN 4 INCHES, BUT NOT MORE THAN 6 1/4 INCHES, AND WITH THE LARGEST CROSS-SECTIONAL DIMENSION NOT MORE THAN 2 1/4 INCHES, PROVIDED THAT GRASPABLE EDGES ARE ROUNDED SO AS TO PROVIDE A RADIUS OF NOT LESS THAN 1/8 INCHES.

NEW HANDRAILS SHALL BE CONTINUOUSLY GRASPABLE ALONG THEIR ENTIRE LENGTH.

NEW HANDRAIL ENDS SHALL BE RETURNED TO THE WALL OR FLOOR OR SHALL

TERMINATE AT NEWEL POSTS.

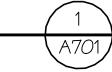
IN OTHER THAN DWELLING UNITS, NEW HANDRAILS THAT ARE NOT CONTINUOUS
BETWEEN FLIGHTS SHALL EXTEND HORIZONTALLY, AT THE REQUIRED HEIGHT, NOT LESS
THAN 12 INCHES BEYOND THE TOP RISER AND CONTINUE TO SLOPE FOR A DEPTH OF
ONE TREAD BEYOND THE BOTTOM RISER.

WITHIN DWELLING UNITS, HANDRAILS SHALL EXTEND, AT THE REQUIRED HEIGHT, TO AT LEAST THOSE POINTS THAT ARE DIRECTLY ABOVE THE TOP AND BOTTOM RISERS.

NFPA 101. 2015 EDITION, SECTION 7.2.2.4.1

FLOOR/CEILING ASSEMBLY ONE

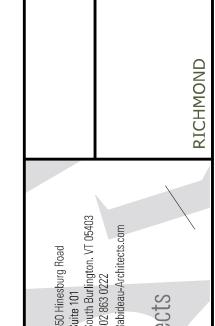
SCALE: N.T.S.



ROOF/CEILING ASSEMBLY ONE

SCALE: N.T.S.

NOTE: REFER TO LISTED RATED ASSEMBLY FOR FULL REQUIREMENTS, DETAILED LISTED ASSEMBLIES PROVIDE ADDITIONAL INFORMATION OUTLINING ALLOWABLE PRODUCTS AND SPECIFIC INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS.



AND

TREE

S B

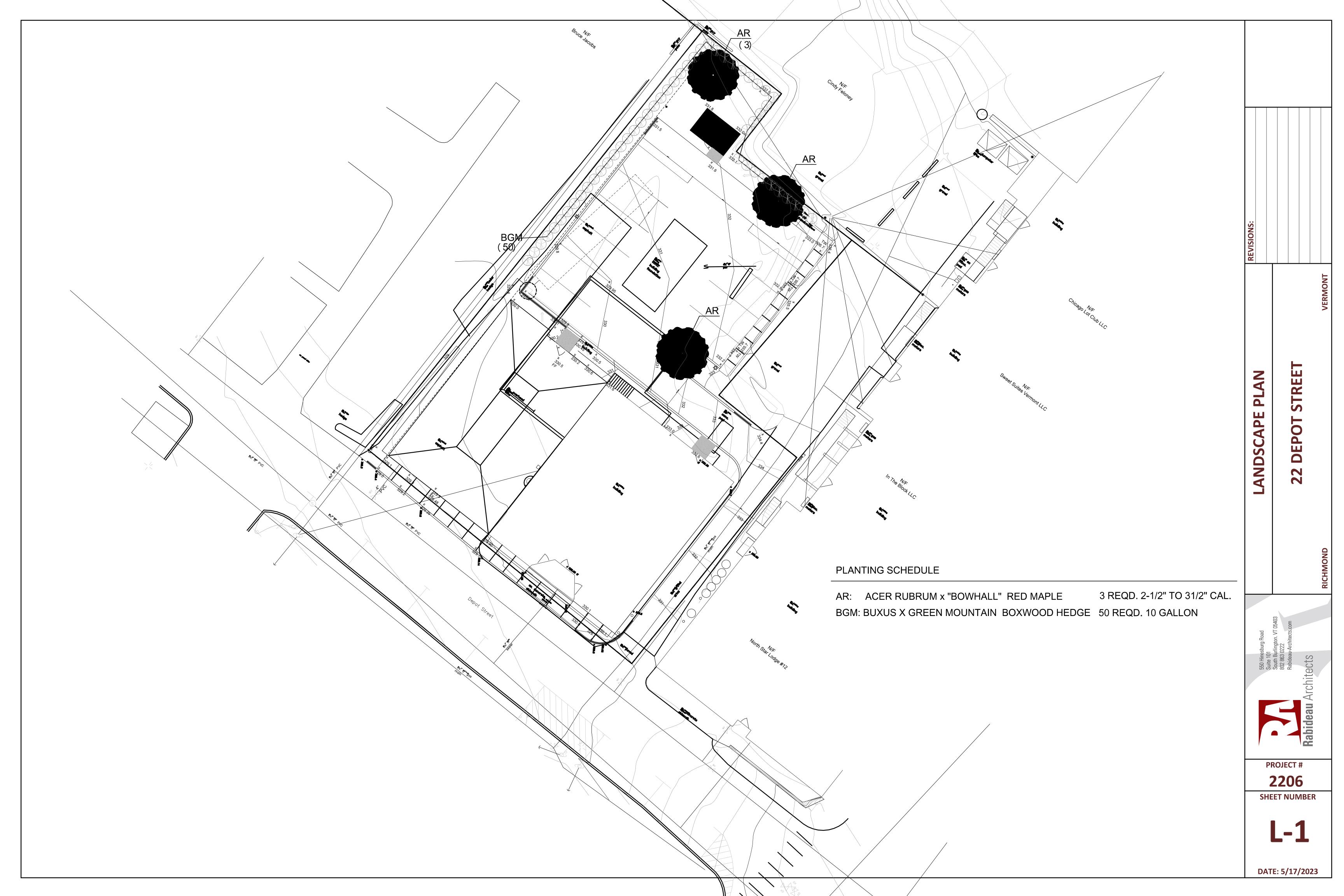
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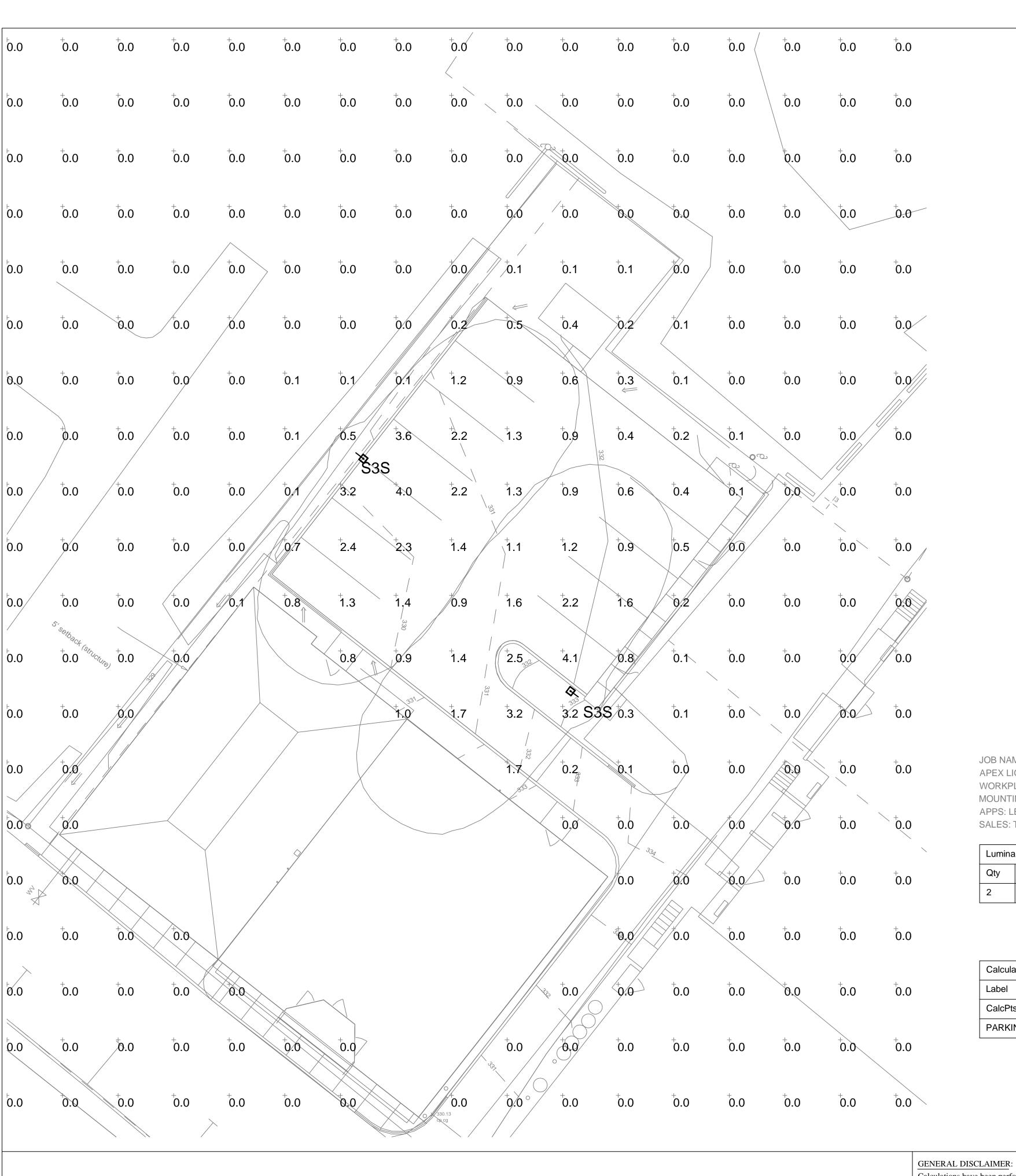
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Rabidea

SHEET NUMBER

A701





JOB NAME: 22 DEPOT STREET - RICHMOND, VT APEX LIGHTING SOLUTIONS WORKPLANE/CALC PLANE: AT FINISH GRADE MOUNTING HEIGHT: 12FT APPS: LED SALES: TC

Luminaire Schedule								
Qty	Label	Arrangement	Lumens	Input Watts	LLF	BUG Rating	Description	
2	S3S	Single	4292	40	0.900	B1-U0-G2	GARDCO ECF-S-32L-365-WW-G2-AR-3-UNV-FINISH-HIS / MOUNTED TO TRA-CB-12-x-D1-NA	

Calculation Summary						
Label	Grid Height	Avg	Max	Min	Avg/Min	Max/Min
CalcPts_1	0	0.11	4.1	0.0	N.A.	N.A.
PARKING LOT		1.53	4.1	0.4	3.83	10.25

Calculations have been performed according to IES standards and good practice Some differences between measured values and calculated results may occur due to tolerances in calculation methods, testing procedures, component performance, measurement techniques and field conditions such as voltage and temperature variations. Input data used to generate the attached calculations such as room dimensions, reflectances, furniture and architectural elements significantly affect the lighting calculations. If the real environment conditions do not match the input data, differences will occur between measured values and calculated values.

* LLF Determined Using Current Published Lamp Data

NOTE TO REVIEWER:

Total Light Loss Factor (LLF) applied at time of design is determined by applying the Lamp Lumen Depreciation (LLD) from current lamp manufacturer's catalog, a Luminaire Dirt Depreciation Factor (LDD) based on IES recommended values and a Ballast Factor (BF) from current ballast specification sheets. Application of an incorrect Light Loss Factor (LLF) will result in forecasts of performance that will not accurately depict actual results.

For proper comparison of photometric layouts, it is essential that you insist all designers use correct Light Loss Factors.



20-30 BEAVER ROAD, WETHERSFIELD, CT 06109
TELEPHONE 860.632.8766 / WWW.APEXLTG.COM

DRAWING TITLE:

SITE LIGHTING
PHOTOMETRIC CALCULATION

PROJECT TITLE:

SHEET:

SL-2

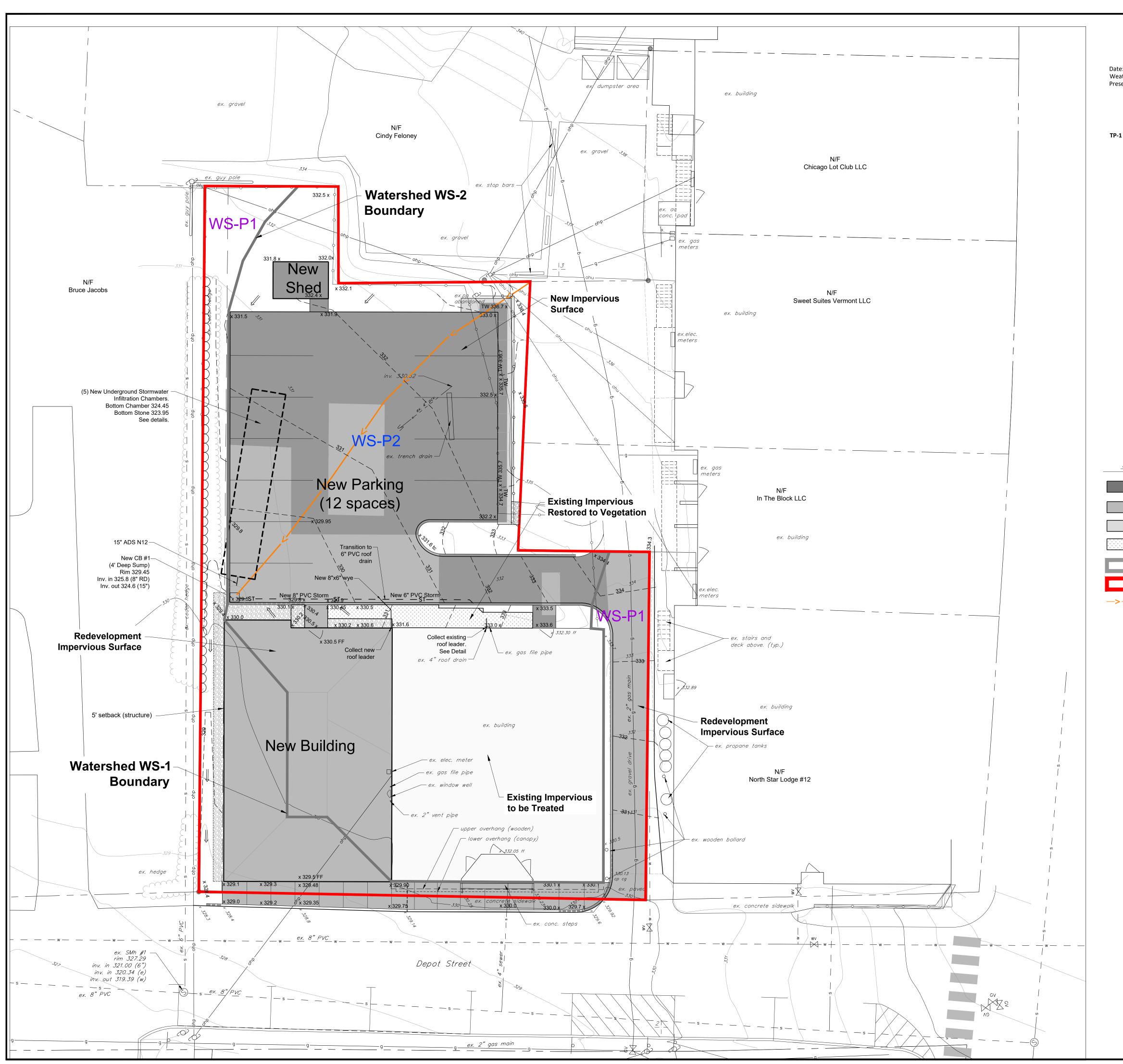
SCALE: 1"=10'-0"

DATE: 4/17/23

FILE NAME: 2023-04-17 SL-2 22 DEPOT STREET - RICHMOND, VT-LED.dwg

22 DEPOT STREET

RICHMOND, VT



Soil Test Pit Log 22 Depot Street 22 Depot St, Richmond Vermont

Date: March 16, 2023 Weather: 38° F, clouds

Present: Cameron Goodrich, Krebs & Lansing Consulting Engineers, Inc.

NLTD = no ledge to depth NWTD = no water to depth HSWT = high seasonal water table

TP-1 0" - 12" 10YR 3/3 Dark Brown, gravely loamy sand, 25% gravels, loose single grain, structureless, some decaying cobbles, roots, worms

12" - 28" 10YR 5/6 Yellowish Brown, fine loamy sand, single grain, loose, structureless, few roots, few decaying cobbles

prominent redox band at @48" interface

28" - 43" 2.5Y 5/4 Light Olive Brown, fine loamy sand, single grain, loose, few roots 43" - 48" 2.5YR 5/3 Light Olive Brown, fine sand, structureless, single grain, loose,

48" - 64" 2.5YR 5/3 Light Olive Brown, fine sand, structureless, single grain, loose, evidence of redox throughout layer, pockets of damp fine loamy sand 64" - 97" 2.5Y 4/4 Olive Brown, very coarse sandy, single grain, loose, structureless,

salt and pepper sand, clean. No evidence of redox to depth suggests a perched water table above NLTD, NWTD

HSWT Not Observed

INFILTRATION TESTING

Project Name: 22 Depot Street
Testing By: CPG
Date: 3/16/2023
Depth of Test: 36 inches

Infiltration Testing using Borehole Infiltration Test per 2017 VSWMM Section 4.3.2.5

* Alternative pre-soaking procedure per "Oregon State publication" was used

** The lowest rate of the 4 infiltration tests performed at each Test Site

*** Using Factor of Safety of 2, Design Rate = Lowest Rate/2

Test # Lowest Rate** (in/hr) Design Rate*** (in/hr)

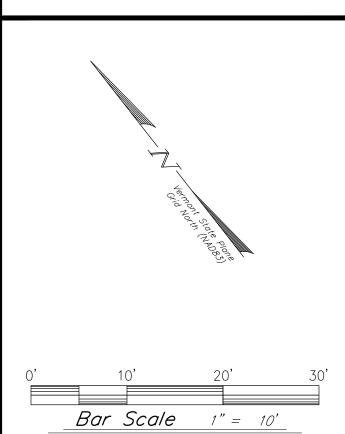
IT-1 20 10

Impervious Area Legend





STAMP:



Project:

22 Depot Street Mixed Use Addition

Richmond, Vermont

 Project No.
 22280

 Scale
 1" = 10"

 Drawn by
 CPG

 Checked by
 04/27/2023

Revisions

No. Date Description

Drawing Title

Post Development Watershed Plan

Drawing No.

WS-POST

